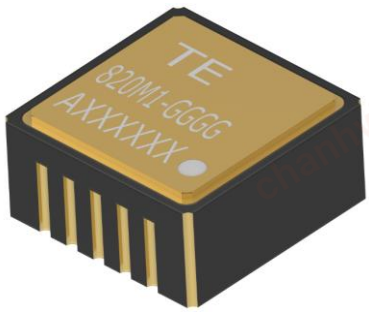
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820M1 SINGLE AXIS CONDITION MONITORING ACCELEROMETER

- **Single Axis Piezoelectric Accelerometer**
- **±25g to ±6000g Dynamic Ranges**
- **Wide Bandwidth to 10,000Hz**
- **Superior Resolution to MEMS Devices**
- **Circuit Board Mountable, Reflow Solderable**
- **Low Cost, Superior Value**

RoHS

FEATURES

- Amplified ±1.25V Signal Output
- 3.0 to 5.5Vdc Excitation Voltage
- Hermetically Sealed LCC Package
- Piezo-Ceramic Crystal, Shear Mode
- -40° to +125°C Operating Range
- Small PCB footprint

APPLICATIONS

- Machine Health Monitoring
- Predictive Maintenance Installations
- Embedded Vibration Monitoring
- Impact & Shock Monitoring
- Data Loggers
- Bearing Installations
- Security monitoring

The Model 820M1 is a low cost, single axis board mountable accelerometer designed for embedded condition monitoring and preventive maintenance applications. The piezo-electric accelerometer is available in ranges from ±25g to ±6000g and features a flat frequency response up to >10kHz. The model 820M1 accelerometer features a stable piezo-ceramic crystal in shear mode with low power electronics, sealed in a fully hermetic LCC package.

The PE technology incorporated in the 820M1 accelerometer has a proven track record for offering the reliable and long-term stable output required for condition monitoring applications. The accelerometer is designed and qualified for machine health monitoring and has superior resolution, dynamic range and bandwidth compared to MEMS devices.

For three axis measurements, TE Connectivity also offers other accelerometer models with the same outstanding performance specifications.

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820M1 SINGLE AXIS ACCELEROMETER

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes/Conditions
Supply voltage(2)	V_{dd}	1.5	3.3	5.5	V	
Storage temperature	T_S	-40		125	°C	
Shock limit (any axis)	g_{max}			10,000	g	
ESD		-2		+2	kV	Human body model

(1) Maximum limits the device will withstand without damage

(2) With 1.5V-2.5V excitation, full-scale range will be limited. So 2.8V min recommended.

OPERATING RANGES & NOISE - ACCELEROMETER

(Unless otherwise specified, all parameters are measured at 24°C @ 3.3V applied)

Measurement Range (g)	Sensitivity mV/g (±30%)	Non-Linearity (%FSO)	Residual Noise(1) (mg RMS)	Spectral Noise (mg/√Hz)			
				10Hz	100Hz	1kHz	10kHz
±25	50.0	±2	2.9	0.15	0.07	0.03	0.02
±50	25.0	±2	5.9	0.29	0.13	0.05	0.05
±100	12.5	±2	11.7	0.58	0.27	0.09	0.09
±200	5.00	±2	23.2	1.16	0.53	0.18	0.18
±500	2.50	±2	58.8	2.92	1.34	0.52	0.45
±6000	0.21	±2	705	35.0	16.1	6.24	5.40

(1) 2Hz to 10 kHz

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

(Unless otherwise specified, all parameters are measured at 24°C @ 3.3V applied)

Parameters	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes/Conditions
Excitation voltage	V_{dd}	3.3		5.5	Vdc	
Zero g output voltage			$V_{dd}/2$			50% of applied voltage
Average supply current	I_{avg}		62		µA	
Output impedance	R_{out}			100	Ω	
Warm-up time				1	Sec	

OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS - ACCELEROMETER

(Unless otherwise specified, all parameters are measured at 24°C @ 3.3V applied)

