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OSRAM LTRB RASF.01

Datasheet

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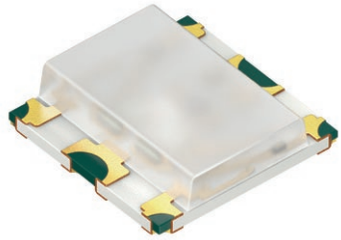
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OSRAM

Multi Chip LED

LTRB RASF.01

To fulfill the needs for pachinko- and gaming applications, this product is especially designed to achieve easy white binning and to reach high ESD level. The chips are configurated in a triangle to get best color mixing already in the package.



Applications

- Appliances & Tools
- Entertainment

Features

- Package: SMT package, silicone resin
- Chip technology: Flip chip (AlInGaN)
- Typ. Radiation: 120° (Lambertian emitter)
- Color: λ_{dom} = 530 nm (● true green); λ_{dom} = 621 nm (● red); λ_{dom} = 465 nm (● blue)
- Corrosion Robustness Class: 2B
- ESD: 4 kV acc. to ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (HBM, Class 3A)
- Color: x = 0.249, y = 0.208. acc. to CIE 1931 (white)
- Luminous Intensity: 2.010...3.550 mcd (white), typ. 2.000 mcd (true green), typ. 800 mcd (red), typ. 330 mcd (blue)

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Ordering Information

Type	Ordering Code
LTRB RASF.01-6B6C-C3E6	Q65113A8193

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Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol		Values ● true green	Values ● red	Values ● blue
Operating Temperature	T_{op}	min.	-40 °C	-40 °C	-40 °C
		max.	85 °C	85 °C	85 °C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	min.	-40 °C	-40 °C	-40 °C
		max.	85 °C	85 °C	85 °C
Junction Temperature	T_j	max.	115 °C	115 °C	115 °C
Forward Current T_S = 25 °C	I_F	min.	5 mA	5 mA	5 mA
		max.	30 mA	30 mA	30 mA
Surge Current t ≤ 10 µs; D = 0.005 ; T_S = 25 °C	I_{FS}	max.	100 mA	100 mA	100 mA
ESD withstand voltage acc. to ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (HBM, Class 3A)	V_{ESD}		4 kV	4 kV	4 kV
Reverse current [1)]	I_R	max.	5 mA	5 mA	5 mA

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Characteristics

I_F = 20 mA; T_S = 25 °C

Parameter	Symbol		Values ● true green	Values ● red	Values ● blue
Peak Wavelength	λ_{peak}	typ.	525 nm	632 nm	462 nm
Dominant Wavelength [2]	λ_{dom}	typ.	530 nm	621 nm	465 nm
Spectral bandwidth at 50% $I_{rel,max}$	$\Delta\lambda$	typ.	30 nm	18 nm	23 nm
Viewing angle at 50% I_V	2φ	typ.	120 °	120 °	120 °
Forward Voltage [3] I_F = 20 mA	V_F	min. typ. max.	2.10 V 2.75 V 2.90 V	2.10 V 2.40 V 2.70 V	2.70 V 2.80 V 3.30 V
Reverse voltage (ESD device)	$V_{R\ ESD}$	min.	7 V	7 V	7 V
Reverse voltage [1] I_R = 5 mA	V_R	max.	10 V	10 V	10 V
Real thermal resistance junction/solderpoint [4]	$R_{thJS\ real}$	typ.	550 K / W	560 K / W	390 K / W

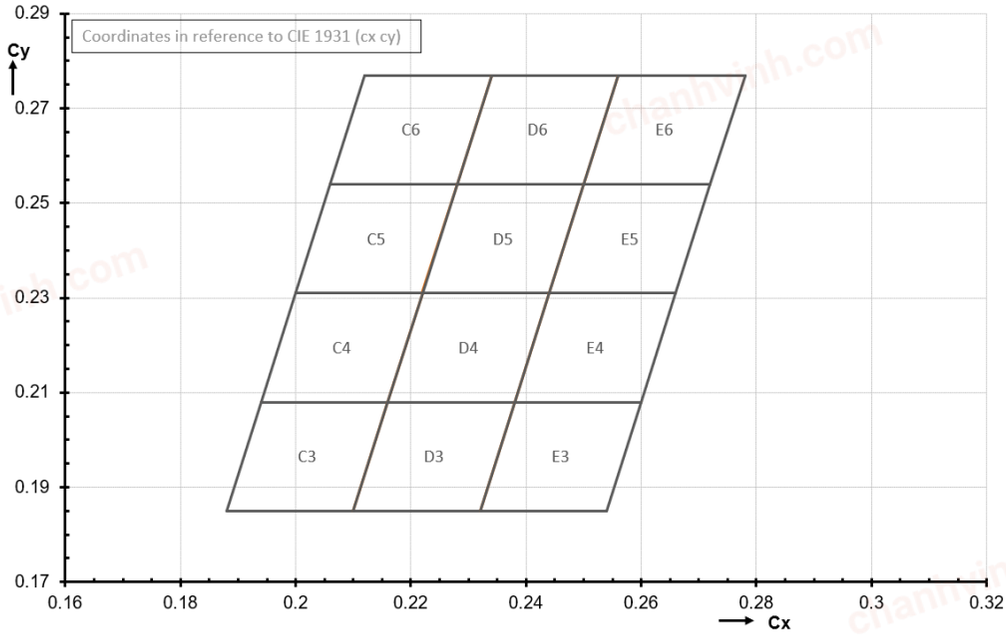
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Brightness Groups

Group	Luminous Intensity [5] I_F = 20 mA min. I_v	Luminous Intensity [5] I_F = 20 mA max. I_v
6B	2010 mcd	2240 mcd
7B	2240 mcd	2500 mcd
8B	2500 mcd	2800 mcd
5C	2800 mcd	3150 mcd
6C	3150 mcd	3550 mcd

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Chromaticity Coordinate Groups



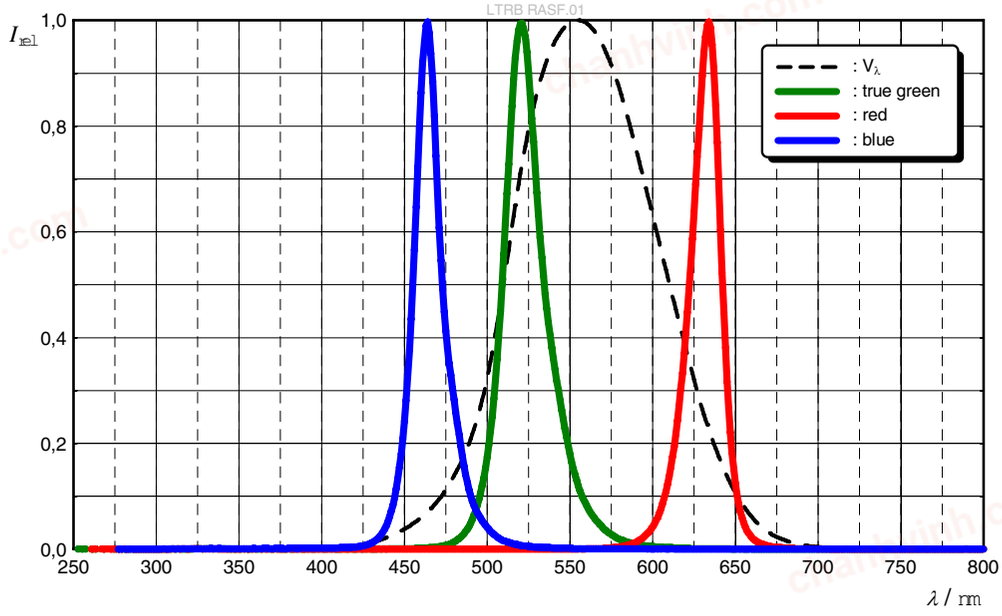
Chromaticity Coordinate Groups

Group	Cx	Cy	Group	Cx	Cy	Group	Cx	Cy
C3	0.1880	0.1850	D3	0.2100	0.1850	E3	0.2320	0.1850
	0.1940	0.2080		0.2160	0.2080		0.2380	0.2080
	0.2160	0.2080		0.2380	0.2080		0.2600	0.2080
	0.2100	0.1850		0.2320	0.1850		0.2540	0.1850
C4	0.1940	0.2080	D4	0.2160	0.2080	E4	0.2380	0.2080
	0.2000	0.2310		0.2220	0.2310		0.2440	0.2310
	0.2220	0.2310		0.2440	0.2310		0.2660	0.2310
	0.2160	0.2080		0.2380	0.2080		0.2600	0.2080
C5	0.2000	0.2310	D5	0.2220	0.2310	E5	0.2440	0.2310
	0.2060	0.2540		0.2280	0.2540		0.2500	0.2540
	0.2280	0.2540		0.2500	0.2540		0.2720	0.2540
	0.2220	0.2310		0.2440	0.2310		0.2660	0.2310
C6	0.2060	0.2540	D6	0.2280	0.2540	E6	0.2500	0.2540
	0.2120	0.2770		0.2340	0.2770		0.2560	0.2770
	0.2340	0.2770		0.2560	0.2770		0.2780	0.2770
	0.2280	0.2540		0.2500	0.2540		0.2720	0.2540

