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MCP6546/6R/6U/7/8/9

Open-Drain Output Sub-Microamp Comparators

Features

- Low Quiescent Current: 600 nA/Comparator (typical)
- Rail-to-Rail Input: V_{SS} - 0.3V to V_{DD} + 0.3V
- Open-Drain Output: $V_{OUT} \leq 10V$
- Propagation Delay: 4 µs (typical, 100 mV Overdrive)
- Wide Supply Voltage Range: 1.6V to 5.5V
- Single Available in SOT-23-5, SC-70-5* Packages
- Available in Single, Dual and Quad
- Chip Select ($\overline{CS}$) with MCP6548
- Low Switching Current
- Internal Hysteresis: 3.3 mV (typical)
- Temperature Ranges:
  - Industrial: -40°C to +85°C
  - Extended: -40°C to +125°C

Typical Applications

- Laptop Computers
- Mobile Phones
- Metering Systems
- Handheld Electronics
- RC Timers
- Alarm and Monitoring Circuits
- Windowed Comparators
- Multivibrators

Related Devices

- CMOS/TTL-Compatible Output: MCP6541/2/3/4

Description

The Microchip MCP6546/6R/6U/7/8/9 family of comparators, is offered in single (MCP6546, MCP6546R, MCP6546U), single with Chip Select ($\overline{CS}$) (MCP6548), dual (MCP6547) and quad (MCP6549) configurations. The outputs are open-drain and are capable of driving heavy DC or capacitive loads.

These comparators are optimized for low-power, single-supply application with greater than rail-to-rail input operation. The output limits supply current surges and dynamic power consumption while switching. The open-drain output of the MCP6546/6R/6U/7/8/9 family can be used as a level-shifter for up to 10V using a pull-up resistor. It can also be used as a wired-OR logic. The internal input hysteresis eliminates output switching due to internal noise voltage, reducing current draw. These comparators operate with a single-supply voltage as low as 1.6V and draw a quiescent current of less than 1 µA/comparator.

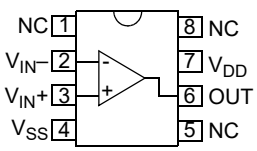
The related Microchip MCP6541/2/3/4 family of comparators has a push-pull output that supports rail-to-rail output swing and interfaces with CMOS/TTL logic.

Note that SC-70-5 E-Temp parts are not available at this release of the data sheet.

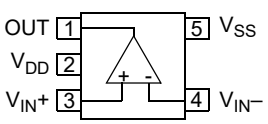
The MCP6546U SOT-23-5 is E-Temp only.

Package Types

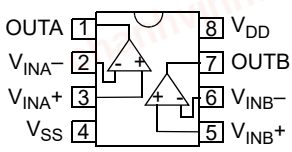
MCP6546
PDIP, SOIC, MSOP



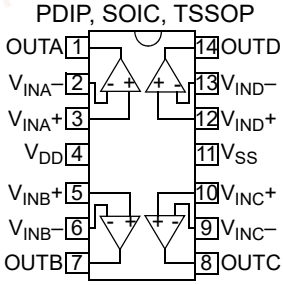
MCP6546R
SOT-23-5



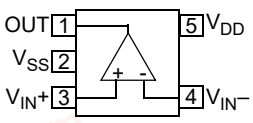
MCP6547
PDIP, SOIC, MSOP



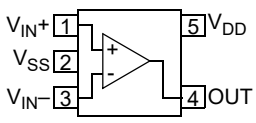
MCP6549
PDIP, SOIC, TSSOP



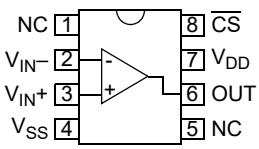
MCP6546
SC-70-5, SOT23-5



MCP6546U
SC-70-5, SOT-23-5



MCP6548
PDIP, SOIC, MSOP



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1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings †

V_{DD} - V_{SS} 7.0V
Open-Drain Output..... V_{SS} + 10.5V
Analog Input (V_{IN}+, V_{IN}-)†† ..... V_{SS} - 1.0V to V_{DD} + 1.0V
All Other Inputs and Outputs ..... V_{SS} - 0.3V to V_{DD} + 0.3V
Difference Input Voltage ..... $|V_{DD} - V_{SS}|$
Output Short-Circuit Current .....Continuous
Current at Input Pins .....±2 mA
Current at Output and Supply Pins .....±30 mA
Storage Temperature (T_S).....-65°C to +150°C
Maximum Junction Temperature (T_J).....+150°C
ESD Protection on all Pins:
(HBM;MM).....2 kV;200V (MCP6546U)
(HBM;MM)..... 4 kV; 200V (all other parts)

† Notice: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

†† See **Section 4.1.2 "Input Voltage and Current Limits"**.

DC CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Specifications: Unless otherwise indicated, V_{DD} = +1.6V to +5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, T_A = 25°C, V_{IN}+ = V_{DD}/2, V_{IN}– = V_{SS}, R_{PU} = 2.74 kΩ to V_{PU} = V_{DD} (Refer to Figure 1-3).

Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Power Supply						
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	1.6	—	5.5	V	$V_{PU} \geq V_{DD}$
Quiescent Current per Comparator	I_Q	0.3	0.6	1	µA	I_{OUT} = 0
Input						
Input Voltage Range	V_{CMR}	V_{SS}–0.3	—	V_{DD}+0.3	V	
Common-mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	55	70	—	dB	V_{DD} = 5V, V_{CM} = -0.3V to 5.3V
Common-mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	50	65	—	dB	V_{DD} = 5V, V_{CM} = 2.5V to 5.3V
Common-mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	55	70	—	dB	V_{DD} = 5V, V_{CM} = -0.3V to 2.5V
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	63	80	—	dB	V_{CM} = V_{SS}
Input Offset Voltage	V_{OS}	-7.0	±1.5	+7.0	mV	V_{CM} = V_{SS} **(Note 1)**
Drift with Temperature	$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T_A$	—	±3	—	µV/°C	T_A = -40°C to +125°C, V_{CM} = V_{SS}
Input Hysteresis Voltage	V_{HYST}	1.5	3.3	6.5	mV	V_{CM} = V_{SS} **(Note 1)**
Linear Temp. Co.	TC_1	—	6.7	—	µV/°C	T_A = -40°C to +125°C, V_{CM} = V_{SS} **(Note 2)**
Quadratic Temp. Co.	TC_2	—	-0.035	—	µV/°C^2	T_A = -40°C to +125°C, V_{CM} = V_{SS} **(Note 2)**
Input Bias Current	I_B	—	1	—	pA	V_{CM} = V_{SS}
At Temperature (I-Temp parts)	I_B	—	25	100	pA	T_A = +85°C, V_{CM} = V_{SS} **(Note 3)**
At Temperature (E-Temp parts)	I_B	—	1200	5000	pA	T_A = +125°C, V_{CM} = V_{SS} **(Note 3)**
Input Offset Current	I_{OS}	—	±1	—	pA	V_{CM} = V_{SS}

Note 1: The input offset voltage is the center of the input-referred trip points. The input hysteresis is the difference between the input-referred trip points.

2: V_{HYST} at differential temperatures is estimated using:
V_{HYST} (T_A) = V_{HYST} + (T_A -25°C) TC_1 + (T_A - 25°C)^2TC_2.

3: Input bias current at temperature is not tested for the SC-70-5 package.

4: Do not short the output above V_{SS} + 10V. Limit the output current to Absolute Maximum Rating of 30 mA. The minimum V_{PU} test limit was V_{DD} before Dec. 2004 (week code 52).

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DC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

Electrical Specifications: Unless otherwise indicated, V_{DD} = +1.6V to +5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, T_A = 25°C, $V_{IN}+ = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{IN}- = V_{SS}$, R_{PU} = 2.74 kΩ to $V_{PU} = V_{DD}$ (Refer to Figure 1-3).

Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Common-mode Input Impedance	Z_{CM}	—	10^{13}||4	—	Ω||pF	
Differential Input Impedance	Z_{DIFF}	—	10^{13}||2	—	Ω||pF	
Open-Drain Output						
Output Pull-Up Voltage	V_{PU}	1.6	—	10	V	(**Note 4**)
High-Level Output Current	I_{OH}	-100	—	—	nA	V_{DD} = 1.6V to 5.5V, V_{PU} = 10V (**Note 4**)
Low-Level Output Voltage	V_{OL}	V_{SS}	—	V_{SS}+0.2	V	I_{OUT} = 2 mA, $V_{PU} = V_{DD}$ = 5V
Short-Circuit Current	I_{SC}	—	±1.5	—	mA	$V_{PU} = V_{DD}$ = 1.6V (**Note 4**)
	I_{SC}	–	30	—	mA	$V_{PU} = V_{DD}$ = 5.5V (**Note 4**)
Output Pin Capacitance	C_{OUT}	—	8	—	pF	

Note 1: The input offset voltage is the center of the input-referred trip points. The input hysteresis is the difference between the input-referred trip points.

2: V_{HYST} at differential temperatures is estimated using:
$V_{HYST}(T_A) = V_{HYST} + (T_A - 25°C)\,TC_1 + (T_A - 25°C)^2 TC_2$.

3: Input bias current at temperature is not tested for the SC-70-5 package.

4: Do not short the output above V_{SS} + 10V. Limit the output current to Absolute Maximum Rating of 30 mA. The minimum V_{PU} test limit was V_{DD} before Dec. 2004 (week code 52).

AC CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Specifications: Unless otherwise indicated, V_{DD} = +1.6V to +5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, T_A = 25°C, $V_{IN}+ = V_{DD}/2$, Step = 200 mV, Overdrive = 100 mV, R_{PU} = 2.74 kΩ to $V_{PU} = V_{DD}$, and C_L = 36 pF (Refer to Figure 1-2 and Figure 1-3).

Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Fall Time	t_F	—	0.7	—	µs	(**Note 1**)
Propagation Delay (High-to-Low)	t_{PHL}	—	4.0	8.0	µs	
Propagation Delay (Low-to-High)	t_{PLH}	—	3.0	8.0	µs	(**Note 1**)
Propagation Delay Skew	t_{PDS}	—	-1.0	—	µs	(**Note 1** and **Note 2**)
Maximum Toggle Frequency	f_{MAX}	—	225	—	kHz	V_{DD} = 1.6V
	f_{MAX}	—	165	—	kHz	V_{DD} = 5.5V
Input Noise Voltage	E_{ni}	—	200	—	$µV_{P-P}$	10 Hz to 100 kHz

Note 1: t_R and t_{PLH} depend on the load (R_L and C_L); these specifications are valid for the indicated load only.

2: Propagation Delay Skew is defined as: $t_{PDS} = t_{PLH} - t_{PHL}$.

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MCP6548 CHIP SELECT ($\overline{CS}$) CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Specifications: Unless otherwise indicated, V_{DD} = +1.6V to +5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, T_A = 25°C, $V_{IN}+ = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{IN}- = V_{SS}$, R_{PU} = 2.74 kΩ to $V_{PU} = V_{DD}$, and C_L = 36 pF (Refer to Figure 1-1 and Figure 1-3).

Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
$\overline{CS}$ Low Specifications						
$\overline{CS}$ Logic Threshold, Low	V_{IL}	V_{SS}	—	0.2 V_{DD}	V	
$\overline{CS}$ Input Current, Low	I_{CSL}	—	5	—	pA	$\overline{CS} = V_{SS}$
$\overline{CS}$ High Specifications						
$\overline{CS}$ Logic Threshold, High	V_{IH}	0.8 V_{DD}	—	V_{DD}	V	
$\overline{CS}$ Input Current, High	I_{CSH}	—	1	—	pA	$\overline{CS} = V_{DD}$
$\overline{CS}$ Input High, V_{DD} Current	I_{DD}	—	18	—	pA	$\overline{CS} = V_{DD}$
$\overline{CS}$ Input High, GND Current	I_{SS}	—	-20	—	pA	$\overline{CS} = V_{DD}$
Comparator Output Leakage	$I_{O(LEAK)}$	—	1	—	pA	$V_{OUT} = V_{SS}$+10V, $\overline{CS} = V_{DD}$
$\overline{CS}$ Dynamic Specifications						
$\overline{CS}$ Low to Comparator Output Low Turn-on Time	t_{ON}	—	2	50	ms	$\overline{CS}$ = 0.2V_{DD} to $V_{OUT} = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{IN}- = V_{DD}$
$\overline{CS}$ High to Comparator Output High Z Turn-off Time	t_{OFF}	—	10	—	µs	$\overline{CS}$ = 0.8V_{DD} to $V_{OUT} = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{IN}- = V_{DD}$
$\overline{CS}$ Hysteresis	V_{CS_HYST}	—	0.6	—	V	V_{DD} = 5V

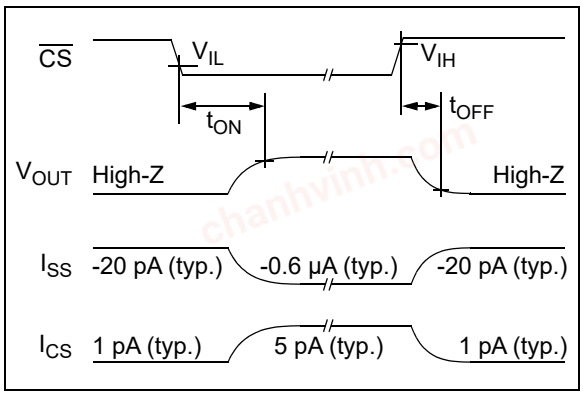


FIGURE 1-1: *Timing Diagram for the $\overline{CS}$ pin on the MCP6548.*

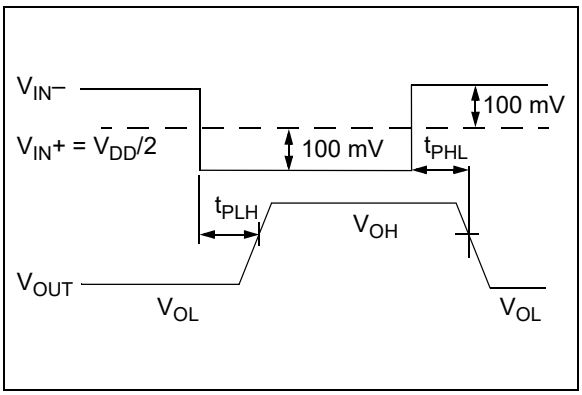


FIGURE 1-2: *Propagation Delay Timing Diagram.*

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TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Specifications: Unless otherwise indicated, V_{DD} = +1.6V to +5.5V and V_{SS} = GND.						
Parameters	**Sym**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**
Temperature Ranges						
Specified Temperature Range	T_A	-40	—	+85	°C	
Operating Temperature Range	T_A	-40	—	+125	°C	**Note**
Storage Temperature Range	T_A	-65	—	+150	°C	
Thermal Package Resistances						
Thermal Resistance, 5L-SC-70	θ_{JA}	—	331	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 5L-SOT-23	θ_{JA}	—	220.7	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 8L-MSOP	θ_{JA}	—	211	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 8L-PDIP	θ_{JA}	—	89.3	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 8L-SOIC	θ_{JA}	—	149.5	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 14L-PDIP	θ_{JA}	—	70	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 14L-SOIC	θ_{JA}	—	95.3	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 14L-TSSOP	θ_{JA}	—	100	—	°C/W	

Note: The MCP6546/6R/6U/7/8/9 I-Temp family operates over this extended temperature range, but with reduced performance. In any case, the Junction Temperature (T_J) must not exceed the absolute maximum specification of +150°C.