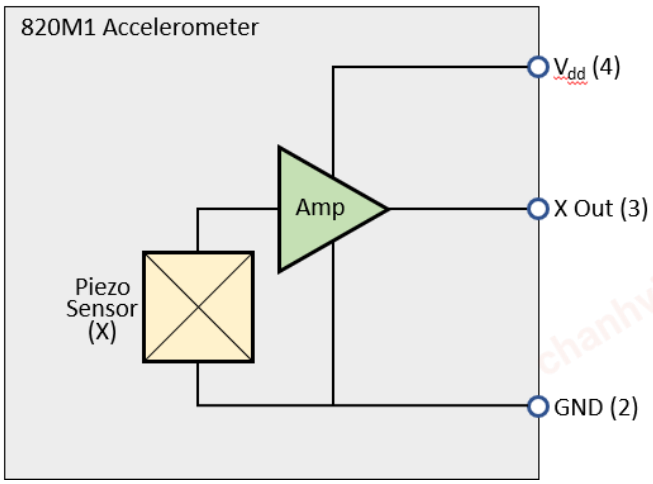
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes/Conditions
Full scale output			±1.25		V	
0.0g output voltage (bias V)			$V_{dd}/2$			
Frequency response		6		10k	Hz	±1db
Frequency response		2		15k	Hz	±3db
Resonant frequency		30k			Hz	
Transverse sensitivity				8	%	
Temperature sensitivity				±8	%	-40 to 125°C Refer to typical curve
Calibration		CS-SENS-0100 NIST Traceable Amplitude Calibration at 80Hz All parts shipped with calibration data				

820M1 SINGLE AXIS ACCELEROMETER

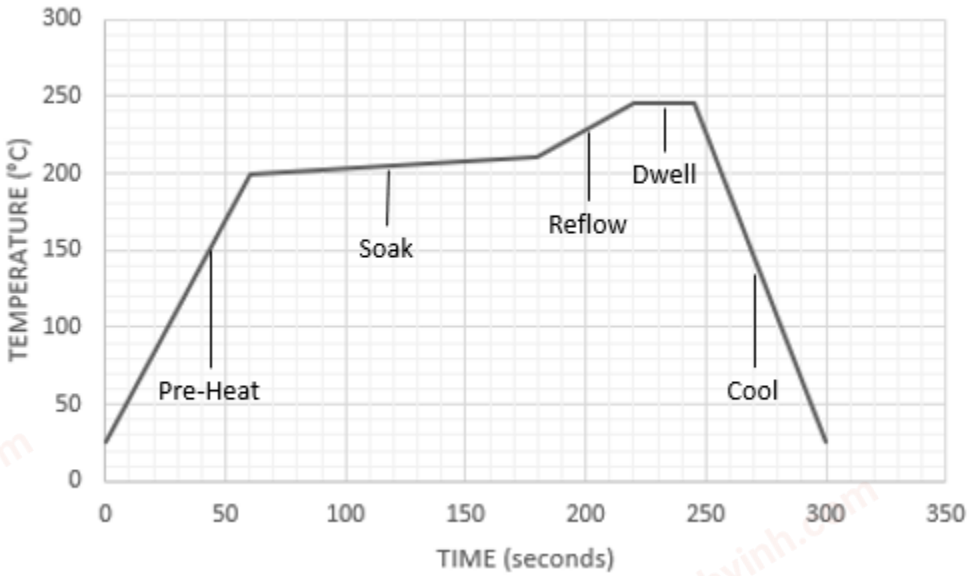
ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes/Conditions
Operating temperature		-40		125	°C	
Storage temperature		-40		125	°C	
Ambient humidity		0		100	%	
Ingress protection	IP	68				Hermetic Package
Media compatibility			External exposed surfaces: Alumina Gold Au/Sn Solder			
Weight			1.2		grams	