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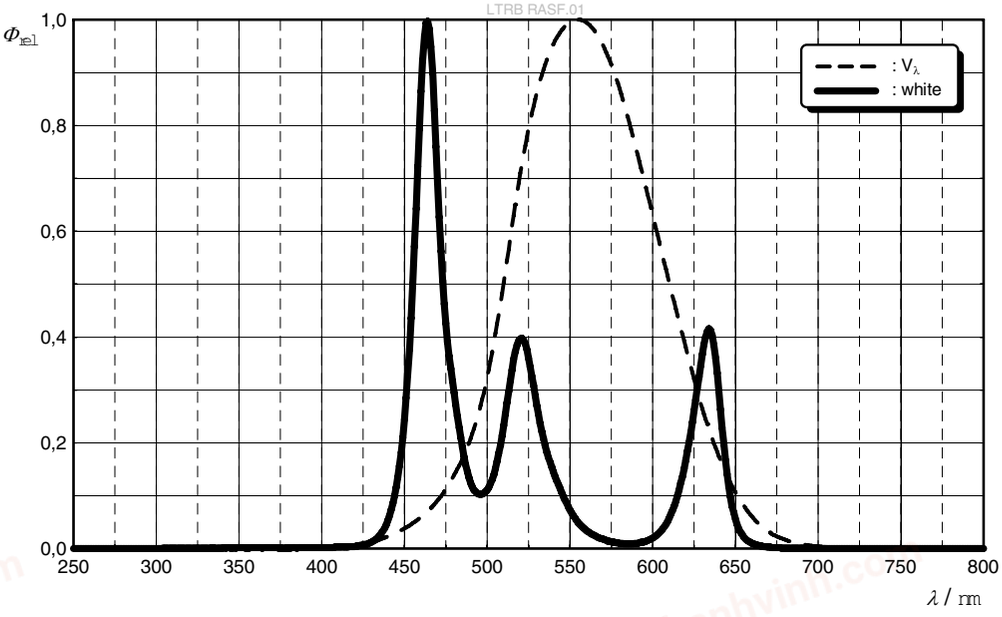
Relative Spectral Emission 6)

$I_{rel} = f(\lambda)$; $I_F = 20$ mA; $T_S = 25$ °C



Relative Spectral Emission 6)

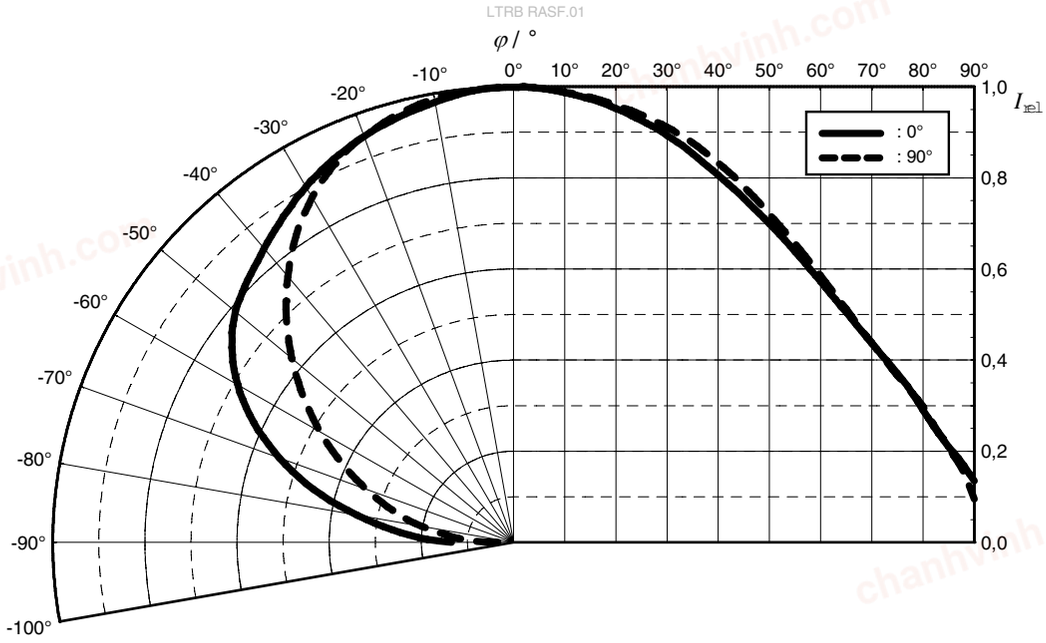
$\Phi_{rel} = f(\lambda)$; $I_F = 20$ mA; $T_S = 25$ °C



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Radiation Characteristics 6)

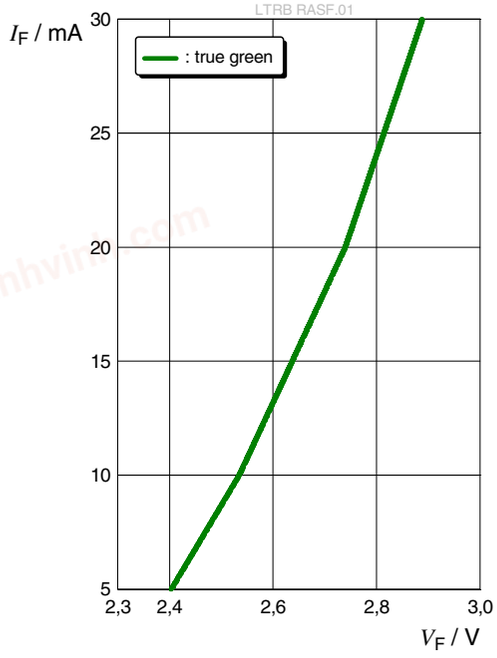
$I_{rel} = f(\varphi)$; $T_S = 25$ °C



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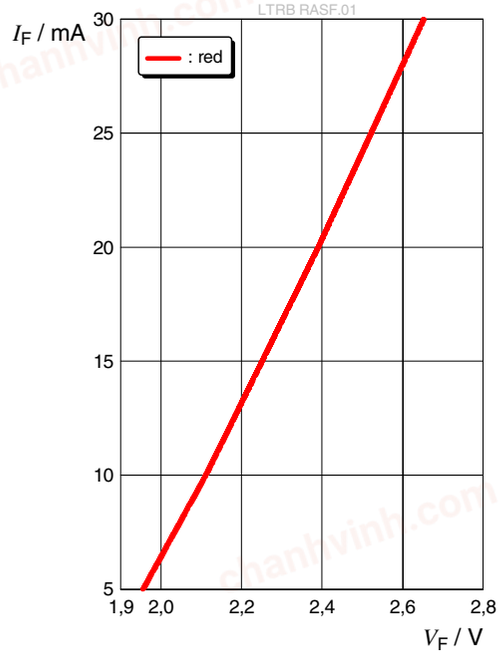
Forward current 6)

$I_F = f(V_F)$; T_S = 25 °C



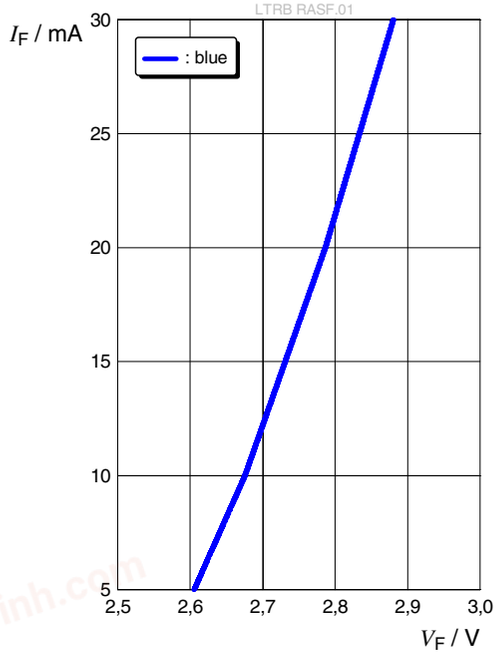
Forward current 6)

$I_F = f(V_F)$; T_S = 25 °C



Forward current 6)