1.1 Test Circuit Configuration

This test circuit configuration is used to determine the AC and DC specifications.

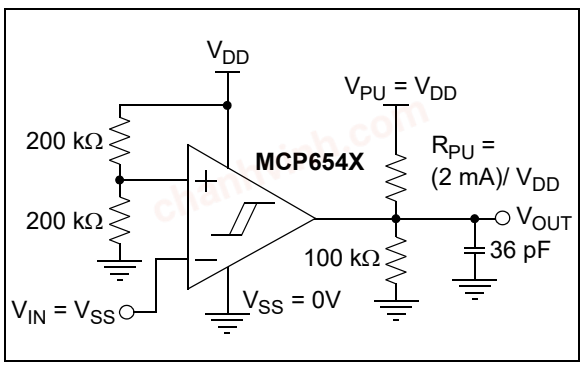


FIGURE 1-3: *AC and DC Test Circuit for the Open-Drain Output Comparators.*

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2.0 TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

Note: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, V_{DD} = +1.6V to +5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, T_A = +25°C, $V_{IN}+ = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{IN}-$ = GND, R_{PU} = 2.74 kΩ to $V_{PU} = V_{DD}$, and C_L = 36 pF.

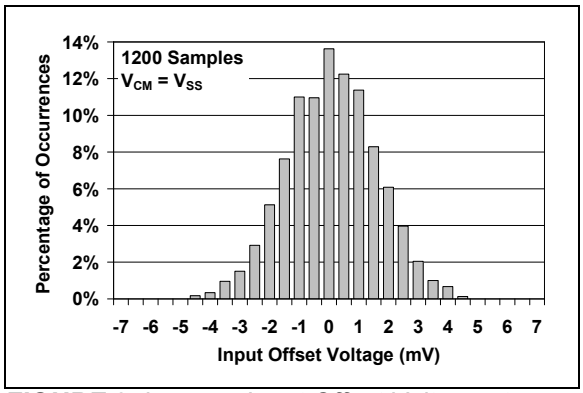


FIGURE 2-1: *Input Offset Voltage at $V_{CM} = V_{SS}$.*

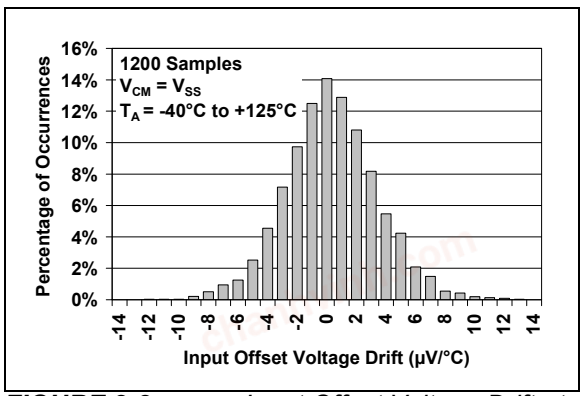


FIGURE 2-2: *Input Offset Voltage Drift at $V_{CM} = V_{SS}$.*

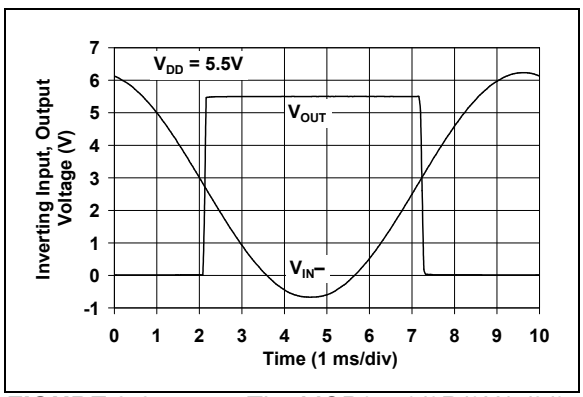


FIGURE 2-3: *The MCP6546/6R/6U/7/8/9 Comparators Show No Phase Reversal.*

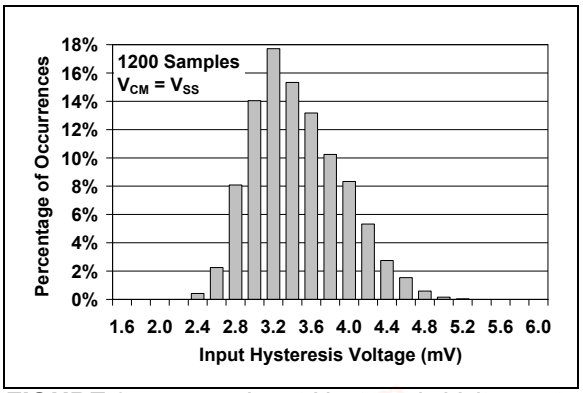


FIGURE 2-4: *Input Hysteresis Voltage at $V_{CM} = V_{SS}$.*

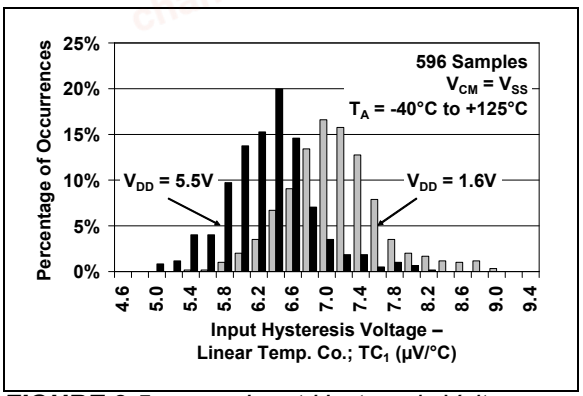


FIGURE 2-5: *Input Hysteresis Voltage Linear Temp. Co. (TC_1) at $V_{CM} = V_{SS}$.*

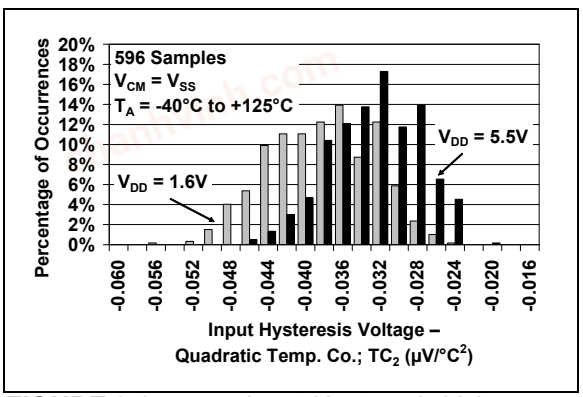


FIGURE 2-6: *Input Hysteresis Voltage Quadratic Temp. Co. (TC_2) at $V_{CM} = V_{SS}$.*

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Note: Unless otherwise indicated, V_{DD} = +1.6V to +5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, T_A = +25°C, V_{IN}+ = V_{DD}/2, V_{IN}– = GND, R_{PU} = 2.74 kΩ to V_{PU} = V_{DD}, and C_L = 36 pF.

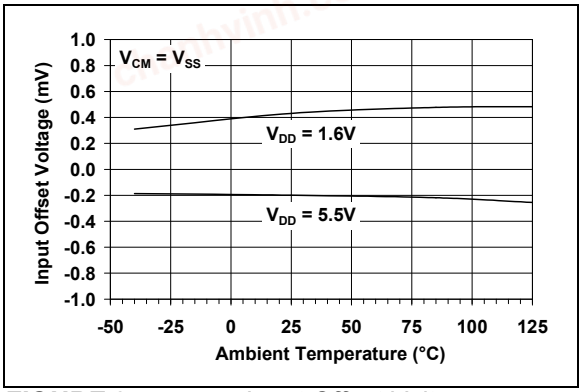


FIGURE 2-7: *Input Offset Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature at V_{CM} = V_{SS}.*

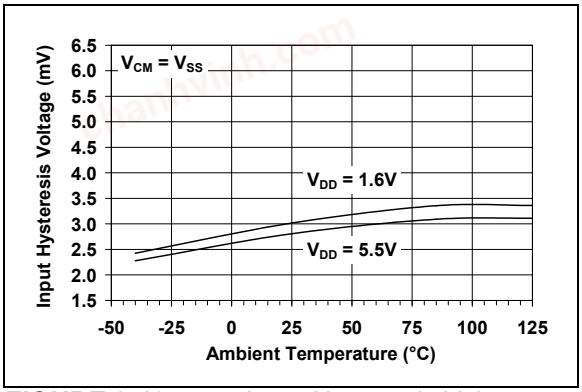


FIGURE 2-10: *Input Hysteresis Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature at V_{CM} = V_{SS}.*

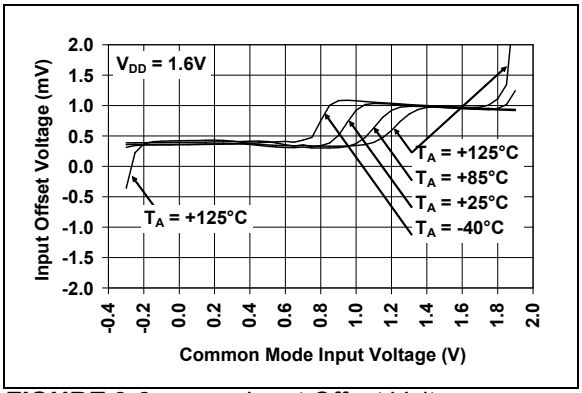


FIGURE 2-8: *Input Offset Voltage vs. Common-mode Input Voltage at V_{DD} = 1.6V.*

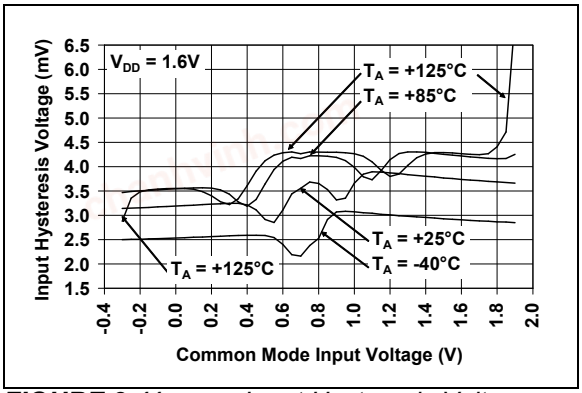


FIGURE 2-11: *Input Hysteresis Voltage vs. Common-mode Input Voltage at V_{DD} = 1.6V.*

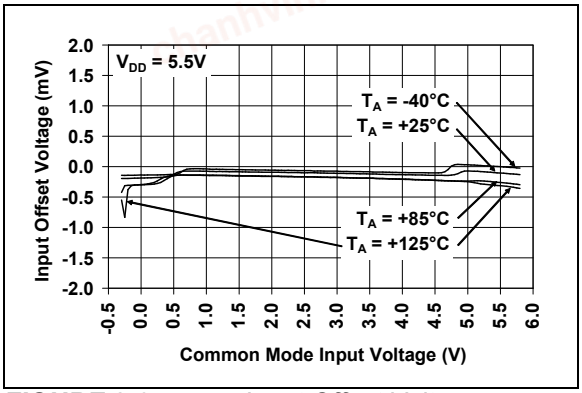


FIGURE 2-9: *Input Offset Voltage vs. Common-mode Input Voltage at V_{DD} = 5.5V.*

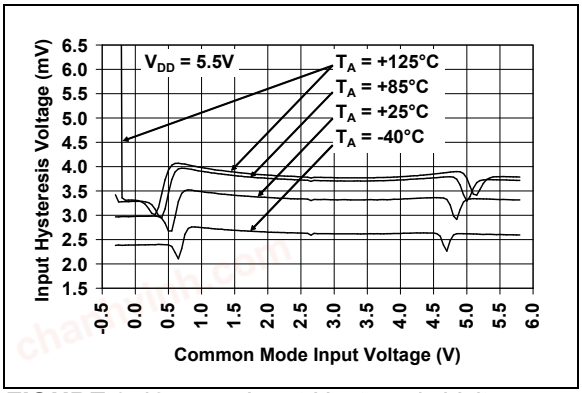


FIGURE 2-12: *Input Hysteresis Voltage vs. Common-mode Input Voltage at V_{DD} = 5.5V.*

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Note: Unless otherwise indicated, V_{DD} = +1.6V to +5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, T_A = +25°C, V_{IN}+ = V_{DD}/2, V_{IN}– = GND, R_{PU} = 2.74 kΩ to V_{PU} = V_{DD}, and C_L = 36 pF.

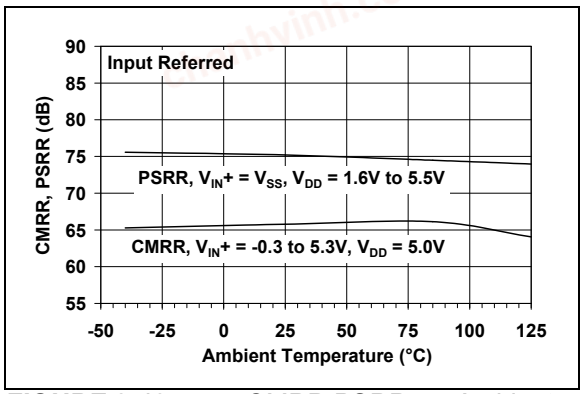


FIGURE 2-13: *CMRR,PSRR vs. Ambient Temperature.*

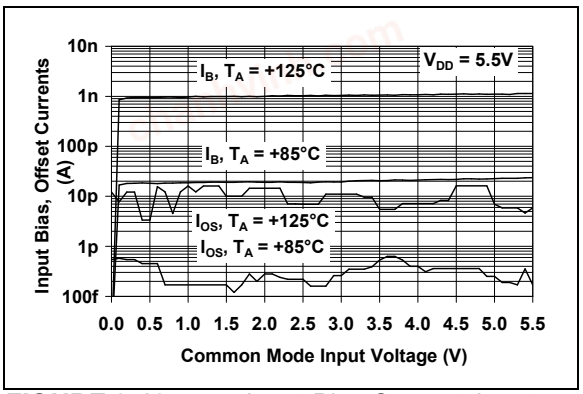


FIGURE 2-16: *Input Bias Current, Input Offset Current vs. Common-mode Input Voltage.*