BLOCK DIAGRAM

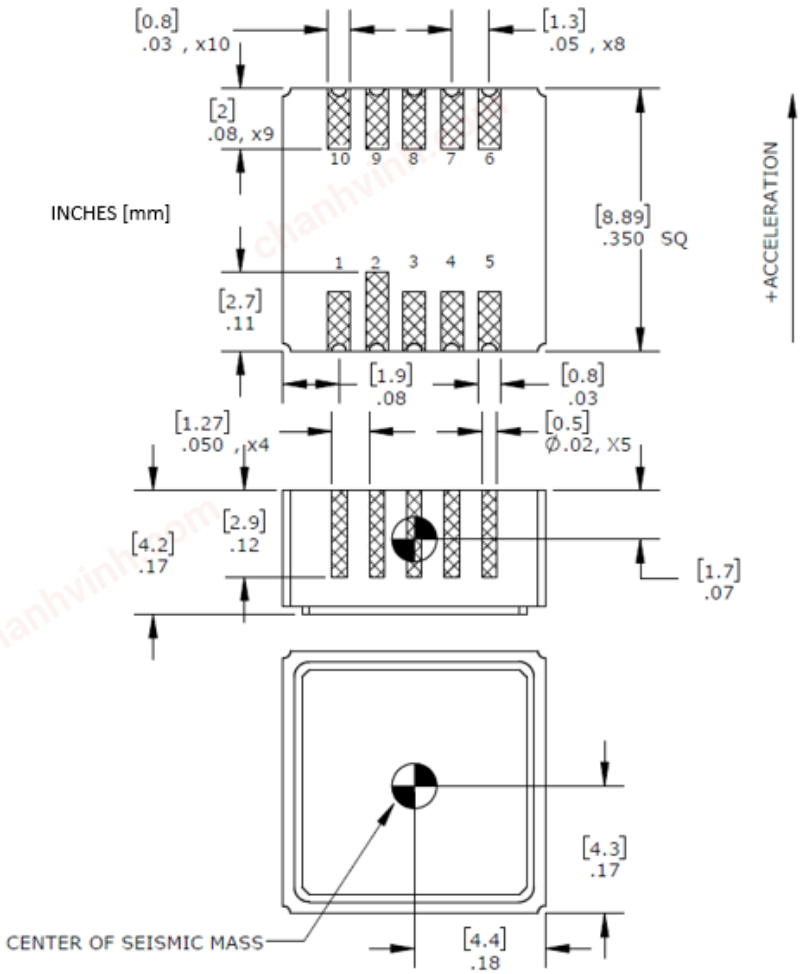


IR REFLOW TEMPERATURE PROFILE



820M1 SINGLE AXIS ACCELEROMETER

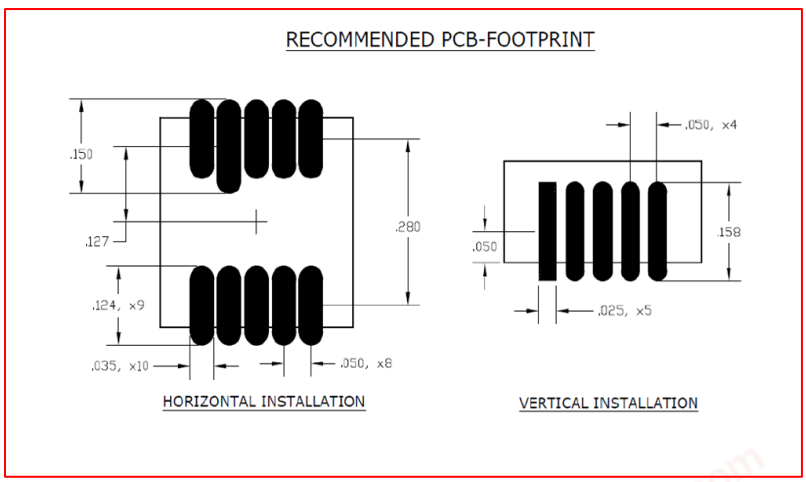