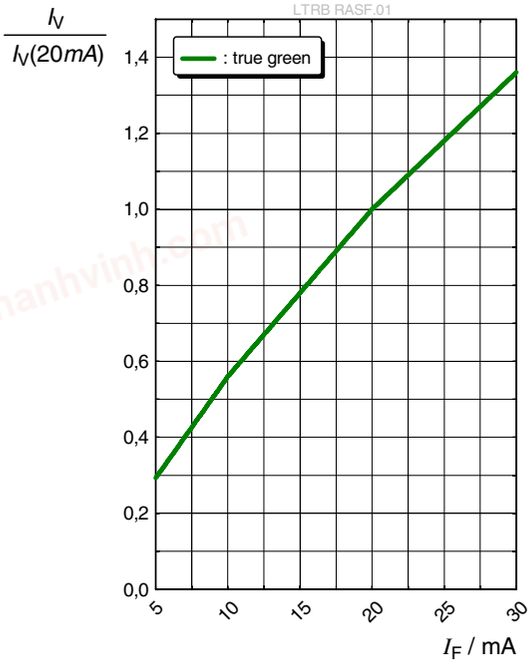
$I_F = f(V_F)$; T_S = 25 °C



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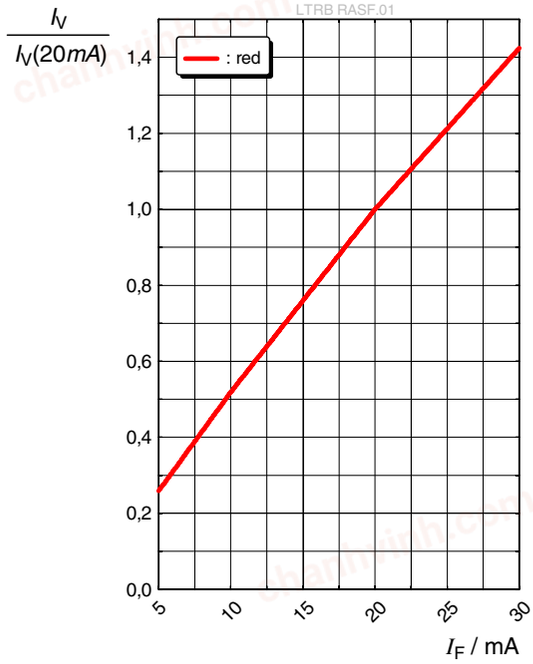
Relative Luminous Intensity 6), 7)

$I_v/I_v(20\ mA) = f(I_F)$; $T_S = 25\ °C$



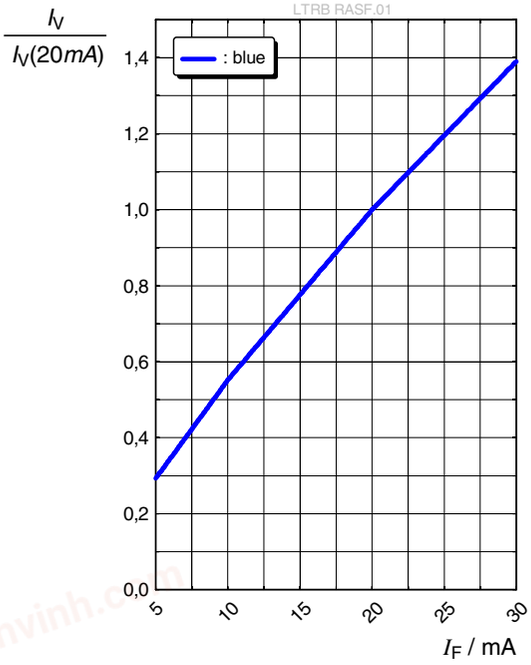
Relative Luminous Intensity 6), 7)

$I_v/I_v(20\ mA) = f(I_F)$; $T_S = 25\ °C$



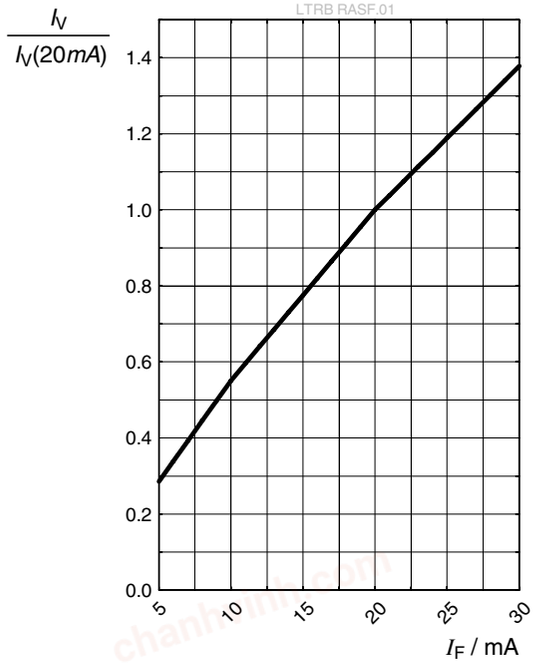
Relative Luminous Intensity 6), 7)

$I_v/I_v(20\ mA) = f(I_F)$; $T_S = 25\ °C$



Relative Luminous Intensity 6), 7)

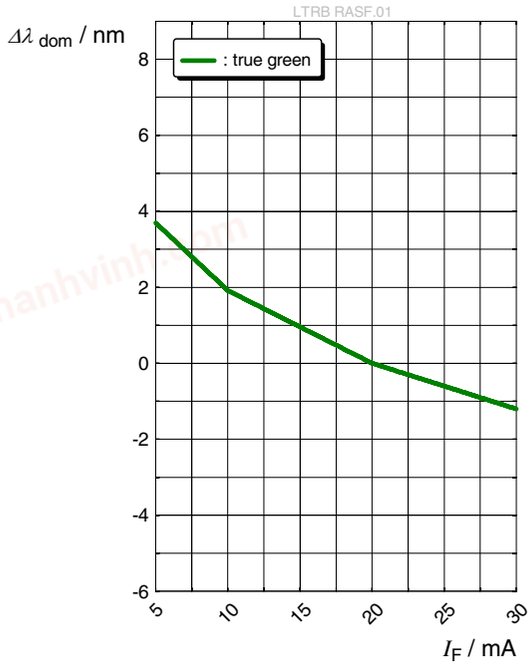
$I_v/I_v(20\ mA) = f(I_f)$; $T_s = 25\ °C$; all chips on



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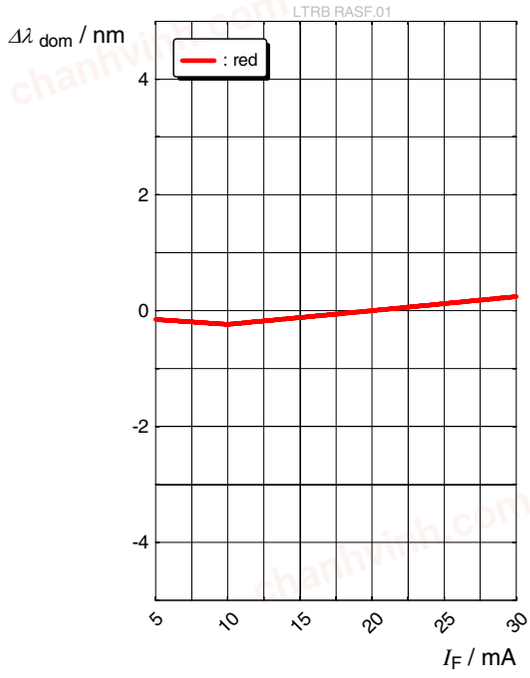
Dominant Wavelength 6)