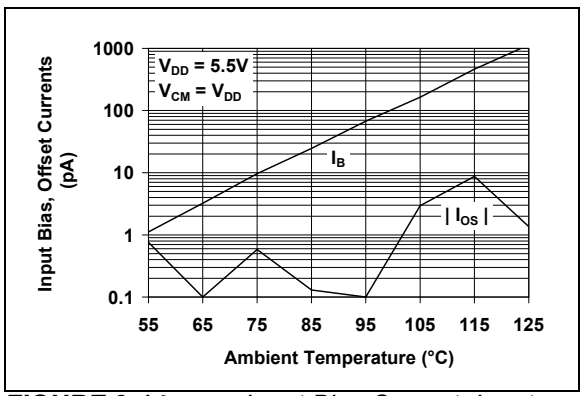


FIGURE 2-14: *Input Bias Current, Input Offset Current vs. Ambient Temperature.*

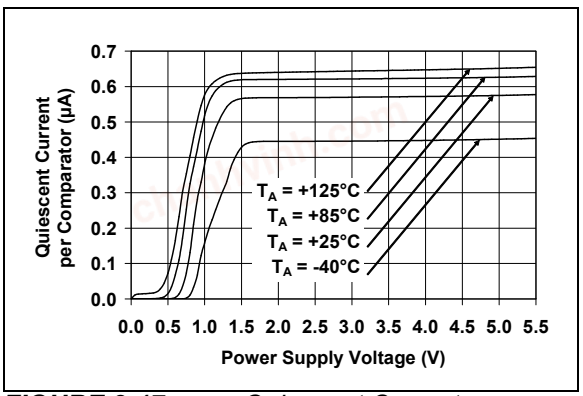


FIGURE 2-17: *Quiescent Current vs. Power Supply Voltage.*

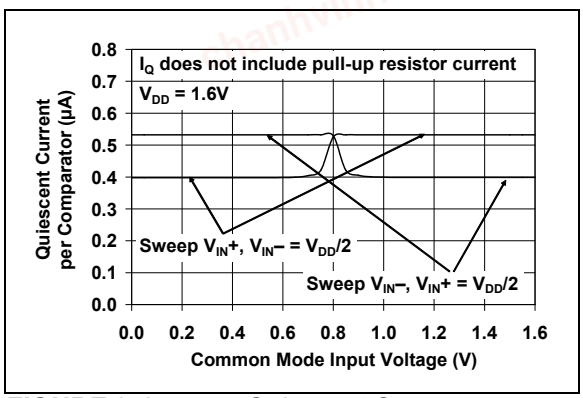


FIGURE 2-15: *Quiescent Current vs. Common-mode Input Voltage at V_{DD} = 1.6V.*

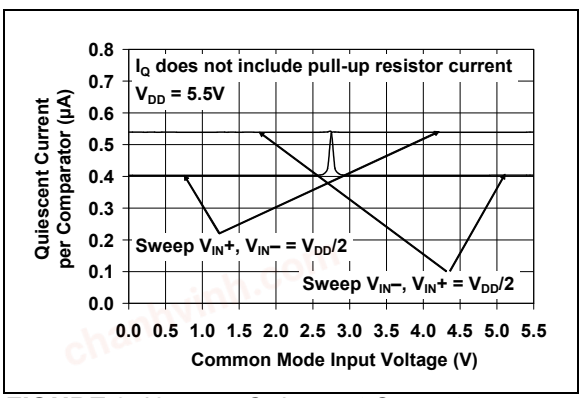


FIGURE 2-18: *Quiescent Current vs. Common-mode Input Voltage at V_{DD} = 5.5V.*

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Note: Unless otherwise indicated, V_{DD} = +1.6V to +5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, T_A = +25°C, V_{IN}+ = V_{DD}/2, V_{IN}– = GND, R_{PU} = 2.74 kΩ to V_{PU} = V_{DD}, and C_L = 36 pF.

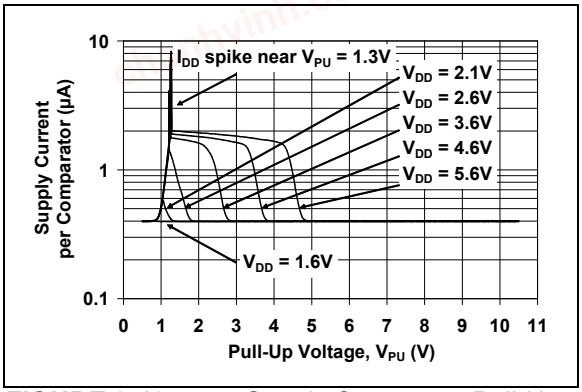


FIGURE 2-19: *Supply Current vs. Pull-Up Voltage.*

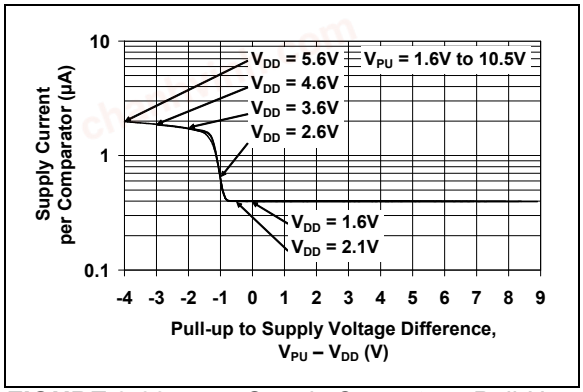


FIGURE 2-22: *Supply Current vs. Pull-Up to Supply Voltage Difference.*

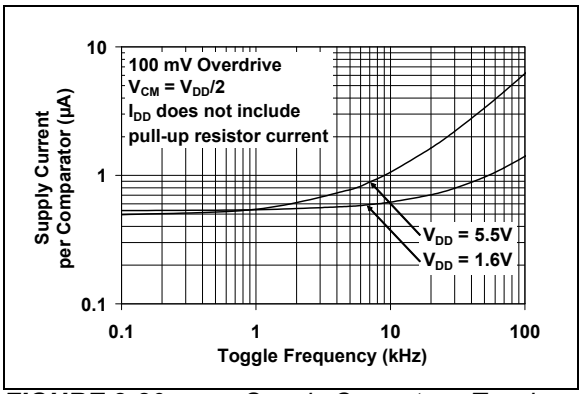


FIGURE 2-20: *Supply Current vs. Toggle Frequency.*

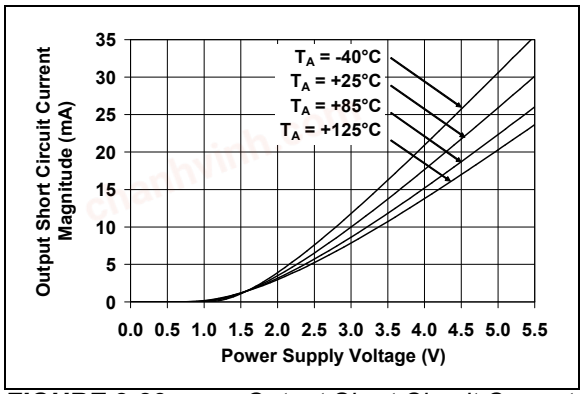


FIGURE 2-23: *Output Short Circuit Current Magnitude vs. Power Supply Voltage.*

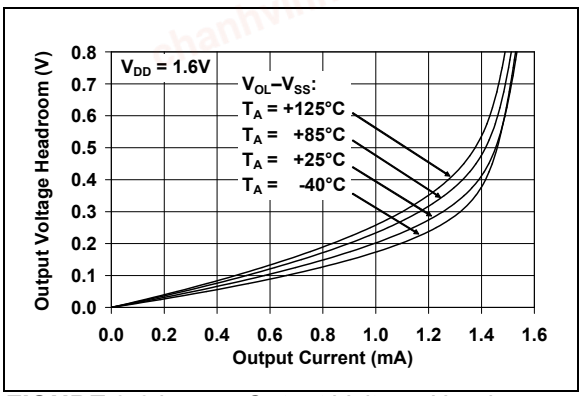


FIGURE 2-21: *Output Voltage Headroom vs. Output Current at V_{DD} = 1.6V.*

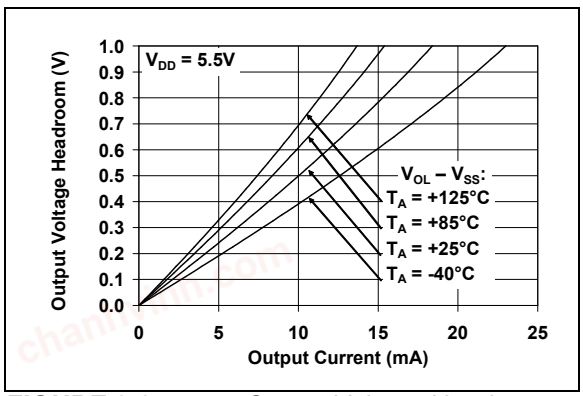


FIGURE 2-24: *Output Voltage Headroom vs. Output Current at V_{DD} = 5.5V.*

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Note: Unless otherwise indicated, V_{DD} = +1.6V to +5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, T_A = +25°C, V_{IN}+ = V_{DD}/2, V_{IN}– = GND, R_{PU} = 2.74 kΩ to V_{PU} = V_{DD}, and C_L = 36 pF.

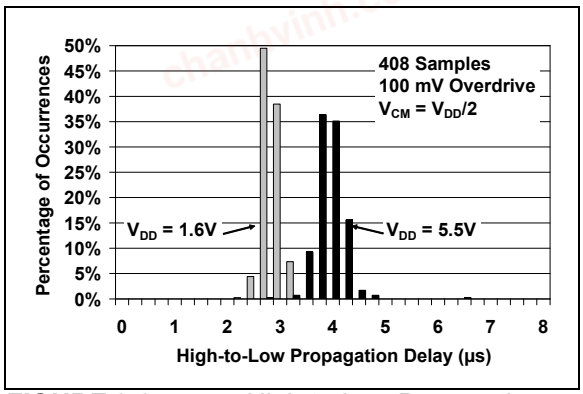


FIGURE 2-25: *High-to-Low Propagation Delay.*

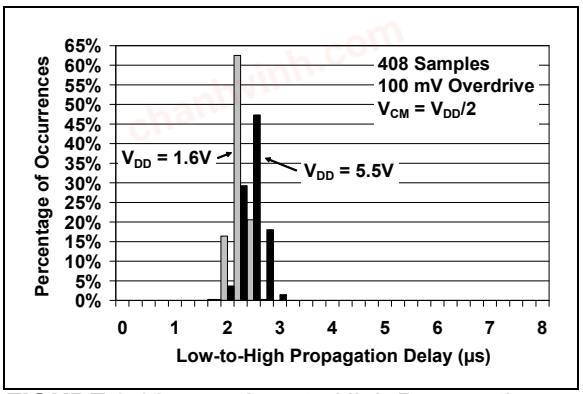


FIGURE 2-28: *Low-to-High Propagation Delay.*

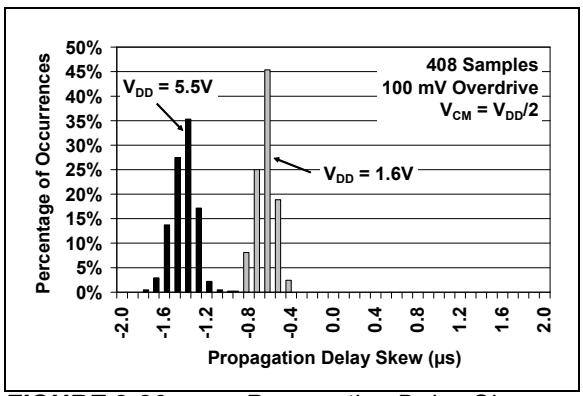


FIGURE 2-26: *Propagation Delay Skew.*

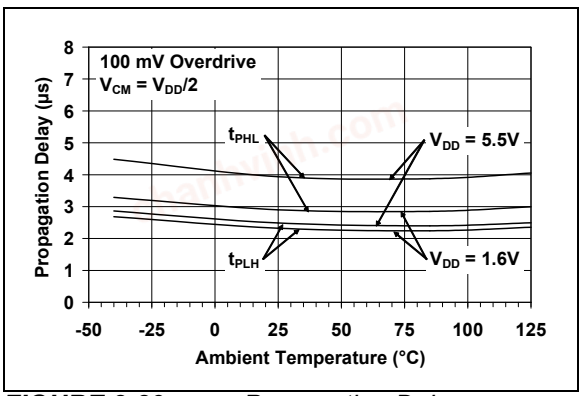


FIGURE 2-29: *Propagation Delay vs. Ambient Temperature.*

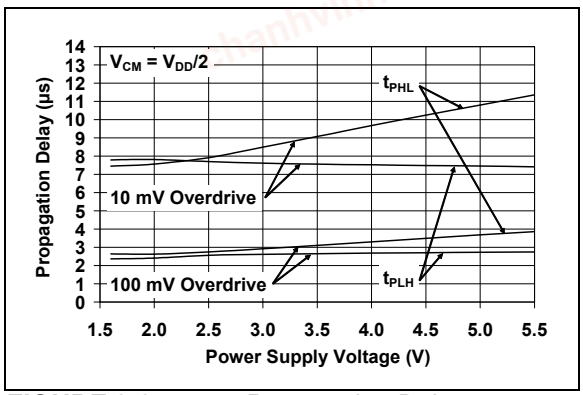


FIGURE 2-27: *Propagation Delay vs. Power Supply Voltage.*

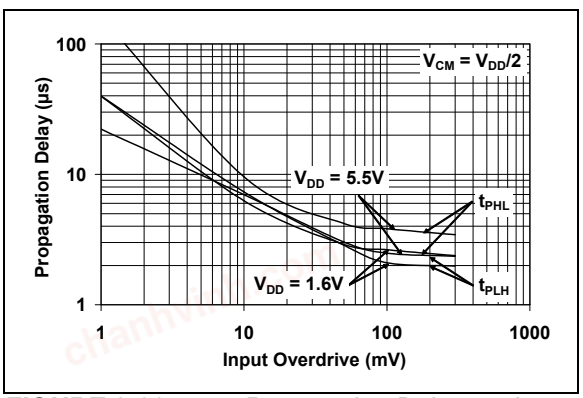


FIGURE 2-30: *Propagation Delay vs. Input Overdrive.*

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Note: Unless otherwise indicated, V_{DD} = +1.6V to +5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, T_A = +25°C, V_{IN}+ = V_{DD}/2, V_{IN}– = GND, R_{PU} = 2.74 kΩ to V_{PU} = V_{DD}, and C_L = 36 pF.