DIMENSIONS



CONNECTION TABLE

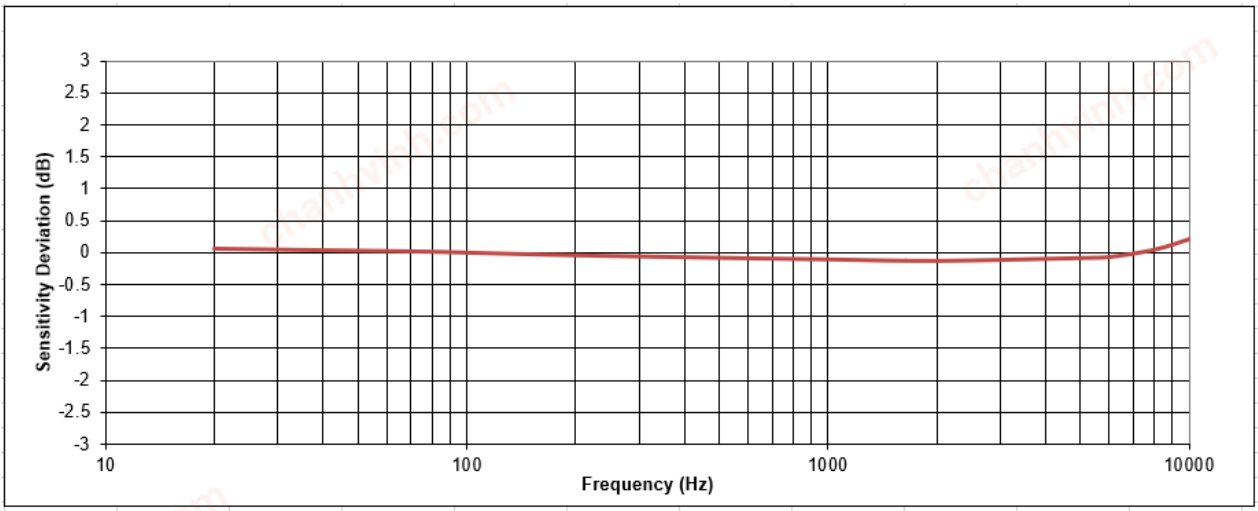
Pin Number	Definition
1	N/C
2	GND
3	X axis output
4	V_{dd}
5	N/C
6	N/C
7	N/C
8	N/C
9	N/C
10	N/C