$\lambda_{dom} = f(I_F)$; T_S = 25 °C



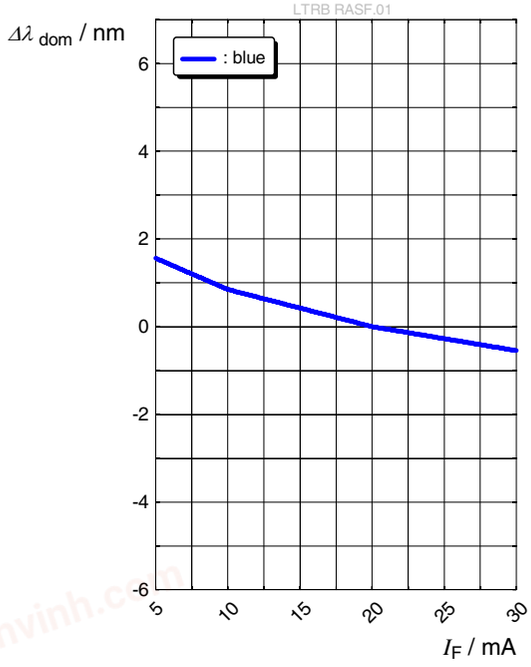
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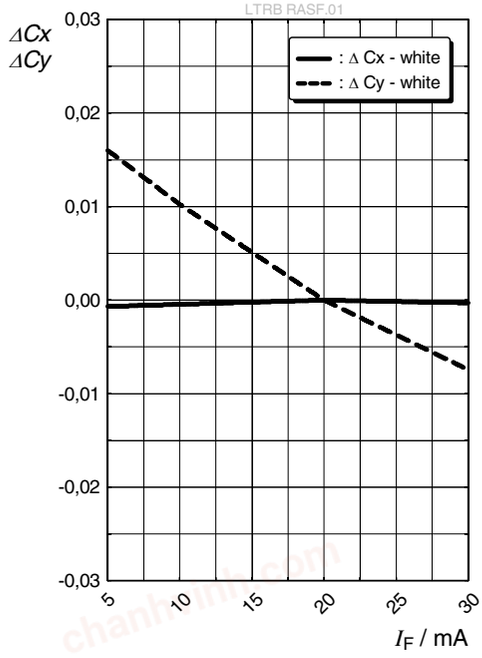
Dominant Wavelength 6)

$\lambda_{dom} = f(I_F)$; T_S = 25 °C



Chromaticity Coordinate Shift 6)

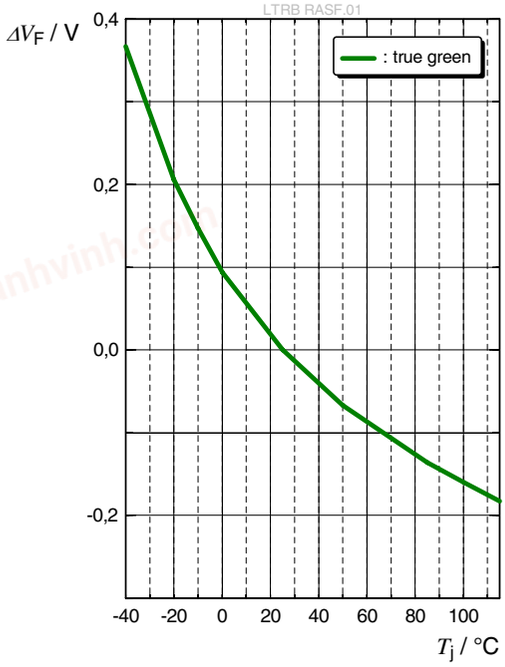
Cx, Cy = $f(I_F)$; T_S = 25 °C



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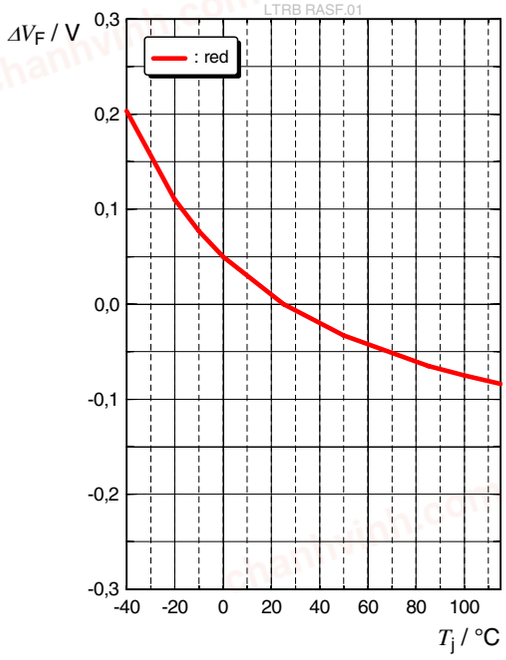
Forward Voltage 6)

$\Delta V_F = V_F - V_F(25\ °C) = f(T_j)$; $I_F = 20$ mA



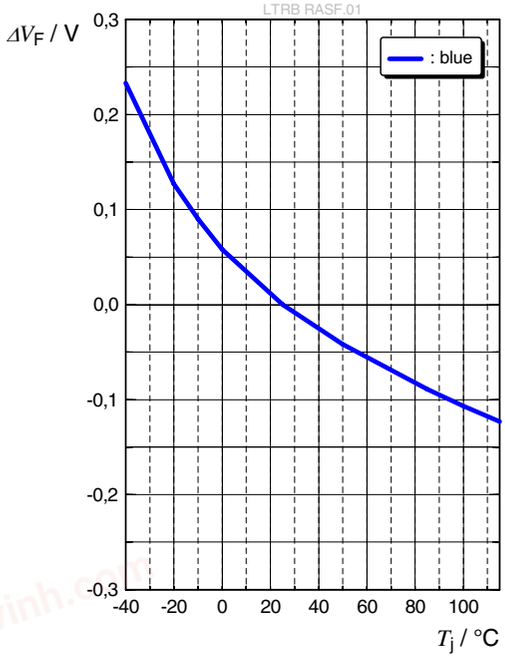
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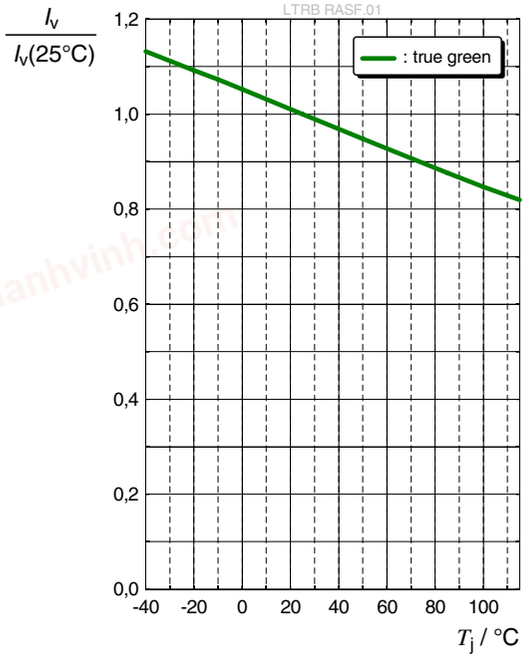
$\Delta V_F = V_F - V_F(25\ °C) = f(T_j)$; $I_F = 20$ mA



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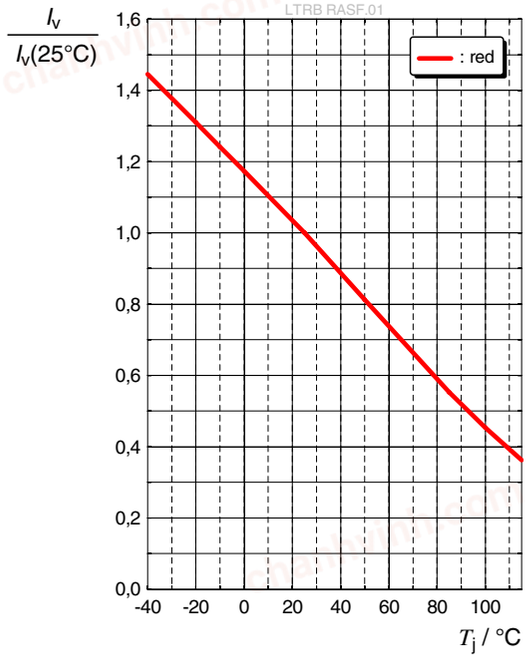
Relative Luminous Intensity 6)

$I_v/I_v(25\ °C) = f(T_j)$; $I_F = 20$ mA



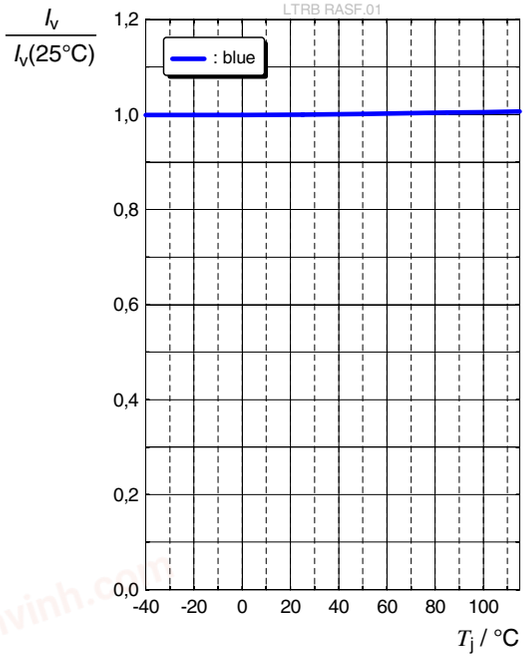
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$I_v/I_v(25\ °C) = f(T_j)$; $I_F = 20$ mA