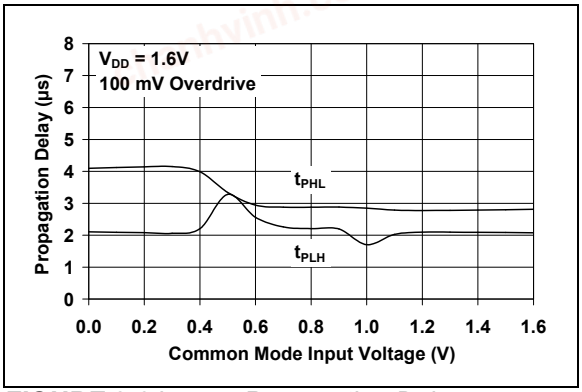


FIGURE 2-31: *Propagation Delay vs. Common-mode Input Voltage at V_{DD} = 1.6V.*

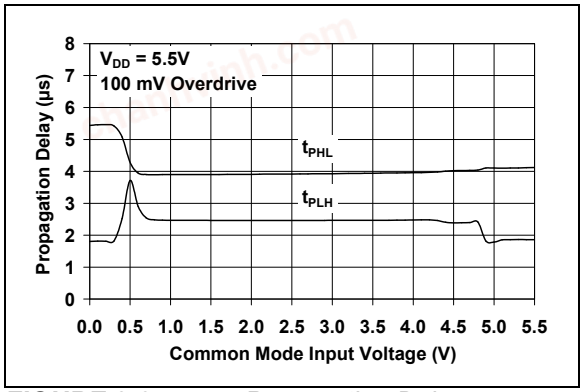


FIGURE 2-34: *Propagation Delay vs. Common-mode Input Voltage at V_{DD} = 5.5V.*

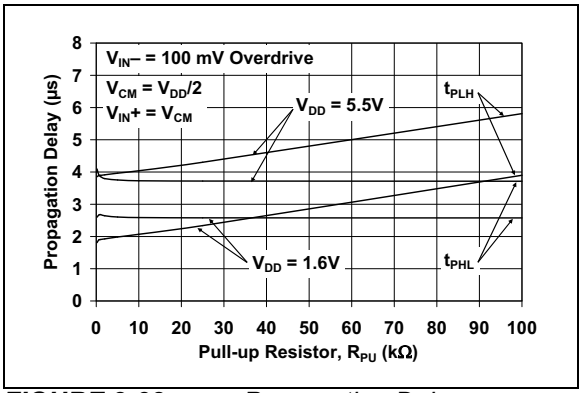


FIGURE 2-32: *Propagation Delay vs. Pull-up Resistor.*

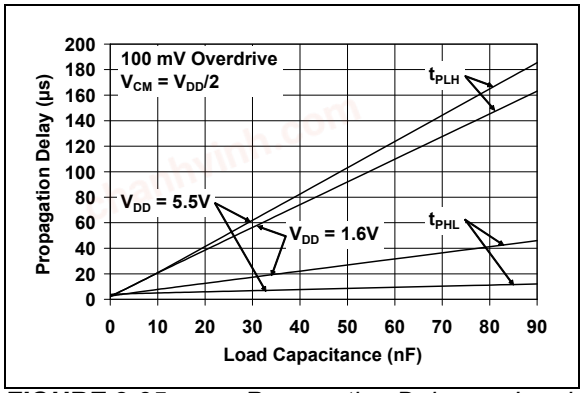


FIGURE 2-35: *Propagation Delay vs. Load Capacitance.*

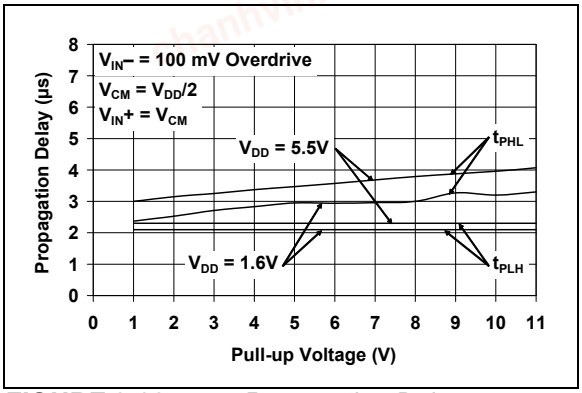


FIGURE 2-33: *Propagation Delay vs. Pull-up Voltage.*

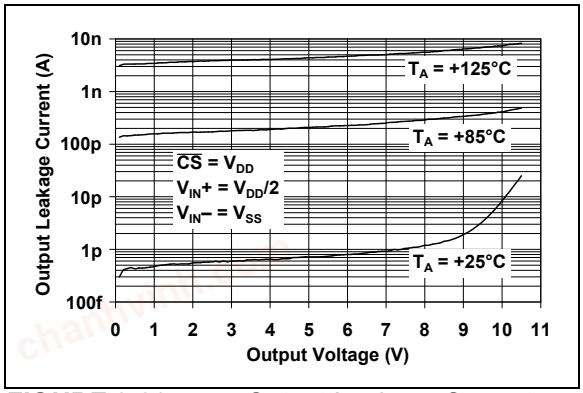


FIGURE 2-36: *Output Leakage Current ($\overline{CS}$ = V_{DD}) vs. Output Voltage (MCP6548 only).*

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Note: Unless otherwise indicated, V_{DD} = +1.6V to +5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, T_A = +25°C, V_{IN}+ = V_{DD}/2, V_{IN}– = GND, R_{PU} = 2.74 kΩ to V_{PU} = V_{DD}, and C_L = 36 pF.

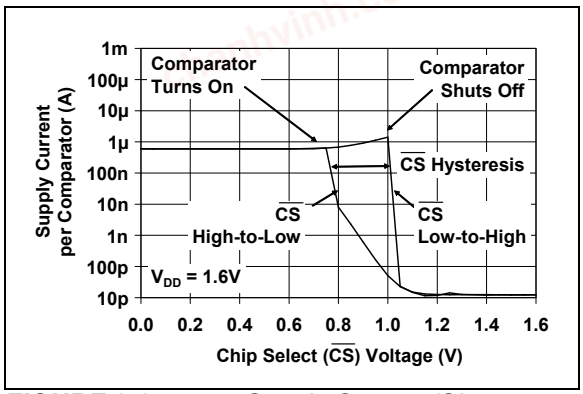


FIGURE 2-37: *Supply Current (Shoot-through Current) vs. Chip Select ($\overline{CS}$) Voltage at V_{DD} = 1.6V (MCP6548 only).*

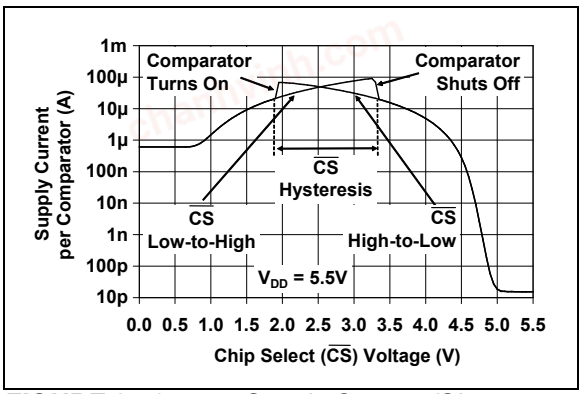


FIGURE 2-40: *Supply Current (Shoot-through Current) vs. Chip Select ($\overline{CS}$) Voltage at V_{DD} = 5.5V (MCP6548 only).*

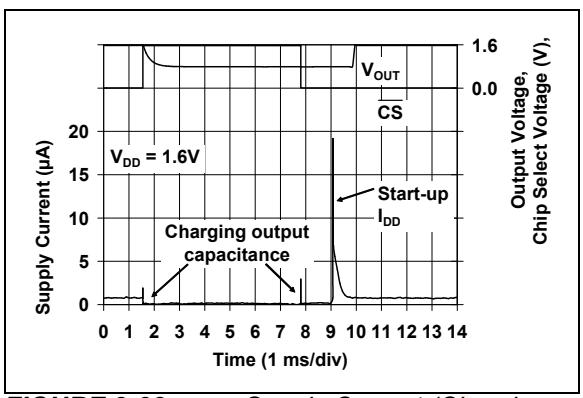


FIGURE 2-38: *Supply Current (Charging Current) vs. Chip Select ($\overline{CS}$) Pulse at V_{DD} = 1.6V (MCP6548 only).*

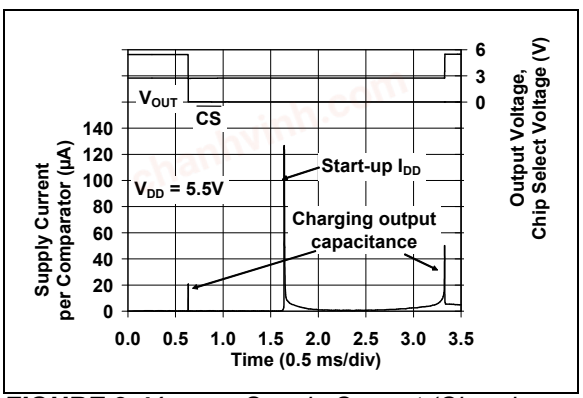


FIGURE 2-41: *Supply Current (Charging Current) vs. Chip Select ($\overline{CS}$) Pulse at V_{DD} = 5.5V (MCP6548 only).*

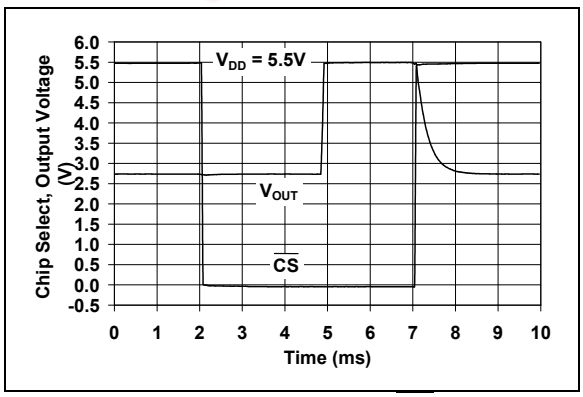


FIGURE 2-39: *Chip Select ($\overline{CS}$) Step Response (MCP6548 only).*

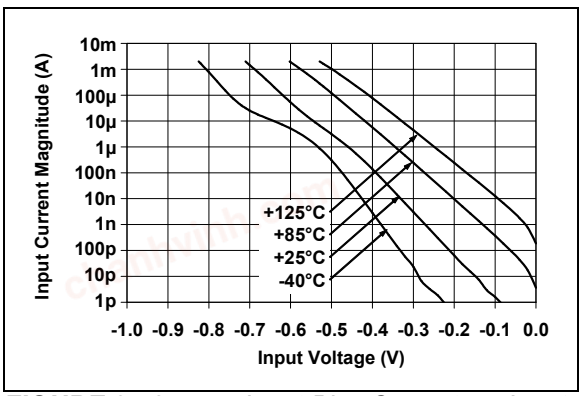


FIGURE 2-42: *Input Bias Current vs. Input Voltage.*

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3.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 3-1.

TABLE 3-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

MCP6546	MCP6546	MCP6546R	MCP6546U	MCP6547	MCP6548	MCP6549	Symbol	Description
PDIP, SOIC, MSOP	SC-70, SOT-23	SOT-23-5	SC-70, SOT-23-5	PDIP, SOIC, MSOP	PDIP, SOIC, MSOP	PDIP, SOIC, TSSOP		
6	1	1	4	1	6	1	OUT, OUTA	Digital Output (Comparator A)
2	4	4	3	2	2	2	$V_{IN}-$, $V_{INA}-$	Inverting Input (Comparator A)
3	3	3	1	3	3	3	$V_{IN}+$, $V_{INA}+$	Noninverting Input (Comparator A)
7	5	2	5	8	7	4	V_{DD}	Positive Power Supply
—	—	—	—	5	—	5	$V_{INB}+$	Noninverting Input (Comparator B)
—	—	—	—	6	—	6	$V_{INB}-$	Inverting Input (Comparator B)
—	—	—	—	7	—	7	OUTB	Digital Output (Comparator B)
—	—	—	—	—	—	8	OUTC	Digital Output (Comparator C)
—	—	—	—	—	—	9	$V_{INC}-$	Inverting Input (Comparator C)
—	—	—	—	—	—	10	$V_{INC}+$	Noninverting Input (Comparator C)
4	2	5	2	4	4	11	V_{SS}	Negative Power Supply
—	—	—	—	—	—	12	$V_{IND}+$	Noninverting Input (Comparator D)
—	—	—	—	—	—	13	$V_{IND}-$	Inverting Input (Comparator D)
—	—	—	—	—	—	14	OUTD	Digital Output (Comparator D)
—	—	—	—	—	8	—	$\overline{CS}$	Chip Select
1, 5, 8	—	—	—	—	1, 5	—	NC	No Internal Connection

3.1 Analog Inputs

The comparator noninverting and inverting inputs are high-impedance CMOS inputs with low bias currents.

3.2 $\overline{CS}$ Digital Input

This is a CMOS, Schmitt-triggered input that places the part into a low-power mode of operation.

3.3 Digital Outputs

The comparator outputs are CMOS, open-drain digital outputs. They are designed to make level shifting and wired-OR easy to implement.

3.4 Power Supply (V_{SS} and V_{DD})

The positive power supply pin (V_{DD}) is 1.6V to 5.5V higher than the negative power supply pin (V_{SS}). For normal operation, the other pins are at voltages between V_{SS} and V_{DD}, except the output pins which can be as high as 10V above V_{SS}.

Typically, these parts are used in a single (positive) supply configuration. In this case, V_{SS} is connected to ground and V_{DD} is connected to the supply. V_{DD} will need a local bypass capacitor (typically 0.01 µF to 0.1 µF) within 2 mm of the V_{DD} pin. These pins can share a bulk capacitor with nearby analog parts (within 100 mm), but it is not required.

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4.0 APPLICATION INFORMATION

The MCP6546/6R/6U/7/8/9 family of push-pull output comparators are fabricated on Microchip's state-of-the-art CMOS process. They are suitable for a wide range of applications requiring very low-power consumption.

4.1 Comparator Inputs

4.1.1 PHASE REVERSAL

The MCP6546/6R/6U/7/8/9 comparator family uses CMOS transistors at the input. They are designed to prevent phase inversion when the input pins exceed the supply voltages. Figure 2-3 shows an input voltage exceeding both supplies with no resulting phase inversion.

4.1.2 INPUT VOLTAGE AND CURRENT LIMITS

The ESD protection on the inputs can be depicted as shown in Figure 4-1. This structure was chosen to protect the input transistors, and to minimize input bias current (IB). The input ESD diodes clamp the inputs when they try to go more than one diode drop below V_{SS}. They also clamp any voltages that go too far above V_{DD}; their breakdown voltage is high enough to allow normal operation, and low enough to bypass ESD events within the specified limits.

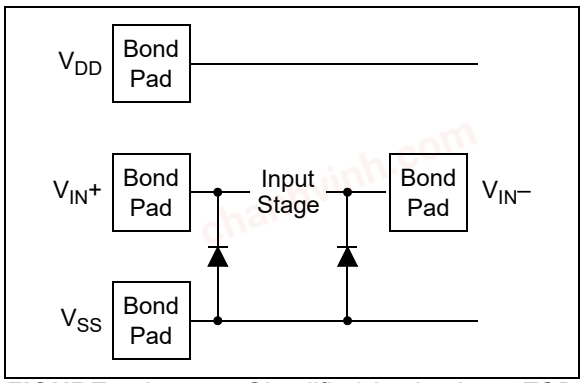


FIGURE 4-1: *Simplified Analog Input ESD Structures.*

In order to prevent damage and/or improper operation of these amplifiers, the circuits they are in must limit the currents (and voltages) at the $V_{IN}+$ and $V_{IN}–$ pins (see Absolute Maximum Ratings † at the beginning of **Section 1.0 "Electrical Characteristics"**). Figure 4-3 shows the recommended approach to protecting these inputs. The internal ESD diodes prevent the input pins ($V_{IN}+$ and $V_{IN}–$) from going too far below ground, and the resistors R_1 and R_2 limit the possible current drawn out of the input pin. Diodes D_1 and D_2 prevent the input pin ($V_{IN}+$ and $V_{IN}–$) from going too far above V_{DD}. When implemented as shown, resistors R_1 and R_2 also limit the current through D_1 and D_2.