N/C connections – do not connect to the circuit



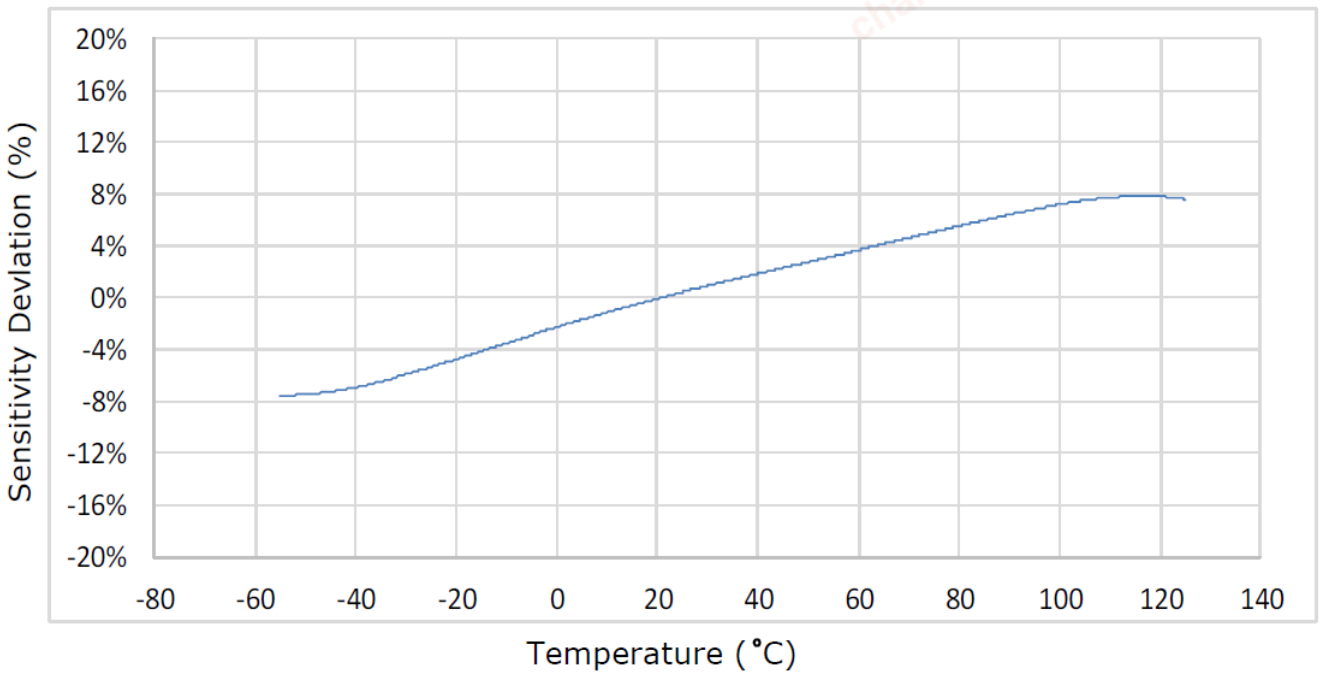
820M1 SINGLE AXIS ACCELEROMETER

TYPICAL ACCELEROMETER FREQUENCY RESPONSE CURVE



Graph 1

TYPICAL ACCELEROMETER SENSITIVITY SHIFT vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



MOUNTING CONSIDERATIONS

Accelerometers are used to measure vibration and motion of various pieces of equipment and their components. To obtain the most faithful reproduction of the movements, a solid mounting method is required. The model 820M1 is designed to surface mount on a PC board with the primary attachment being the connection solder pads. Although it is recommended that several of the contacts (pins 4-6 & 10-12) not be connected to any part of the electrical circuit, mating solder pads can be added to the PC board but then left unconnected. Soldering all contacts of the accelerometer will provide the most solid mounting and best measurement results.

Rigid support for the accelerometer PC board will also help to improve the quality of measurement signals. Ultimately, the accelerometer must move at the same frequencies and displacements as the object of interest. PC board mounting that's not rigid enough will introduce unwanted noise and resonant frequencies into the measurement signal.

Figure 1 shows an example of a poorly mounted accelerometer. With no support close to the sensor, the PC board will flex and vibrate at its own resonant frequency much like a trampoline. This will introduce unwanted resonant peaks into the frequency range of interest making accurate data collection difficult.

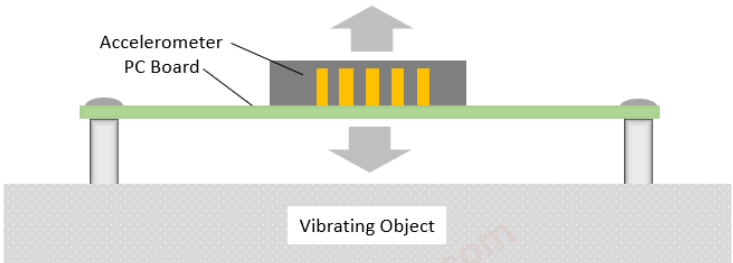


Figure 1

Figure 2 shows a better mounting design that provides support very close to the sensor and helps to eliminate unwanted vibrations and noise. If the PC board is mounted on standoffs, locate at least two standoffs as close to the accelerometer as possible. This will help stabilize the accelerometer mounting surface and help to ensure that faithful vibration and motion get transferred to the sensor.

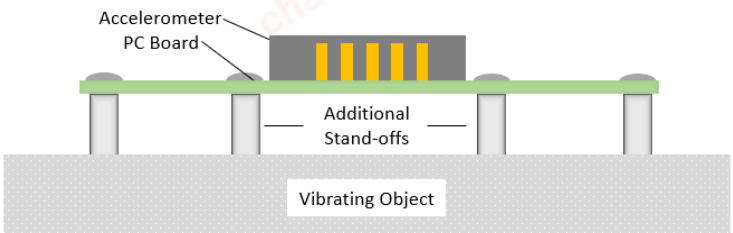


Figure 2

Figure 3 shows the addition a rigid mounting block directly between the accelerometer PC board and the vibrating object. This design provides good coupling. Use a rigid adhesive on both mating surfaces of the block for good mechanical coupling.