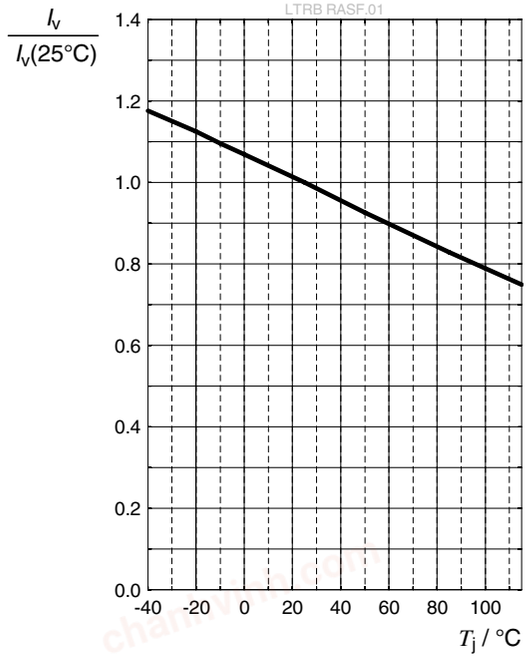
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$I_v/I_v(25\ °C) = f(T_j)$; $I_F = 20$ mA



Relative Luminous Intensity 6)

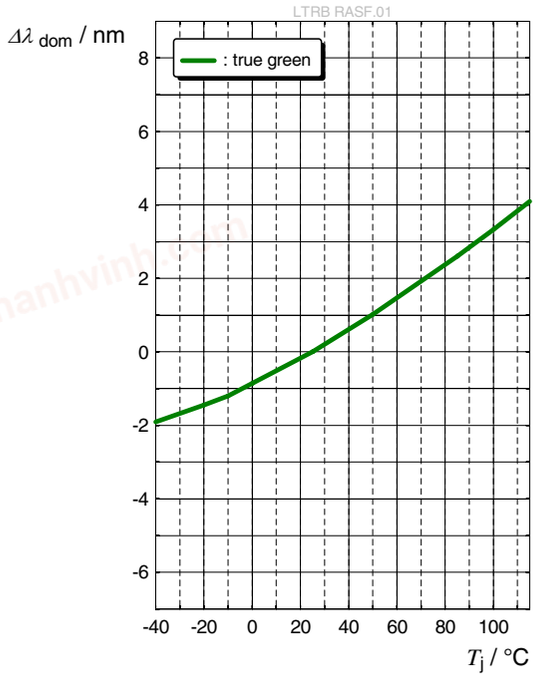
$I_v/I_v(25\ °C) = f(T_j)$; $I_F = 20$ mA; all chips on



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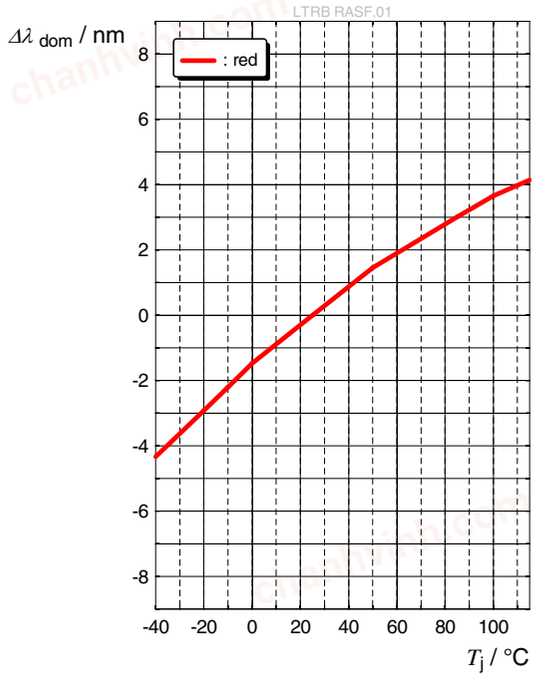
Dominant Wavelength 6)

$\lambda_{dom} = f(T_j)$; I_F = 20 mA



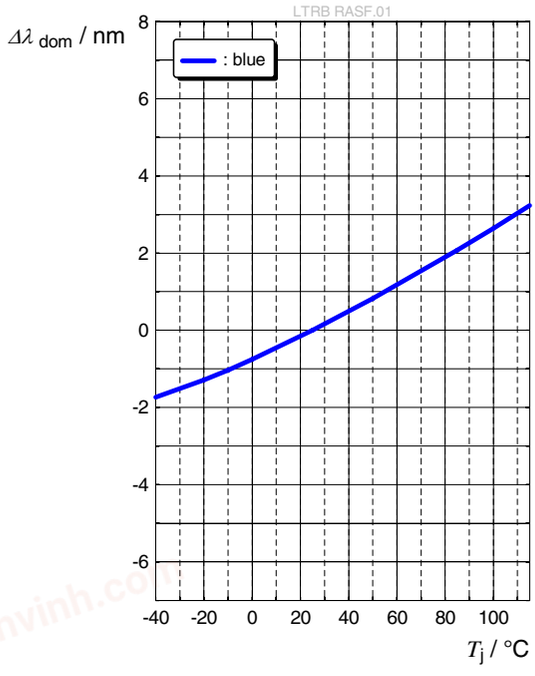
Dominant Wavelength 6)

$\lambda_{dom} = f(T_j)$; I_F = 20 mA



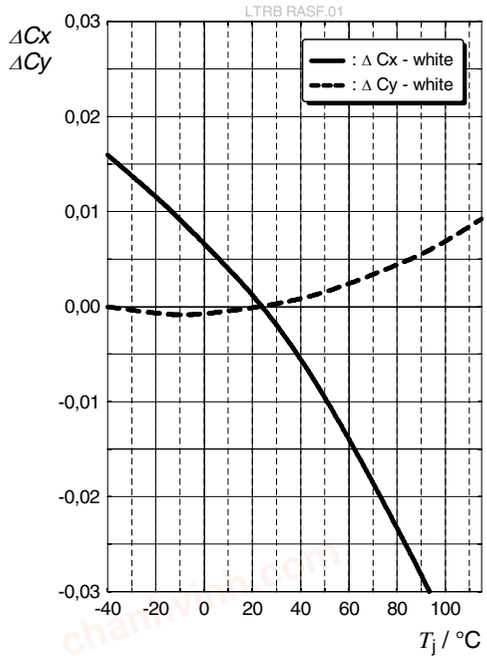
Dominant Wavelength 6)

$\lambda_{dom} = f(T_j)$; I_F = 20 mA



Chromaticity Coordinate Shift 6)

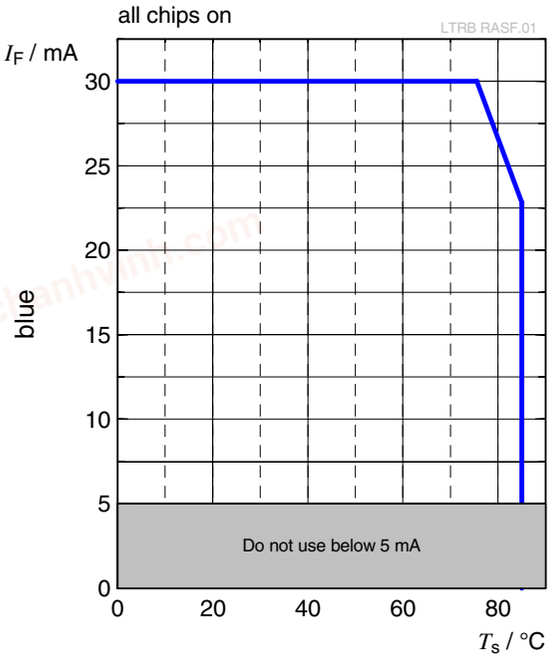
Cx, Cy = $f(T_j)$; I_F = 20 mA



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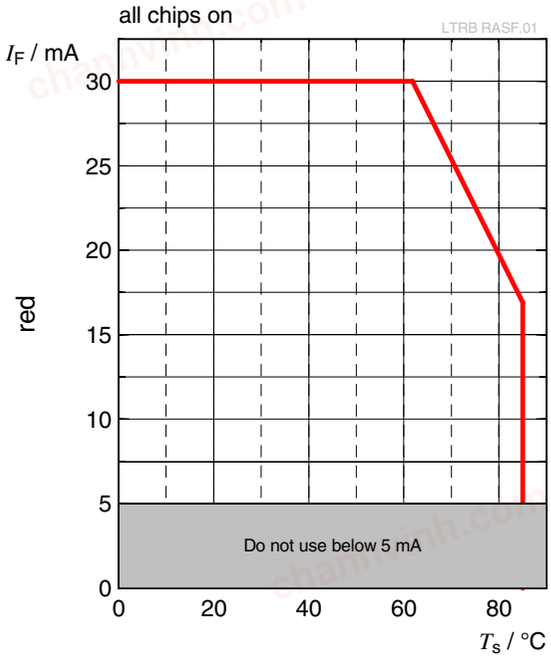
Max. Permissible Forward Current 4)