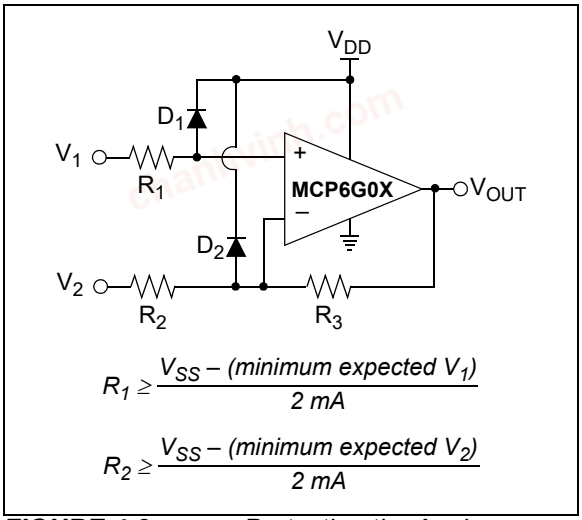


FIGURE 4-2: *Protecting the Analog Inputs.*

It is also possible to connect the diodes to the left of the resistors R_1 and R_2. In this case, the currents through diodes D_1 and D_2 need to be limited by some other mechanism. The resistor then serves as in-rush current limiter; the DC current into the input pins ($V_{IN}+$ and $V_{IN}–$) should be very small.

A significant amount of current can flow out of the inputs when the Common-mode voltage (V_{CM}) is below ground (V_{SS}); see Figure 2-42. Applications that are high-impedance may need to limit the usable voltage range.

4.1.3 NORMAL OPERATION

The input stage of this family of devices uses two differential input stages in parallel: one operates at low input voltages and the other at high input voltages. With this topology, the input voltage is 0.3V above V_{DD} and 0.3V below V_{SS}. The input offset voltage is measured at both V_{SS} - 0.3V and V_{DD}+ 0.3V to ensure proper operation.

The MCP6546/6R/6U/7/8/9 family has internally set hysteresis that is small enough to maintain input offset accuracy (<7 mV), and large enough to eliminate output chattering caused by the comparator's own input noise voltage (200 μV_{P-P}). Figure 4-3 illustrates this capability.

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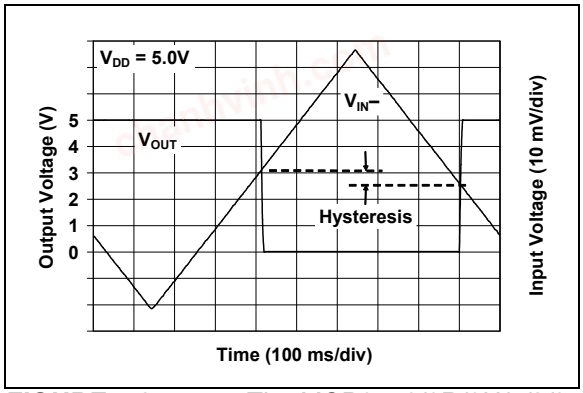


FIGURE 4-3: *The MCP6546/6R/6U/7/8/9 Comparators' Internal Hysteresis Eliminates Output Chatter Caused by Input Noise Voltage.*

4.2 Open-Drain Output

The open-drain output is designed to make level-shifting and wired-OR logic easy to implement. The output can go as high as 10V for 9V battery-powered applications. The output stage minimizes switching current (shoot-through current from supply-to-supply) when the output changes state. See Figure 2-15, Figure 2-18 and Figure 2-37 through Figure 2-41 for more information.

4.3 MCP6548 Chip Select ($\overline{CS}$)

The MCP6548 is a single comparator with a Chip Select ($\overline{CS}$) pin. When $\overline{CS}$ is pulled high, the total current consumption drops to 20 pA (typical). 1 pA (typical) flows through the $\overline{CS}$ pin, 1 pA (typical) flows through the output pin and 18 pA (typical) flows through the V_{DD} pin, as shown in Figure 1-1. When this happens, the comparator output is put into a high-impedance state. By pulling $\overline{CS}$ low, the comparator is enabled. If the $\overline{CS}$ pin is left floating, the comparator will not operate properly. Figure 1-1 shows the output voltage and supply current response to a $\overline{CS}$ pulse.

The internal $\overline{CS}$ circuitry is designed to minimize glitches when cycling the $\overline{CS}$ pin. This helps conserve power, which is especially important in battery-powered applications.

4.4 Externally Set Hysteresis

Greater flexibility in selecting hysteresis, or input trip points, is achieved by using external resistors.

Input offset voltage (V_{OS}) is the center (average) of the (input-referred) low-high and high-low trip points. Input hysteresis voltage (V_{HYST}) is the difference between the same trip points. Hysteresis reduces output chattering when one input is slowly moving past the other, thus reducing dynamic supply current. It also helps in systems where it is best not to cycle between states too frequently (e.g., air conditioner thermostatic control).

4.4.1 INVERTING CIRCUIT

Figure 4-4 shows an inverting circuit for a single-supply application using three resistors, besides the pull-up resistor. The resulting hysteresis diagram is shown in Figure 4-5.

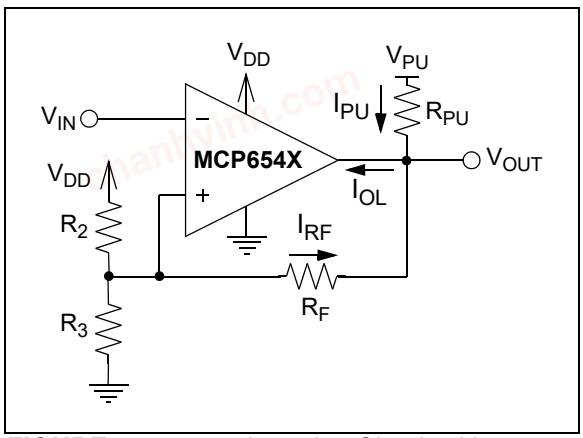


FIGURE 4-4: *Inverting Circuit with Hysteresis.*

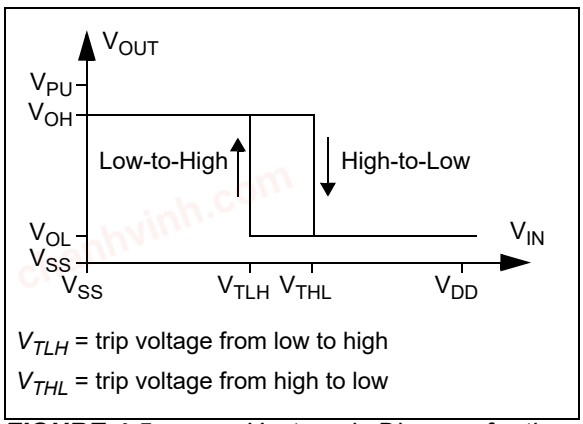


FIGURE 4-5: *Hysteresis Diagram for the Inverting Circuit.*

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In order to determine the trip voltages (V_{THL} and V_{TLH}) for the circuit shown in Figure 4-4, R_2 and R_3 can be simplified to the Thevenin equivalent circuit with respect to V_{DD} as shown in Figure 4-6.

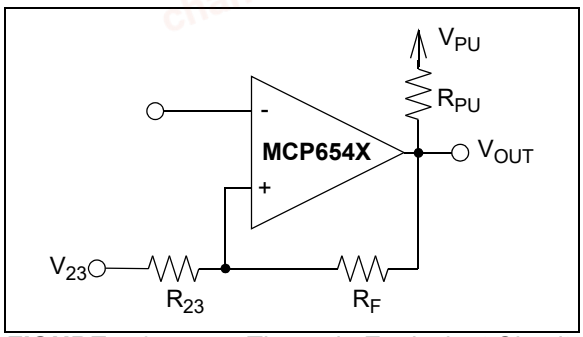


FIGURE 4-6: *Thevenin Equivalent Circuit.*

EQUATION 4-1:

$$R_{23} = \frac{R_2 R_3}{R_2 + R_3}$$

$$V_{23} = \frac{R_3}{R_2 + R_3} \times V_{DD}$$

Using this simplified circuit, the trip voltage can be calculated using the following equation:

EQUATION 4-2:

$$V_{THL} = V_{PU}\left(\frac{R_{23}}{R_{23} + R_F + R_{PU}}\right) + V_{23}\left(\frac{R_F + R_{PU}}{R_{23} + R_F + R_{PU}}\right)$$

$$V_{TLH} = V_{OL}\left(\frac{R_{23}}{R_{23} + R_F}\right) + V_{23}\left(\frac{R_F}{R_{23} + R_F}\right)$$

V_{TLH} = trip voltage from low to high

V_{THL} = trip voltage from high to low

Figure 2-21 and Figure 2-24 can be used to determine typical values for V_{OL}. This voltage is dependent on the output current I_{OL} as shown in Figure 4-4. This current can be determined using the equation below:

EQUATION 4-3:

$$I_{OL} = I_{PU} + I_{RF}$$

$$I_{OL} = \left(\frac{V_{PU} - V_{OL}}{R_{PU}}\right) + \left(\frac{V_{23} - V_{OL}}{R_{23} + R_F}\right)$$

V_{OH} can be calculated using the equation below:

EQUATION 4-4:

$$V_{OH} = (V_{PU} - V_{23}) \times \left(\frac{R_{23} + R_F}{R_{23} + R_F + R_{PU}}\right)$$

As explained in **Section 4.1 "Comparator Inputs"**, it is important to keep the noninverting input below V_{DD}+0.3V when $V_{PU} > V_{DD}$.

4.5 Supply Bypass

With this family of comparators, the power supply pin (V_{DD} for single supply) should have a local bypass capacitor (i.e., 0.01 µF to 0.1 µF) within 2 mm for good edge-rate performance.

4.6 Capacitive Loads

Reasonable capacitive loads (e.g., logic gates) have little impact on propagation delay (see Figure 2-27). The supply current increases with increasing toggle frequency (Figure 2-30), especially with higher capacitive loads.

4.7 Battery Life

In order to maximize battery life in portable applications, use large resistors and small capacitive loads. Avoid toggling the output more than necessary. Do not use Chip Select ($\overline{CS}$) too frequently, in order to conserve power. Capacitive loads will draw additional power at start-up.

4.8 PCB Surface Leakage

In applications where low input bias current is critical, PCB (Printed Circuit Board) surface leakage effects need to be considered. Surface leakage is caused by humidity, dust or other contamination on the board. Under low humidity conditions, a typical resistance between nearby traces is $10^{12}\Omega$. A 5V difference would cause 5 pA of current to flow. This is greater than the MCP6546/6R/6U/7/8/9 family's bias current at 25°C (1 pA, typical).

The easiest way to reduce surface leakage is to use a guard ring around sensitive pins (or traces). The guard ring is biased at the same voltage as the sensitive pin. An example of this type of layout is shown in Figure 4-7.

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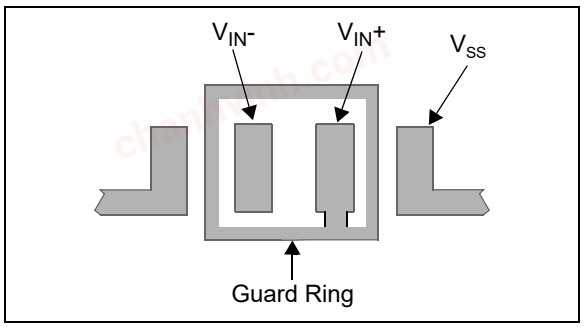


FIGURE 4-7: *Example Guard Ring Layout for Inverting Circuit.*

For the Inverting Configuration (Figure 4-4 and Figure 4-7):

a) Connect the guard ring to the noninverting input pin (V_{IN}+). This biases the guard ring to the same reference voltage as the comparator (e.g., V_{DD}/2 or ground).

b) Connect the inverting pin (V_{IN}-) to the input pad, without touching the guard ring.

4.9 Unused Comparators

An unused amplifier in a quad package (MCP6549) should be configured as shown in Figure 4-8. This circuit prevents the output from toggling and causing crosstalk. It uses the minimum number of components and draws minimal current (see Figure 2-15 and Figure 2-18).

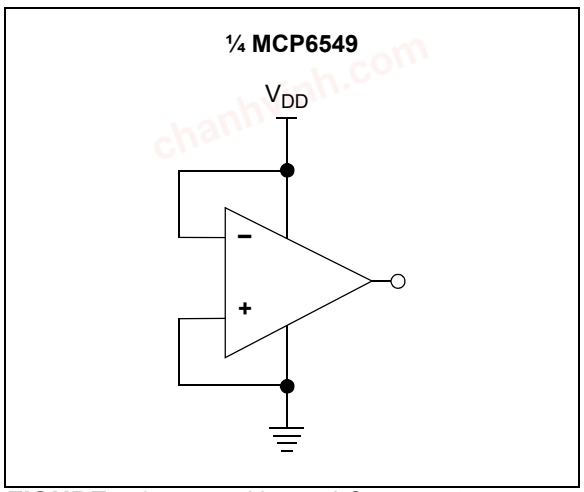


FIGURE 4-8: *Unused Comparators.*

4.10 Typical Applications

4.10.1 PRECISE COMPARATOR

Some applications require higher DC precision. An easy way to solve this problem is to use an amplifier (such as the MCP6041) to gain-up the input signal before it reaches the comparator. Figure 4-9 shows an example of this approach.

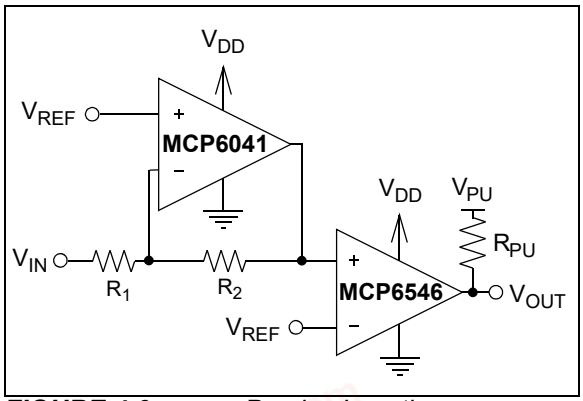


FIGURE 4-9: *Precise Inverting Comparator.*

4.10.2 WINDOWED COMPARATOR

Figure 4-10 shows one approach to designing a windowed comparator. The wired-OR connection produces a high output (logic 1) when the input voltage is between V_{RB} and V_{RT} (where V_{RT} > V_{RB}).