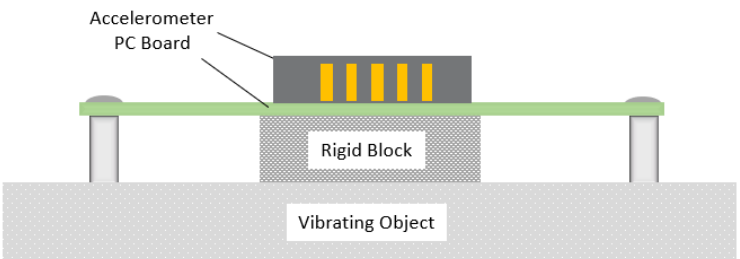


Figure 3

Figure 4 shows the PC board attached directly to the vibration source. Use a rigid adhesive to improve the transmission of high frequency vibrations and acoustic energy. Soft or elastic adhesives (pressure sensitive adhesive, RTVs, pliable glues, etc.) tend to dampen and absorb higher frequency excitations. Don't use them.

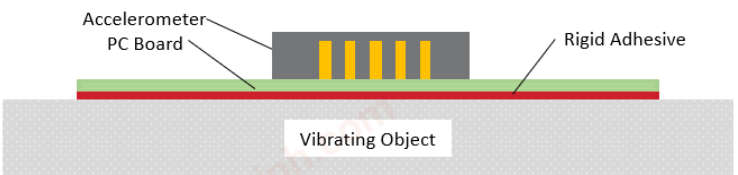


Figure 4

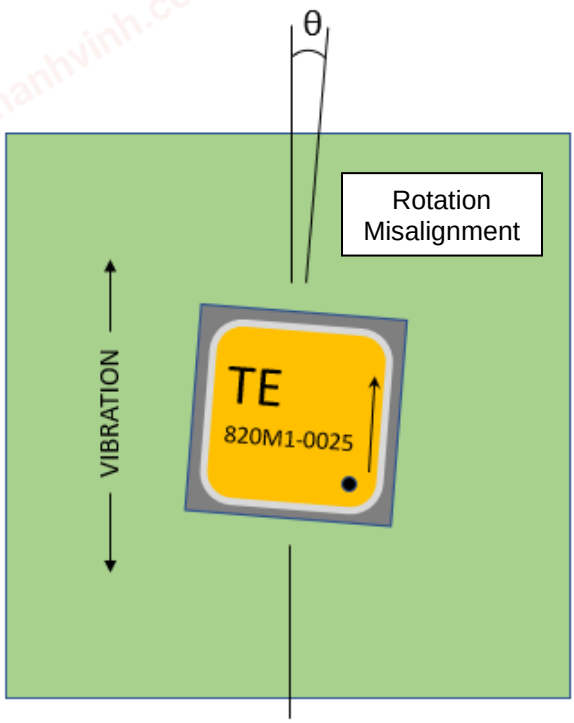
ORIENTATION CONSIDERATIONS

The 820M1 accelerometer is able to sense and measure motion and acceleration in a single axis only. It provides an analog voltage output that represents the acceleration magnitude. The accelerometer must be properly oriented during assembly into the application to ensure that its output will be accurate.

As shown in the detailed dimension drawing, the sensing axis is shown by an arrow on the sensor package. The sensing direction is parallel to the arrow and the closest edge of the accelerometer package. When the sensor is designed into an application, it must be oriented to align with the desired measurement direction of the customer product.

There are many places in an application where alignment errors can appear. The 820M1 is mounted on a PC board and must be carefully aligned to it. The PC board is part of a subsystem and must be carefully aligned there also. And finally, the subsystem is part of the overall product and must be aligned to that. Each of these mounting interfaces can be a source of mis-alignment errors and when summed can become significant.