I_F = f(T); ● blue



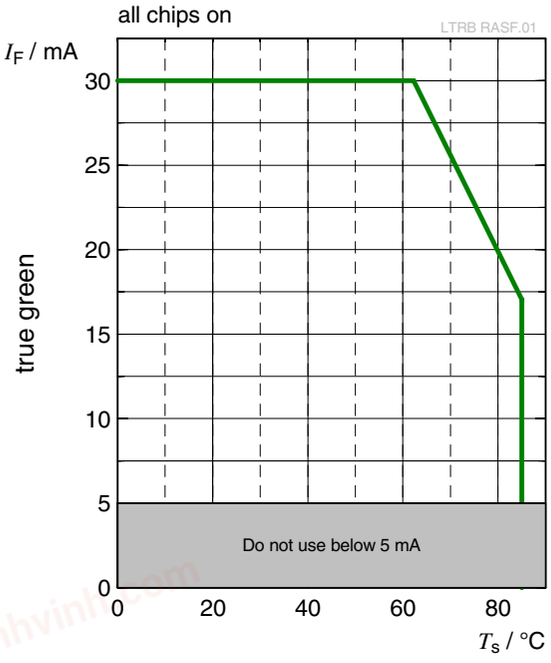
Max. Permissible Forward Current 4)

I_F = f(T); ● red



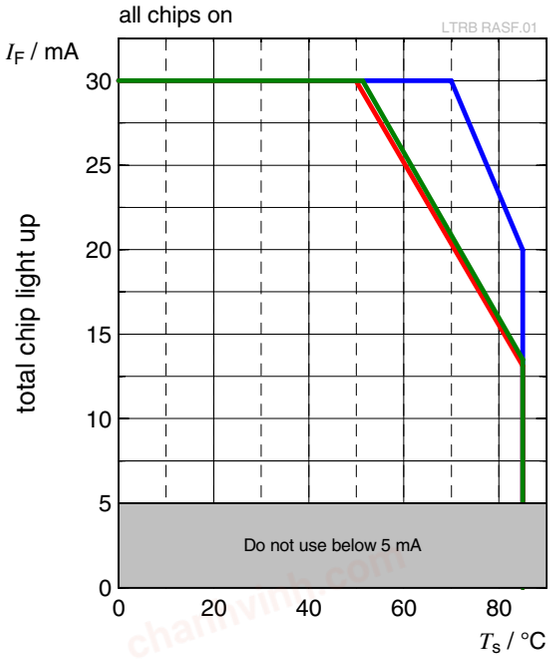
Max. Permissible Forward Current 4)

I_F = f(T); ● true green



Max. Permissible Forward Current 4)

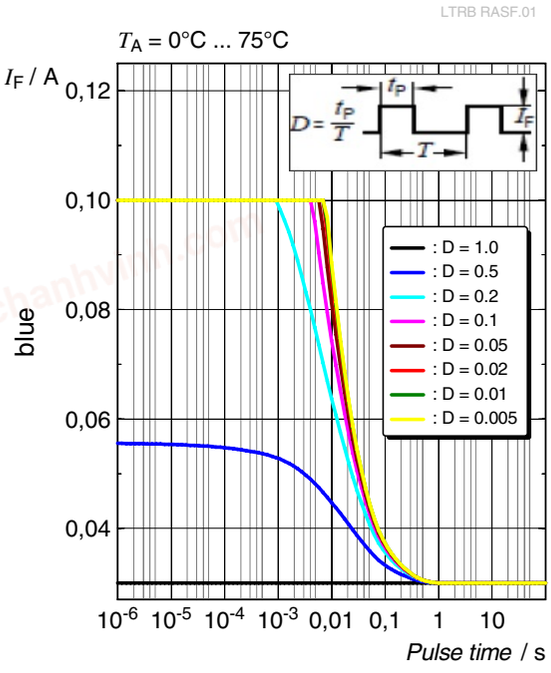
IF = f(T); all chips on



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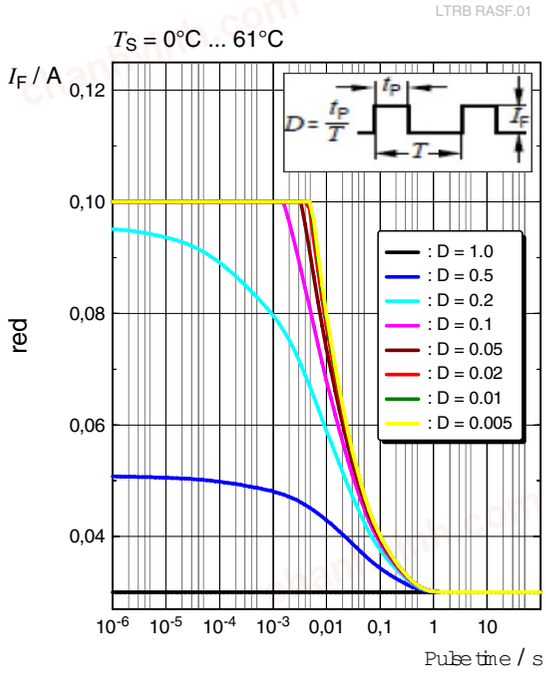
Permissible Pulse Handling Capability

$I_F = f(t_p)$; D: Duty cycle; T_S = 25 °C; ● blue



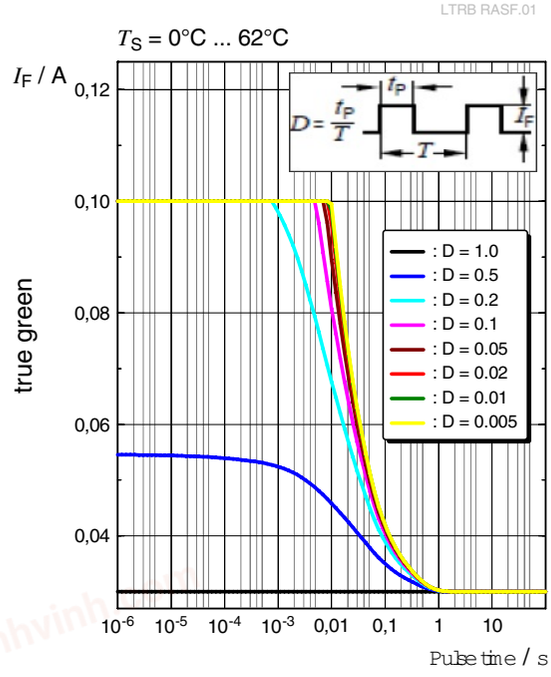
Permissible Pulse Handling Capability

$I_F = f(t_p)$; D: Duty cycle; T_S = 25 °C; ● red



Permissible Pulse Handling Capability

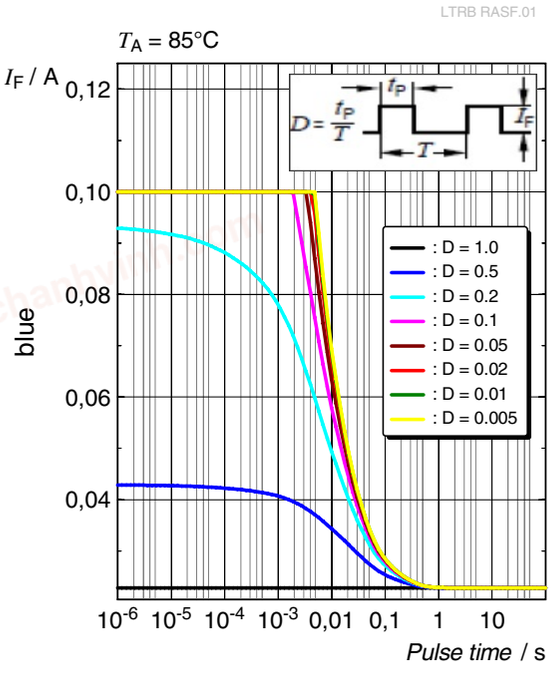
$I_F = f(t_p)$; D: Duty cycle; T_S = 25 °C; ● true green