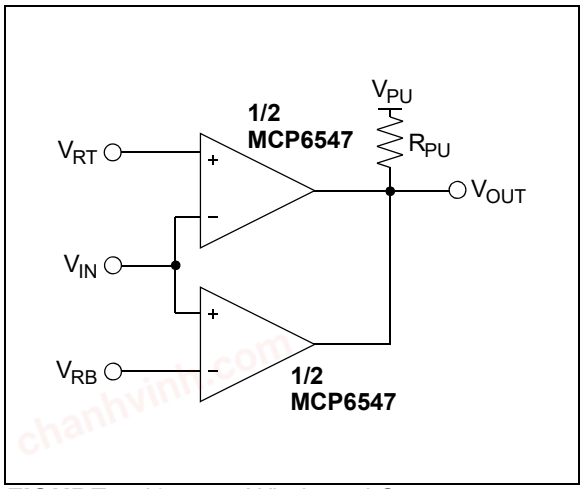


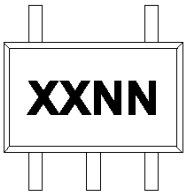
FIGURE 4-10: *Windowed Comparator.*

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5.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

5.1 Package Marking Information

5-Lead SC-70 (**MCP6546, MCP6546U**)



Device	I-Temp Code	E-Temp Code
MCP6546	ACNN	Note 2
MCP6546U	BBNN	Note 2

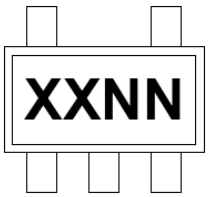
Note 1: I-Temp parts prior to March 2005 are marked “ACN”

2: SC-70-5 E-Temp parts not available at this release of the data sheet.

Example: (I-temp)



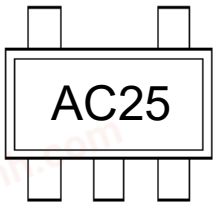
5-Lead SOT-23 **(MCP6546, MCP6546R, MCP6546U)**



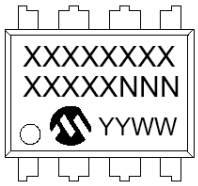
Device	I-Temp Code	E-Temp Code
MCP6546	ACNN	GWNN
MCP6546R	AHNN	GXNN
MCP6546U	—	AWNN

Note: Applies to 5-Lead SOT-23

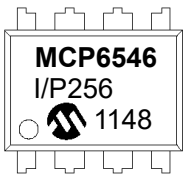
Example: (I-temp)



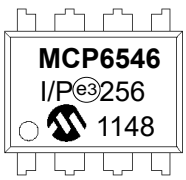
8-Lead PDIP (300 mil) **(MCP6546, MCP6547, MCP6548, MCP6549)**



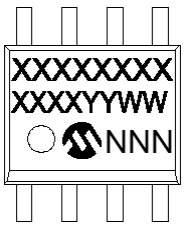
Examples:

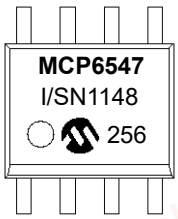


OR



8-Lead SOIC (150 mil) **(MCP6546, MCP6547, MCP6548, MCP6549)**





OR



Legend:	XX...X	Customer-specific information
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week ‘01’)
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
	(e3)	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
	*	This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator ((e3))

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

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Package Marking Information (Continued)

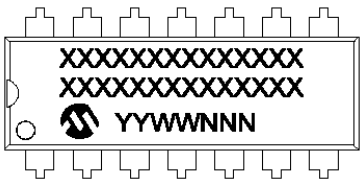
8-Lead MSOP (**MCP6546, MCP6547, MCP6548**)



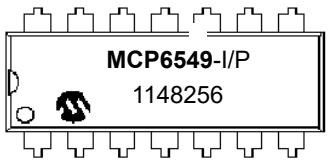
Example:



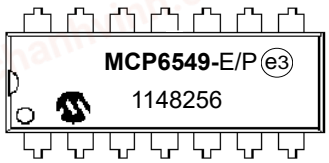
14-Lead PDIP (300 mil) **(MCP6549)**



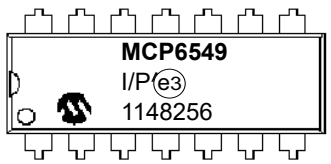
Example:



OR



OR



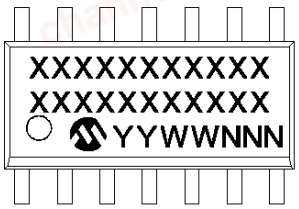
Legend:	XX...X	Customer-specific information
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	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week ‘01’)
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
	(e3)	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
	*	This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator ((e3))

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

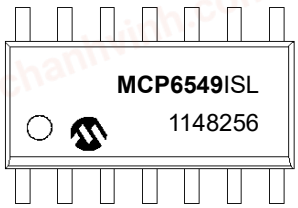
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Package Marking Information (Continued)

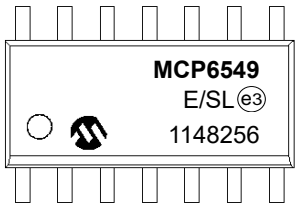
14-Lead SOIC (150 mil) **(MCP6549)**



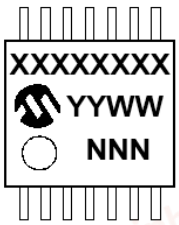
Example:



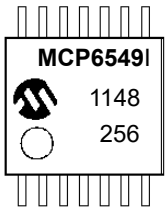
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14-Lead TSSOP **(MCP6549)**



Example:



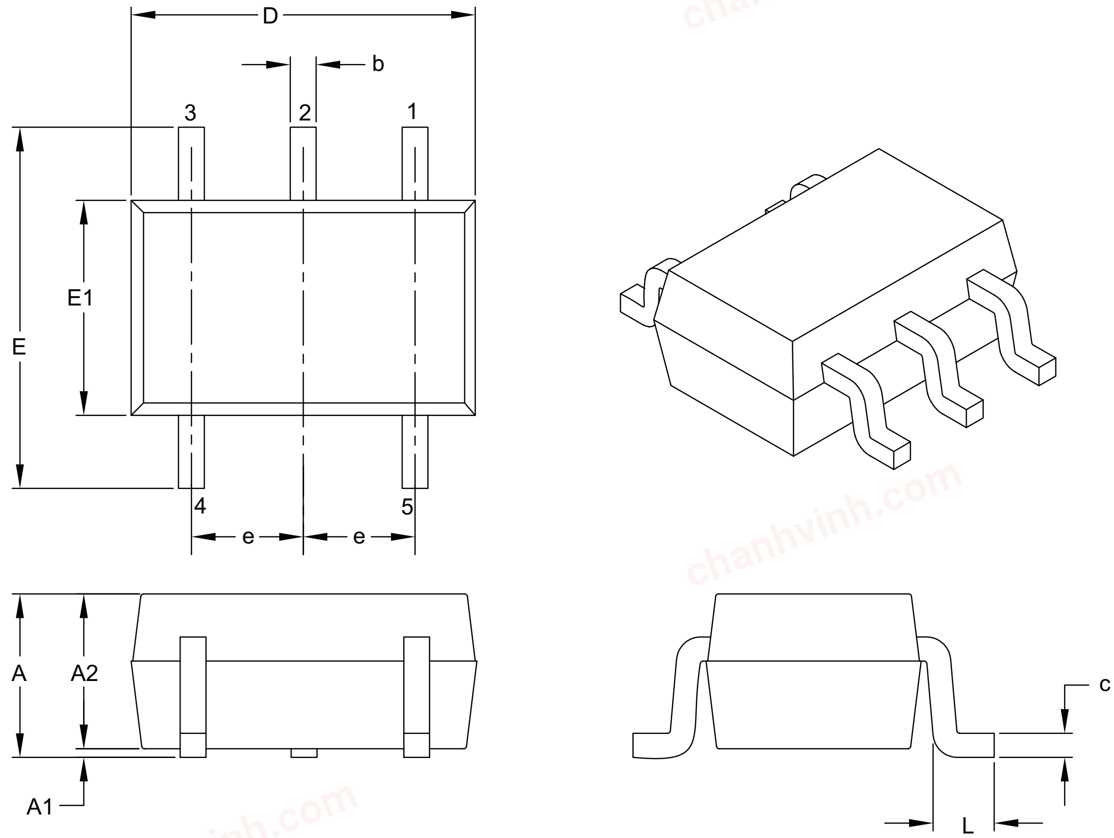
Legend:	XX...X	Customer-specific information
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	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week ‘01’)
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
	(e3)	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
	*	This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator ((e3))

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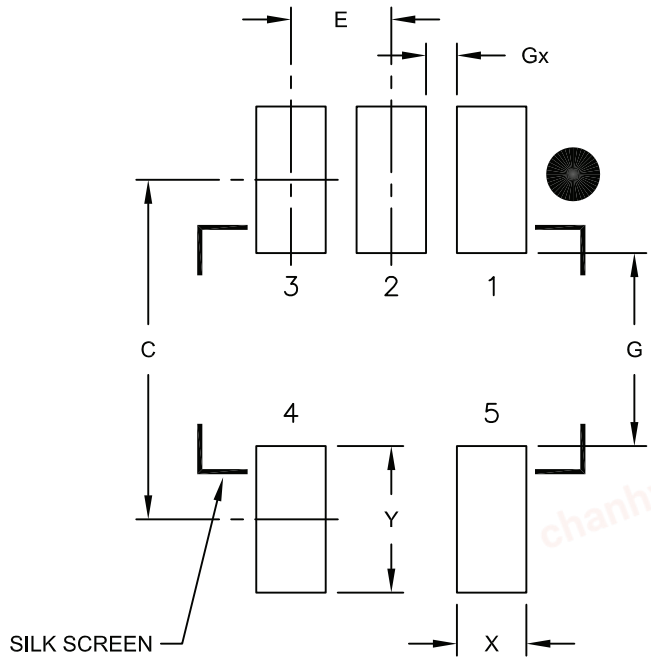
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5-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (LT) [SC70]



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.65 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C		2.20	
Contact Pad Width	X			0.45
Contact Pad Length	Y			0.95
Distance Between Pads	G	1.25		
Distance Between Pads	Gx	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

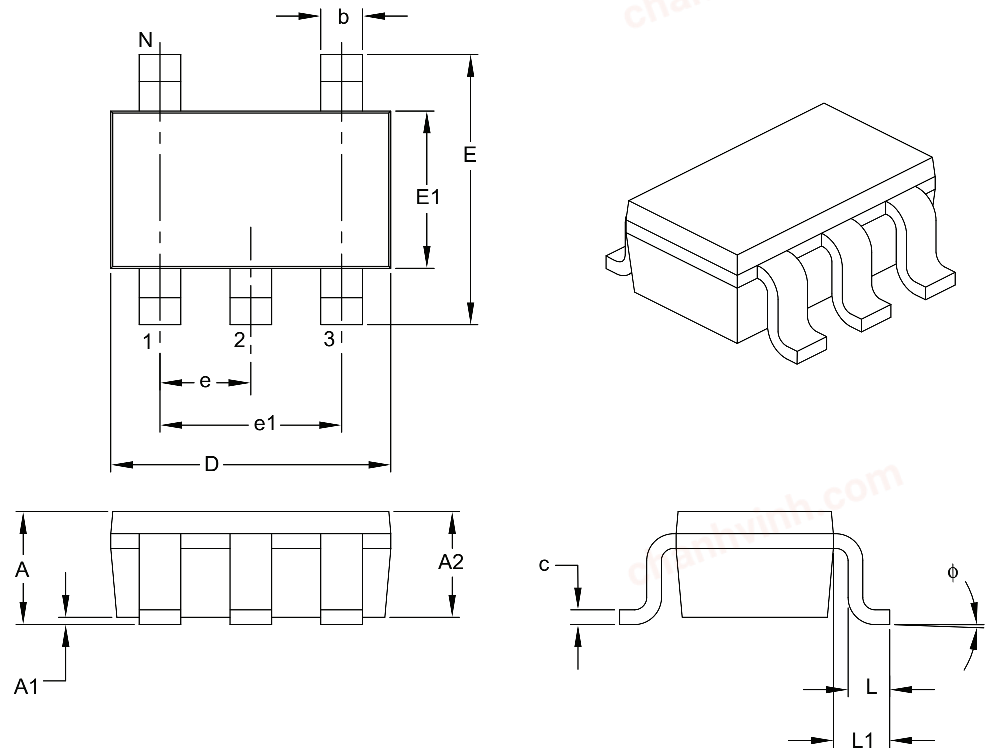
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2061A

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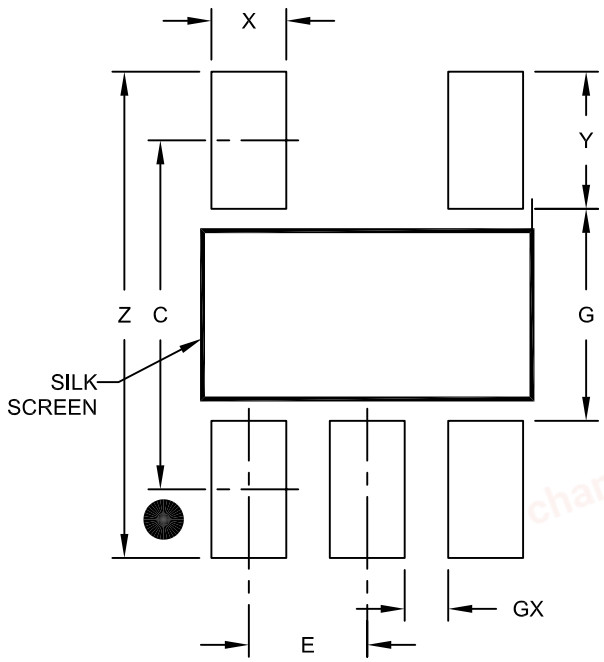
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5-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (OT) [SOT-23]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.95 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C		2.80	
Contact Pad Width (X5)	X			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X5)	Y			1.10
Distance Between Pads	G	1.70		
Distance Between Pads	GX	0.35		
Overall Width	Z			3.90

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

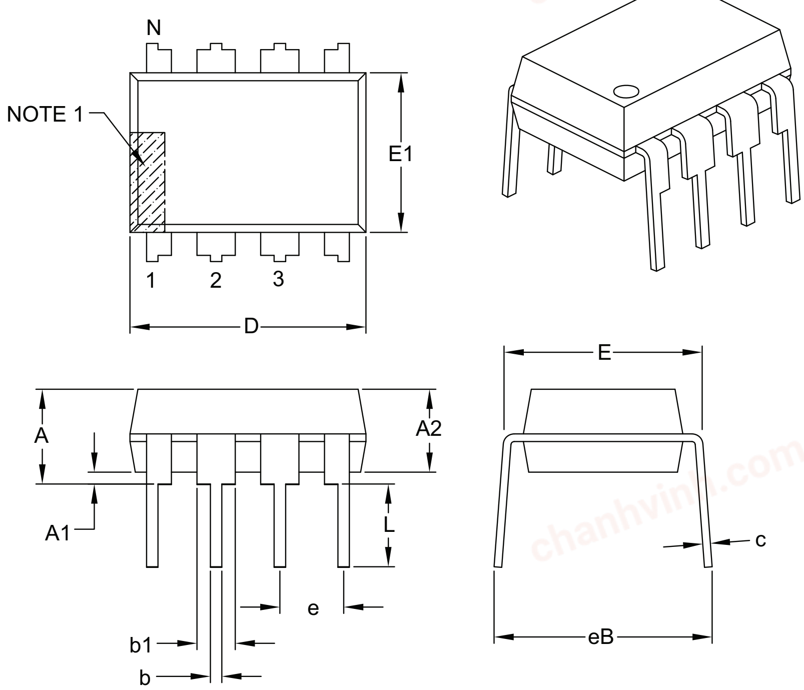
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