For the 820M1 accelerometer, there are two types of alignment errors – rotational and tilt. Figures 5 & 6 show how these occur.



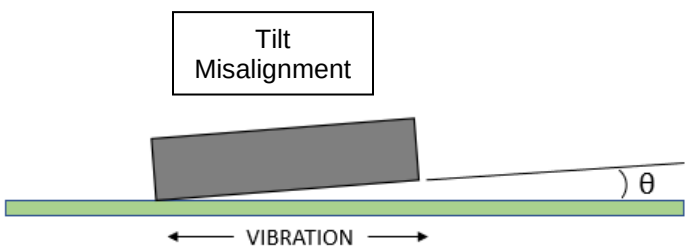


Figure 5

Figure 6

Both types of misalignment result in incorrect output voltages for vibration amplitude. The output error will be proportional to the cosine of the error angle θ.

In figure 5, if the acceleration or vibration is along the Y axis, a rotational misalignment error will decrease the Y axis signal by the cosine of the error angle.

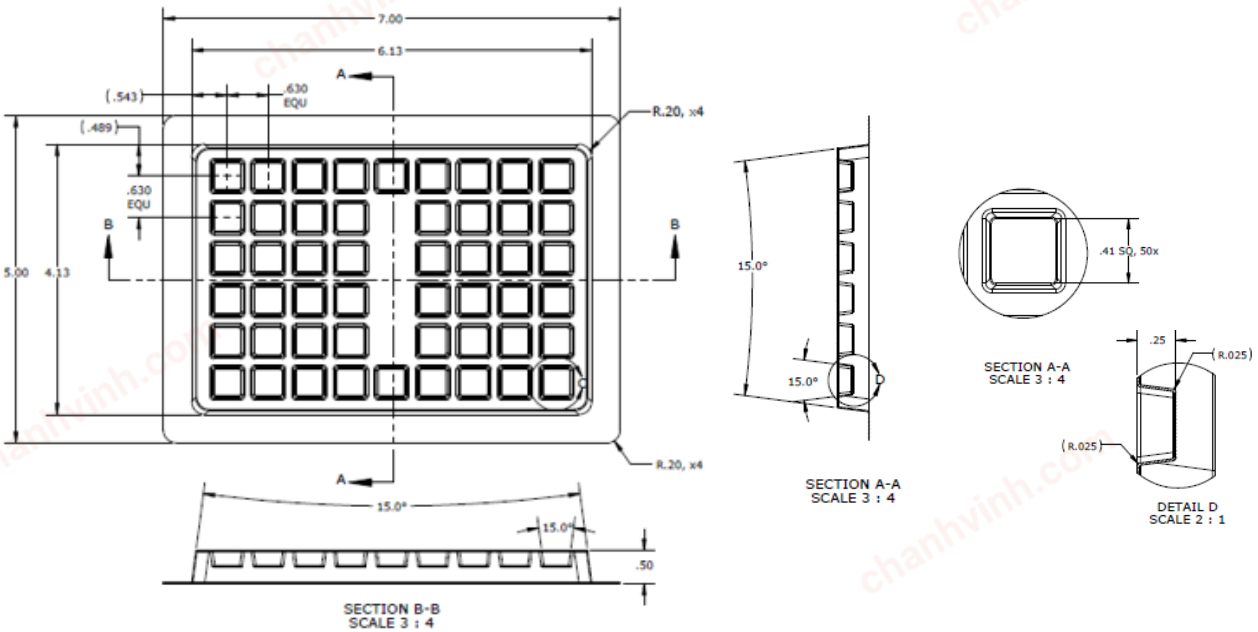
In figure 6, if acceleration is along the X axis, and the sensor is tilted, then the error will decrease the X axis signal by the cosine of the error angle.