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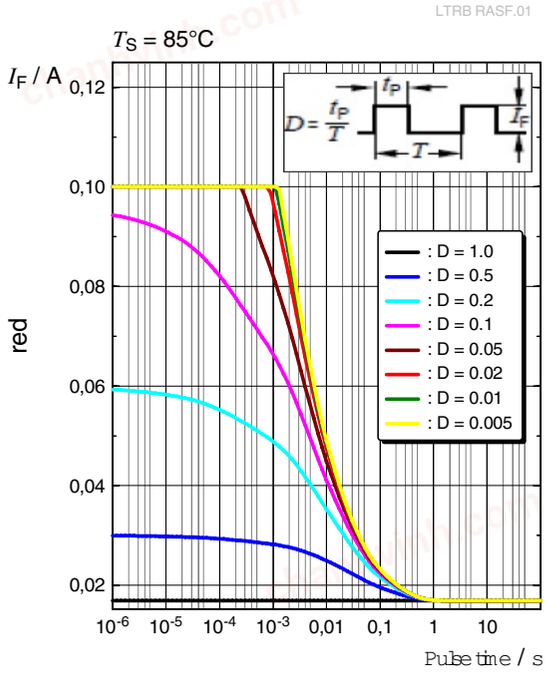
Permissible Pulse Handling Capability

$I_F = f(t_p)$; D: Duty cycle; T_S = 85 °C; ● blue



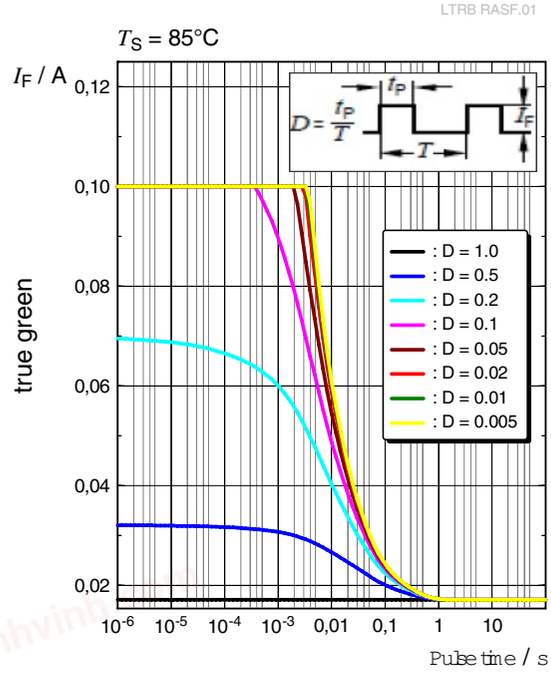
Permissible Pulse Handling Capability

$I_F = f(t_p)$; D: Duty cycle; T_S = 85 °C; ● red



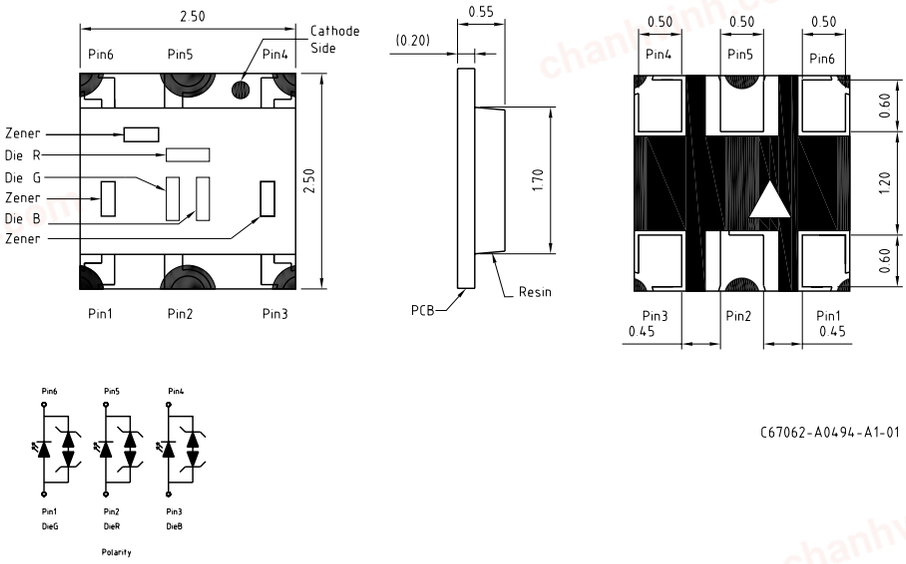
Permissible Pulse Handling Capability

$I_F = f(t_p)$; D: Duty cycle; T_S = 85 °C; ● true green



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Dimensional Drawing [8)]



Further Information:

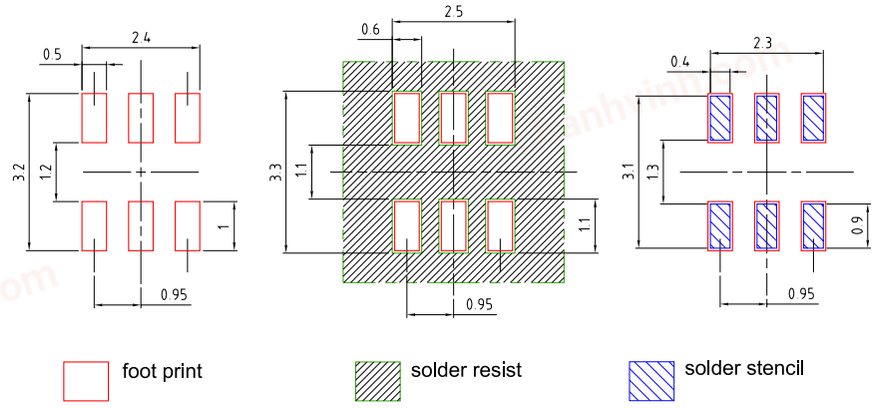
Approximate Weight: 5.2 mg

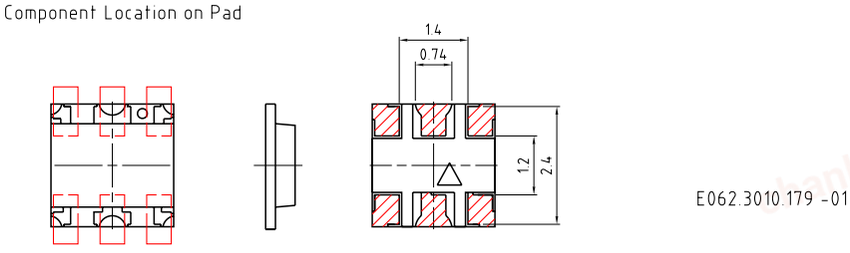
Corrosion test: Class: 2B
Test condition: 25°C / 75 % RH / 10 ppm H_2S / 21 days (IEC 60068-2-43)

ESD advice: The device is protected by ESD device which is connected in parallel to the Chip.

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Recommended Solder Pad 8)



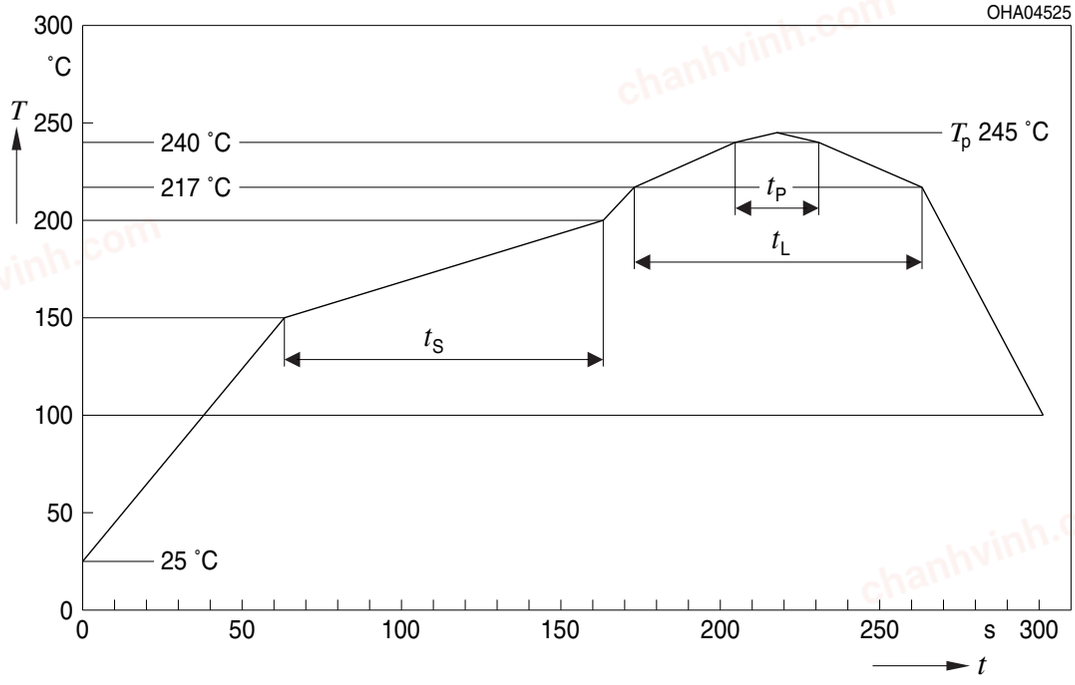


For superior solder joint connectivity results we recommend soldering under standard nitrogen atmosphere.