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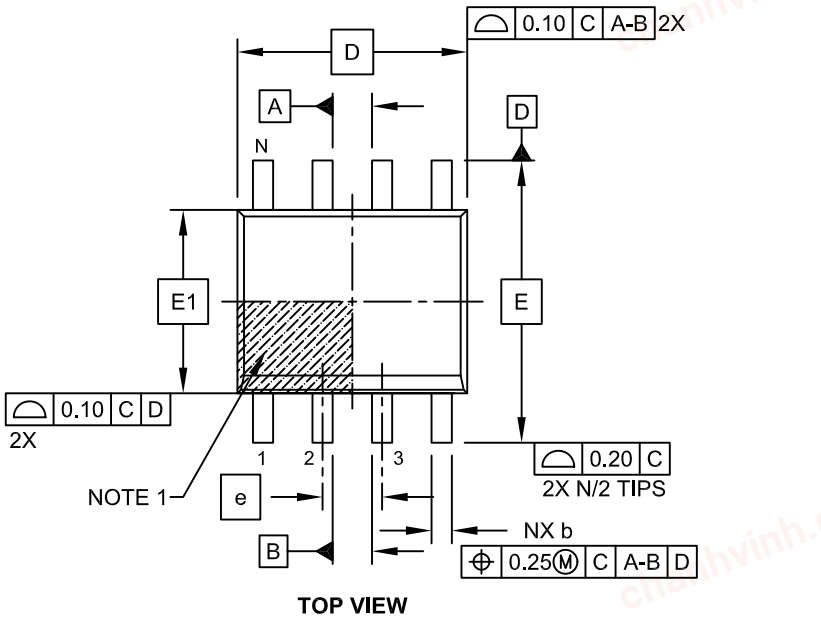
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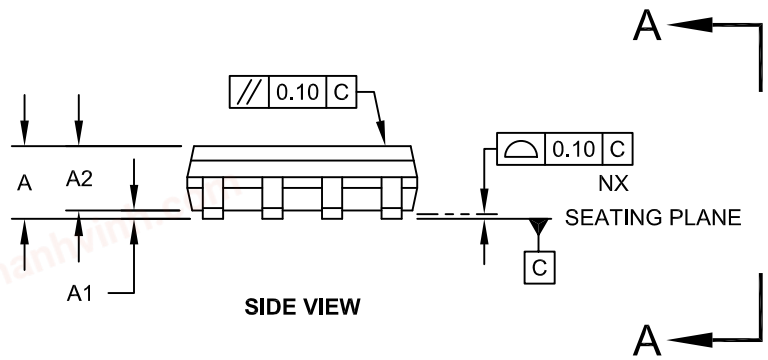
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8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

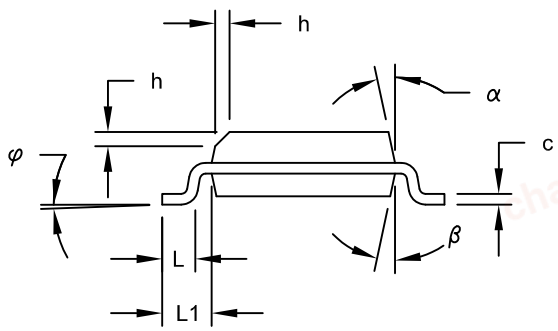
Note: For the most current package drawings please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW



VIEW A-A

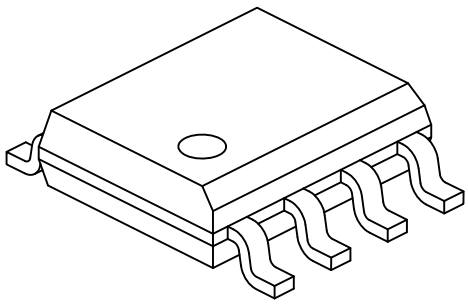
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8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		1.27 BSC	
Overall Height	A	-	-	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	-	-
Standoff §	A1	0.10	-	0.25
Overall Width	E		6.00 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		3.90 BSC	
Overall Length	D		4.90 BSC	
Chamfer (Optional)	h	0.25	-	0.50
Foot Length	L	0.40	-	1.27
Footprint	L1		1.04 REF	
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.17	-	0.25
Lead Width	b	0.31	-	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	-	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	-	15°

Notes:

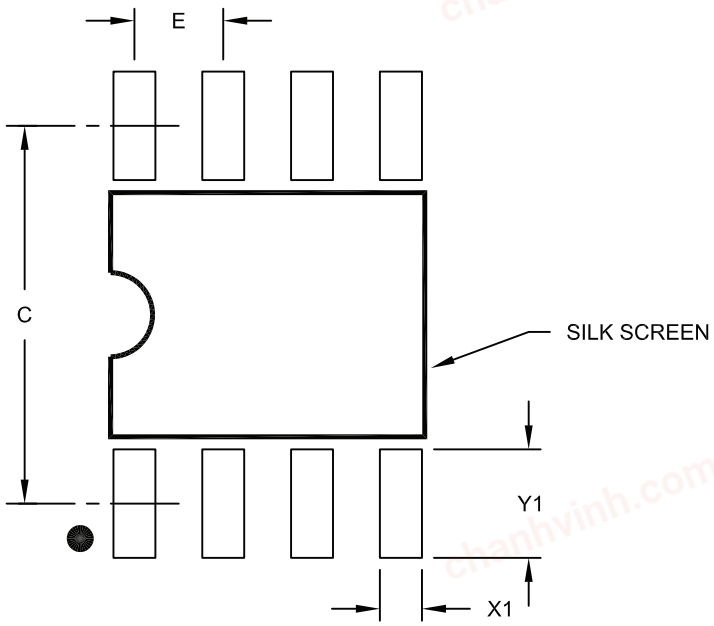
1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. § Significant Characteristic
3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

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RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		1.27 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C		5.40	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.55

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

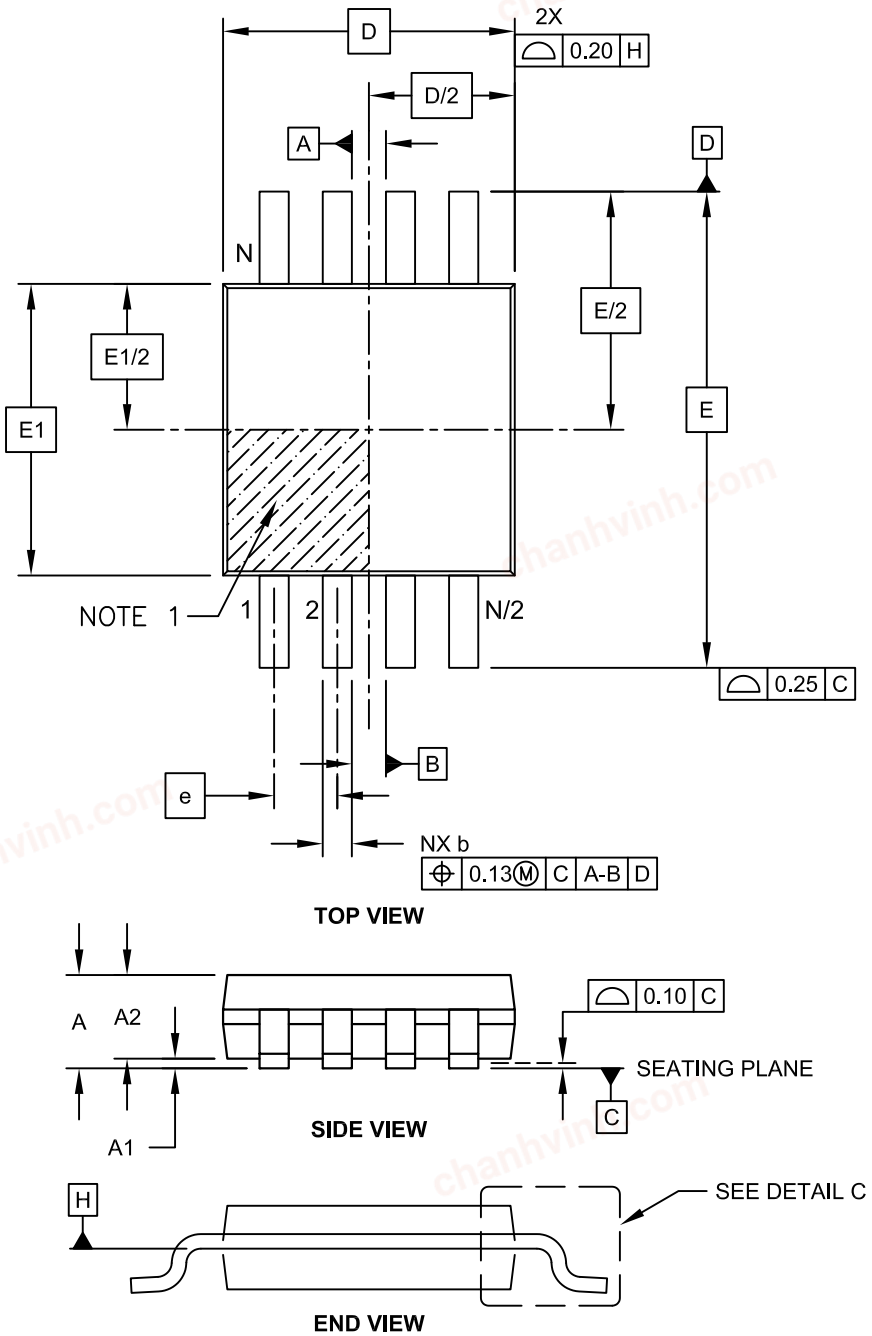
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8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging

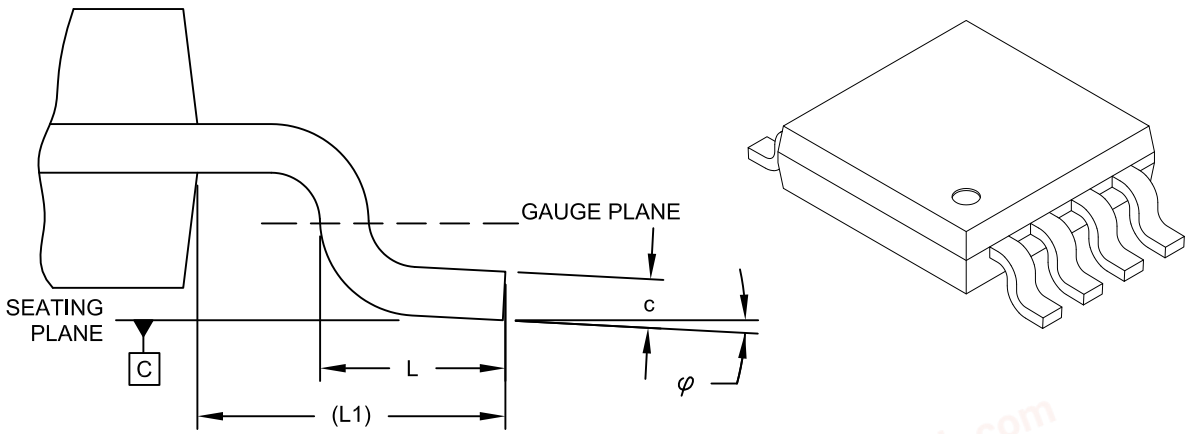


Microchip Technology Drawing C04-111C Sheet 1 of 2

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8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



DETAIL C

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	A	-	-	1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.75	0.85	0.95
Standoff	A1	0.00	-	0.15
Overall Width	E		4.90 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		3.00 BSC	
Overall Length	D		3.00 BSC	
Foot Length	L	0.40	0.60	0.80
Footprint	L1		0.95 REF	
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.08	-	0.23
Lead Width	b	0.22	-	0.40

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

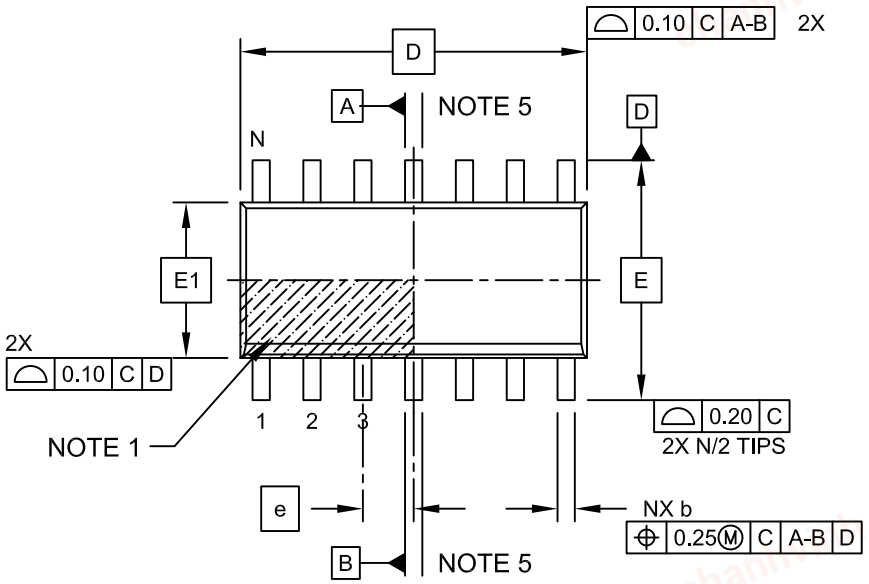
Microchip Technology Drawing C04-111C Sheet 2 of 2

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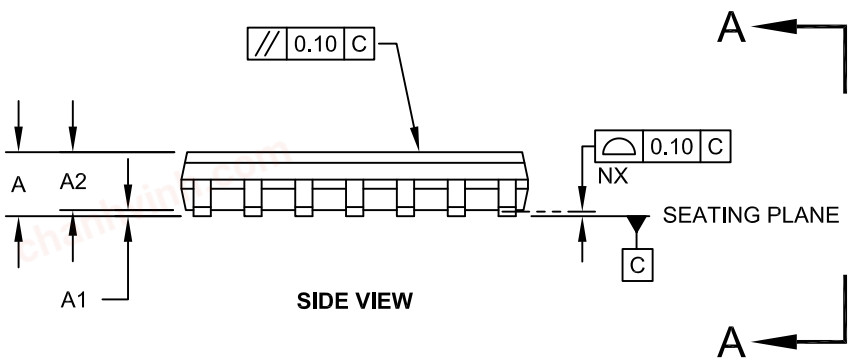
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14-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SL) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

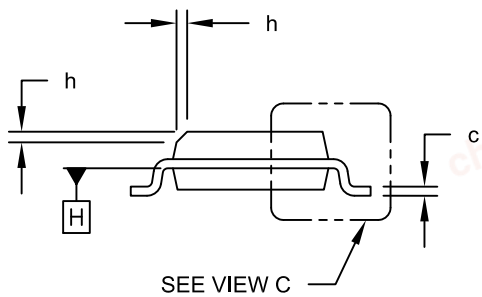
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW



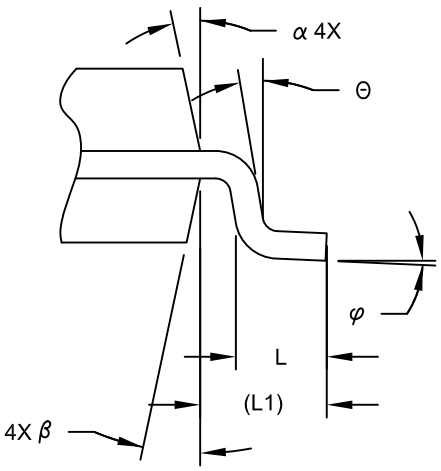
VIEW A-A

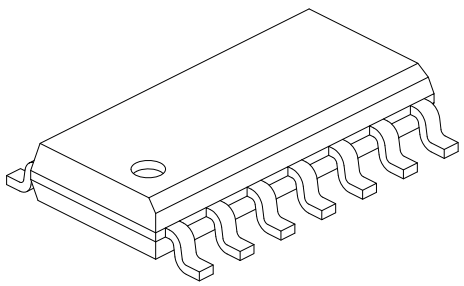
Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-065C Sheet 1 of 2

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14-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SL) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging





VIEW C

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		14	
Pitch	e		1.27 BSC	
Overall Height	A	-	-	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	-	-
Standoff §	A1	0.10	-	0.25
Overall Width	E		6.00 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		3.90 BSC	
Overall Length	D		8.65 BSC	
Chamfer (Optional)	h	0.25	-	0.50
Foot Length	L	0.40	-	1.27
Footprint	L1		1.04 REF	
Lead Angle	Θ	0°	-	-
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.10	-	0.25
Lead Width	b	0.31	-	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	-	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	-	15°

Notes:

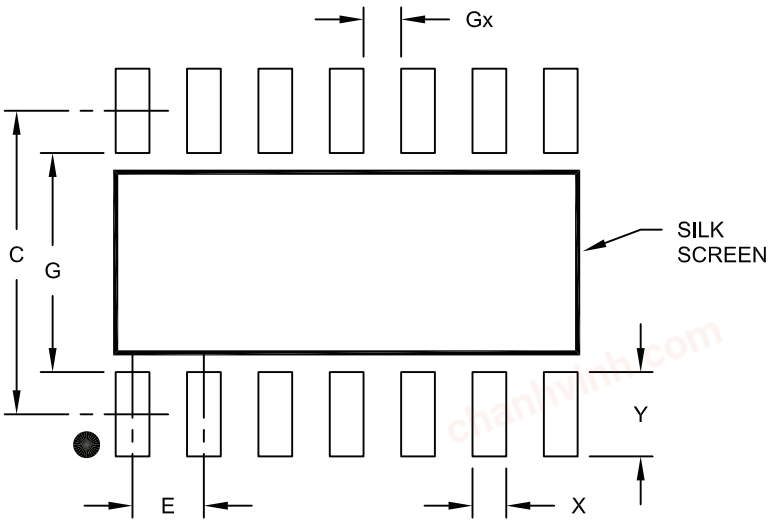
1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. § Significant Characteristic
3. Dimension D does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs, which shall not exceed 0.15 mm per end. Dimension E1 does not include interlead flash or protrusion, which shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
   REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.
5. Datums A & B to be determined at Datum H.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-065C Sheet 2 of 2

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14-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SL) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		1.27 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C		5.40	
Contact Pad Width	X			0.60
Contact Pad Length	Y			1.50
Distance Between Pads	Gx	0.67		
Distance Between Pads	G	3.90		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

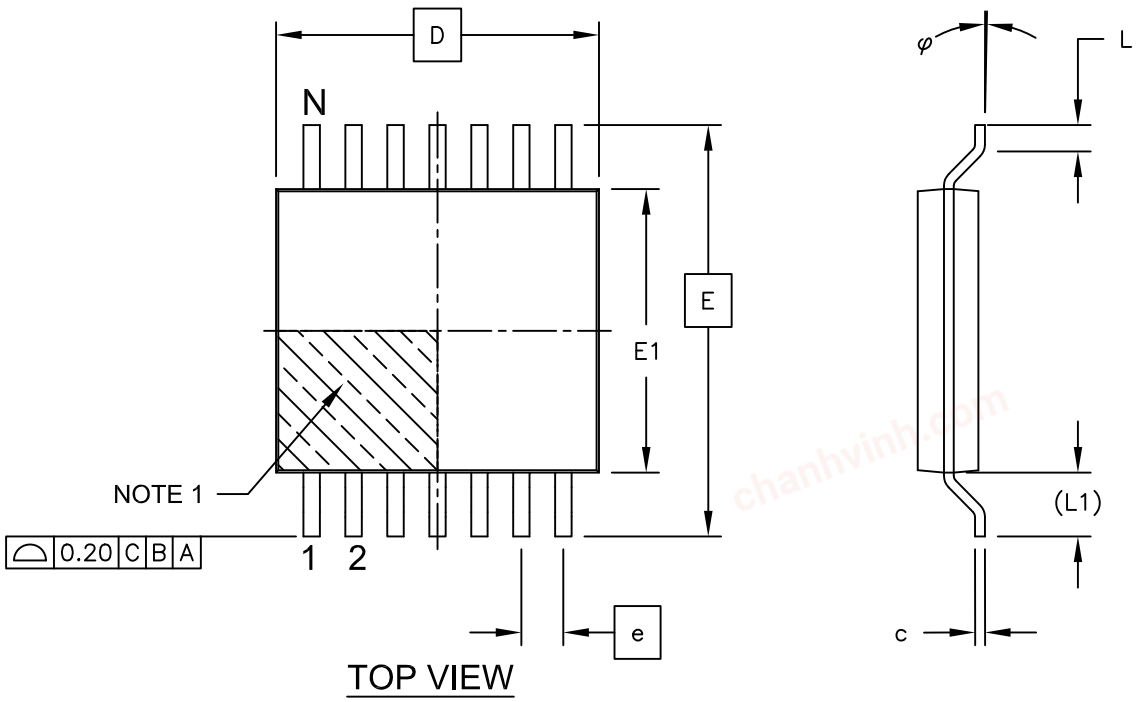
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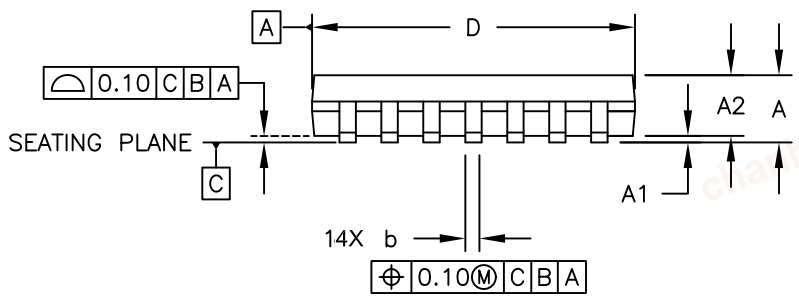
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14-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) - 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW

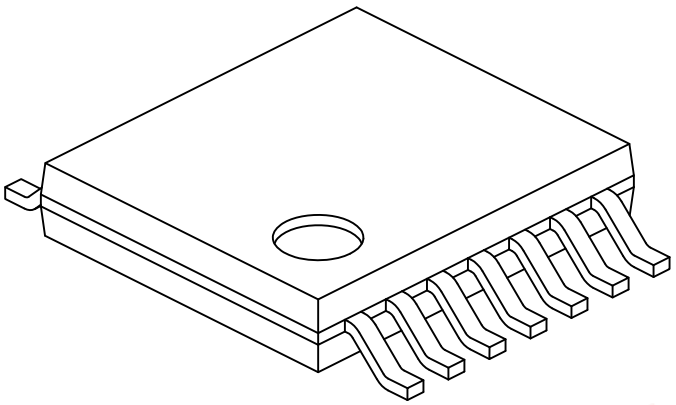
Microchip Technology Drawing C04-087C Sheet 1 of 2

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14-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) - 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		14	
Pitch	e		0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	A	-	-	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.80	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	-	0.15
Overall Width	E		6.40 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
Molded Package Length	D	4.90	5.00	5.10
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	(L1)		1.00 REF	
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	-	0.20
Lead Width	b	0.19	-	0.30

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

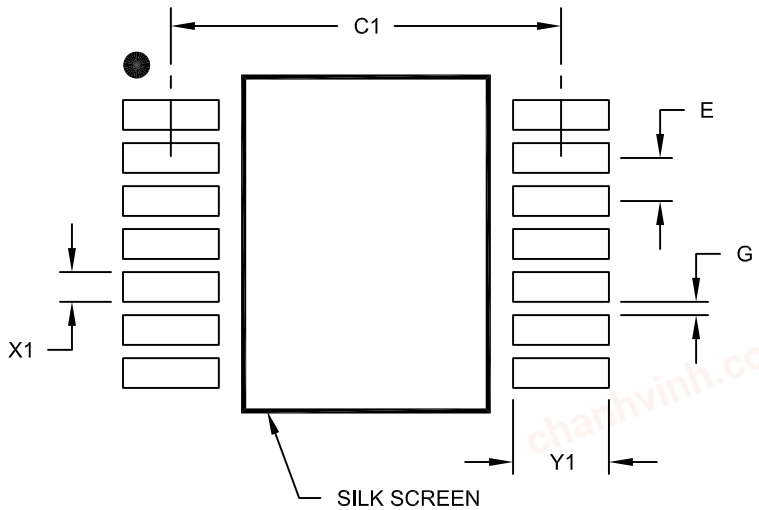
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14-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) - 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.65 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		5.90	
Contact Pad Width (X14)	X1			0.45
Contact Pad Length (X14)	Y1			1.45
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

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APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision H (November 2022)

The following is the list of modifications:

- Updated Section 5.1, Package Marking Information
- Made minor formatting changes throughout the document.

Revision G (February 2012)

The following is the list of modifications:

- Updated the **Package Types** drawing to correct the device representation of the SC-70 package.
- Updated package temperatures in the **Temperature Characteristics** table.
- Corrected the marking information table for the 5-Lead SC-70 package (MCP6546 and MCP6546U) in Section 5.1, Package Marking Information.
- Updated the package outline drawings in Section 5.1, Package Marking Information, to show all views for each package.
- Minor editorial changes.

Revision F (September 2007)

The following is the list of modifications:

- Corrected polarity of MCP6546U SOT-23-5 pinout diagram on the first page.
- Updated package outline drawings in Section 5.1, Package Marking Information per Marcom.

Revision E (September 2006)

The following is the list of modifications:

- Added MCP6546U pinout for the SOT-23-5 package.
- Clarified Absolute Maximum Analog Input Voltage and Current Specifications.
- Added application information on unused comparators.
- Added disclaimer to package outline drawings.

Revision D (May 2006)

The following is the list of modifications:

- Added E-Temp parts.
- Changed minimum pull-up voltage specification (V_{PU}) to 1.6V for parts starting Dec. 2004 (week code 52); previous parts are specified at a minimum of V_{DD}.
- Changed V_{HYST} temperature specifications to linear and quadratic temperature coefficients.
- Changed specifications and plots to include E-Temp parts.
- Added Section 3.0, Pin Descriptions.
- Corrected package markings (Section 5.1, Package Marking Information).
- Added **Appendix A: "Revision History"**.

Revision C (May 2003)

- Undocumented changes.

Revision B (December 2002)

- Undocumented changes.

Revision A (February 2002)

- Original Release of this Document.

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PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

PART NO.	–X	/XX
Device	Temperature Range	Package

Device:	MCP6546:	Single Comparator
	MCP6546T:	Single Comparator (Tape and Reel) (SC-70, SOT-23, SOIC, MSOP)
	MCP6546RT:	Single Comparator (Rotated - Tape and Reel) (SOT-23 only)
	MCP6546UT:	Single Comparator (Tape and Reel) (SC-70, SOT-23)**(SOT-23-5 is E-Temp only)**
	MCP6547:	Dual Comparator
	MCP6547T:	Dual Comparator (Tape and Reel for SOIC and MSOP)
	MCP6548:	Single Comparator with $\overline{CS}$
	MCP6548T:	Single Comparator with $\overline{CS}$ (Tape and Reel for SOIC and MSOP)
	MCP6549:	Quad Comparator
	MCP6549T:	Quad Comparator (Tape and Reel for SOIC and TSSOP)
Temperature Range:	I =	-40°C to +85°C
	E * =	-40°C to +125°C
	* SC-70-5 E-Temp parts not available at this release of the data sheet.	
Package:	LT =	Plastic Package (SC-70), 5-lead
	OT =	Plastic Small Outline Transistor (SOT-23), 5-lead
	MS =	Plastic MSOP, 8-lead
	P =	Plastic DIP (300 mil Body), 8-lead, 14-lead
	SN =	Plastic SOIC (150 mil Body), 8-lead
	SL =	Plastic SOIC (150 mil Body), 14-lead (MCP6549)
	ST =	Plastic TSSOP (4.4mm Body), 14-lead (MCP6549)

Examples:

a)	MCP6546T-I/LT:	Tape and Reel, Industrial Temperature, 5LD SC-70.
b)	MCP6546T-I/OT:	Tape and Reel, Industrial Temperature, 5LD SOT-23.
c)	MCP6546-I/MS:	Tape and Reel, Industrial Temperature, 8LD MSOP.
d)	MCP6546-E/P:	Extended Temperature, 8LD PDIP.
e)	MCP6546-E/SN:	Extended Temperature, 8LD SOIC.
a)	MCP6546RT-I/OT:	Tape and Reel, Industrial Temperature, 5LD SOT23.
a)	MCP6546UT-E/LT:	Tape and Reel, Industrial Temperature, 5LD SC-70
b)	MCP6546UT-E/OT:	Tape and Reel, Extended Temperature, 5LD SOT23.
a)	MCP6547-I/MS:	Industrial Temperature, 8LD MSOP.
b)	MCP6547T-I/MS:	Tape and Reel, Industrial Temperature, 8LD MSOP.
c)	MCP6547-I/P:	Industrial Temperature, 8LD PDIP.
d)	MCP6547-E/SN:	Extended Temperature, 8LD SOIC.
a)	MCP6548-I/SN:	Industrial Temperature, 8LD SOIC.
b)	MCP6548T-I/SN:	Tape and Reel, Industrial Temperature, 8LD SOIC.
c)	MCP6548-I/P:	Industrial Temperature, 8LD PDIP.
d)	MCP6548-E/SN:	Extended Temperature, 8LD SOIC.
a)	MCP6549T-I/SL:	Tape and Reel, Industrial Temperature, 14LD SOIC.
b)	MCP6549T-E/SL:	Tape and Reel, Extended Temperature, 14LD SOIC.
c)	MCP6549-I/P:	Industrial Temperature, 14LD PDIP.
d)	MCP6549-E/ST:	Extended Temperature, 14LD TSSOP.

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