820M1 SINGLE AXIS ACCELEROMETER

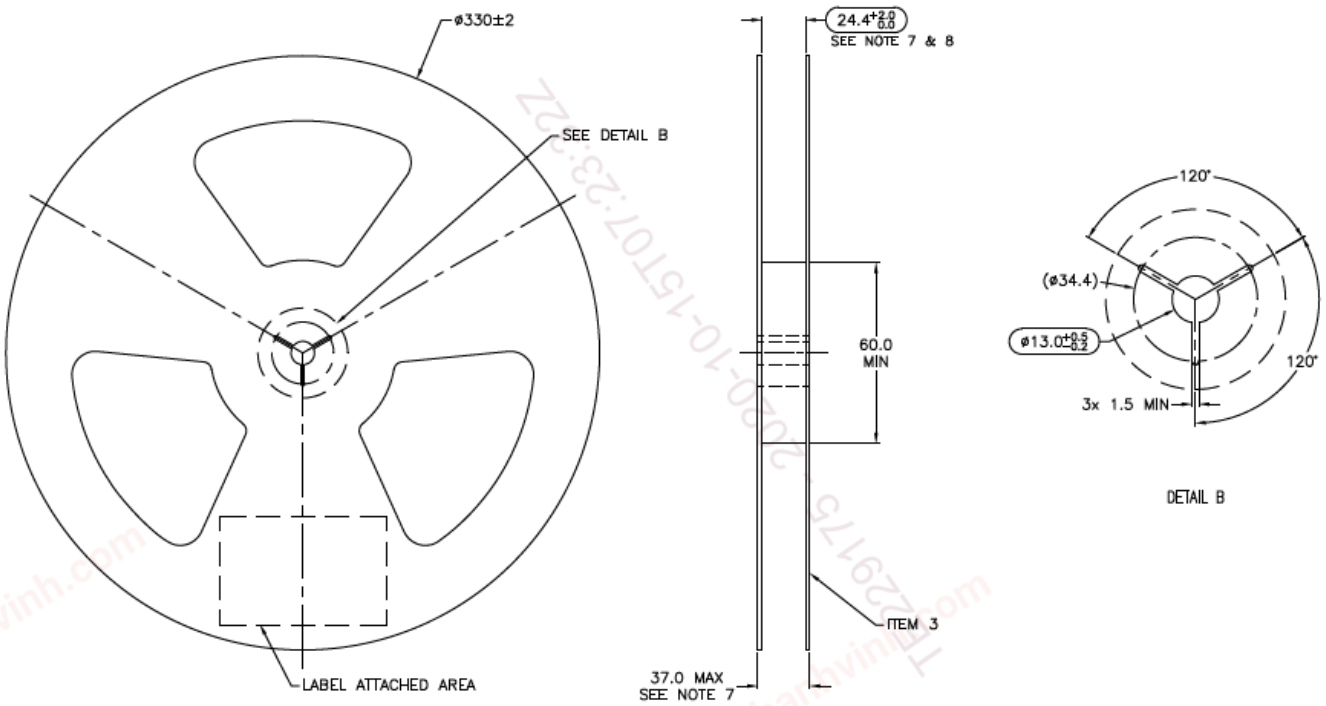
PACKAGING OPTIONS

The 820M1 comes in two packaging options, Tray and Tape & Reel. The Tray option contains 50 pieces. Only whole trays are shipped, so orders must be placed for integer multiples of 50. The Tape & Reel option contains 300 pieces. Only whole reels are shipped, so orders must be placed for integer multiples of 300. For smaller or uneven orders, please contact one of our Distribution partners as listed on our website.

Stackable Trays – 50 pieces per tray



Tape & Reel – 300 pieces per reel



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820M1 SINGLE AXIS ACCELEROMETER

ORDERING INFORMATION

820M1-xxxx

Suffix	G Range	Packaging Part Number	
		Tape & Reel (300 pcs)	Tray (50 pcs)
0025	25g	20005836-00	20005836-01
0050	50g	20005837-00	20005837-01
0100	100g	20005838-00	20005838-01
0200	200g	20007178-00	20007178-01
0500	500g	20007179-00	20007179-01
6000	6000g	20007180-00	20007180-01

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