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Reflow Soldering Profile

Product complies to MSL Level 2 acc. to JEDEC J-STD-020E

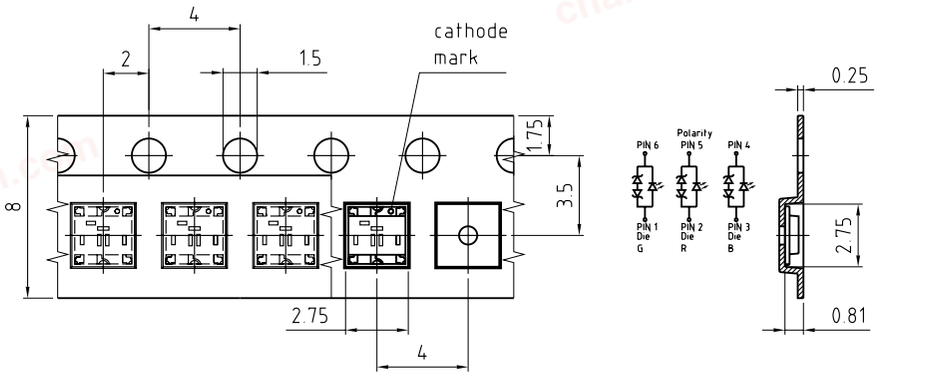


Profile Feature	Symbol	Pb-Free (SnAgCu) Assembly			Unit
		Minimum	Recommendation	Maximum	
Ramp-up rate to preheat*) 25 °C to 150 °C			2	3	K/s
Time t_S T_{Smin} to T_{Smax}	t_S	60	100	120	s
Ramp-up rate to peak*) T_{Smax} to T_P			2	3	K/s
Liquidus temperature	T_L		217		°C
Time above liquidus temperature	t_L		80	100	s
Peak temperature	T_P		245	260	°C
Time within 5 °C of the specified peak temperature T_P - 5 K	t_P	10	20	30	s
Ramp-down rate* T_P to 100 °C			3	6	K/s
Time 25 °C to T_P				480	s

All temperatures refer to the center of the package, measured on the top of the component
* slope calculation DT/Dt: Dt max. 5 s; fulfillment for the whole T-range

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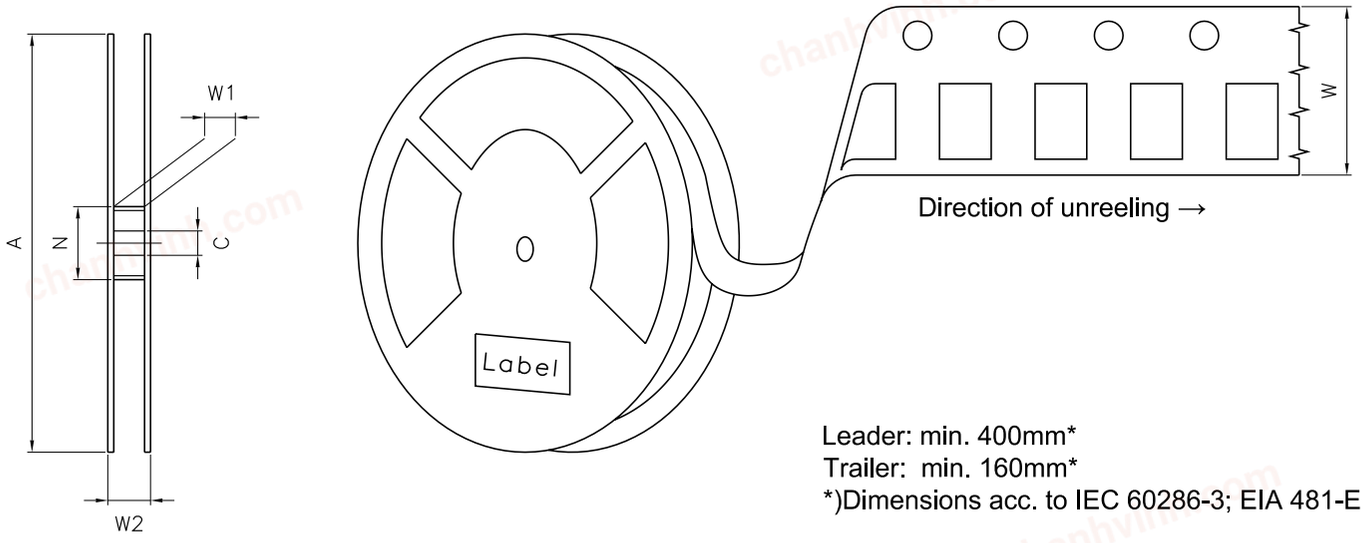
Taping [8)]



C67062-A0494-B1-01

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Tape and Reel [9)]



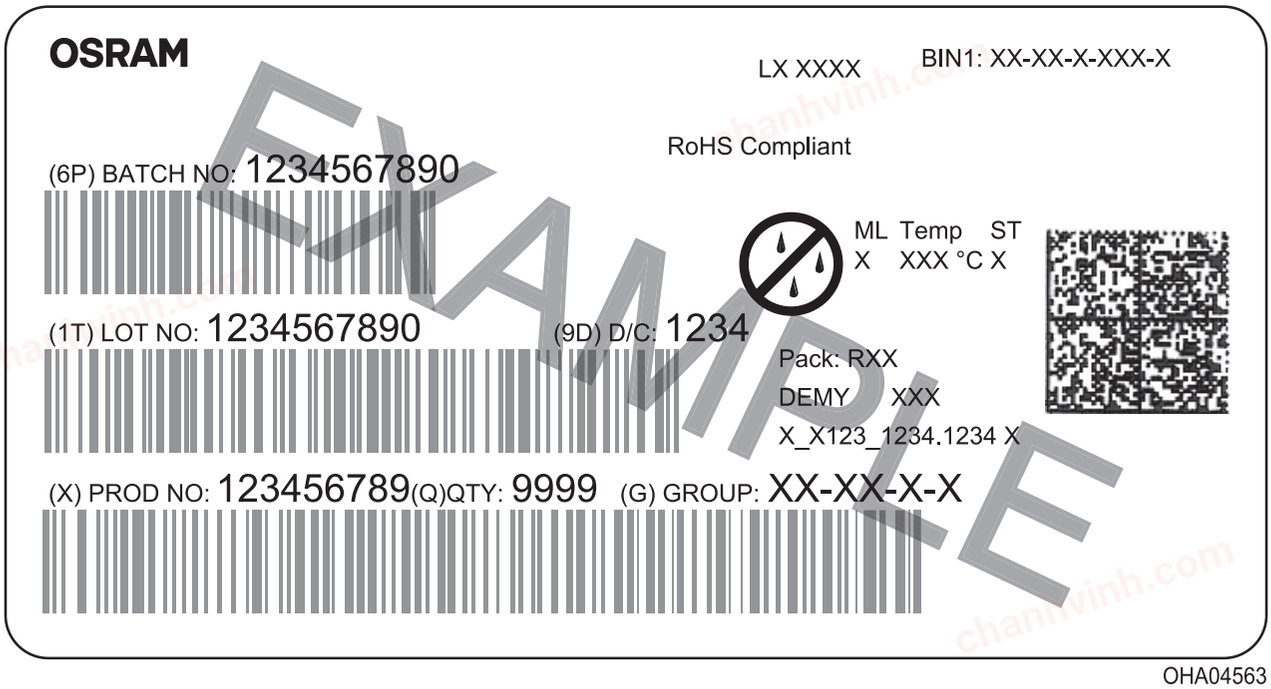
Leader: min. 400mm*
Trailer: min. 160mm*
*)Dimensions acc. to IEC 60286-3; EIA 481-E

Reel Dimensions

A	W	N_{min}	W_1	$W_{2\,max}$	Pieces per PU
180 mm	8 + 0.3 / - 0.1 mm	60 mm	8.4 + 2 mm	14.4 mm	3000

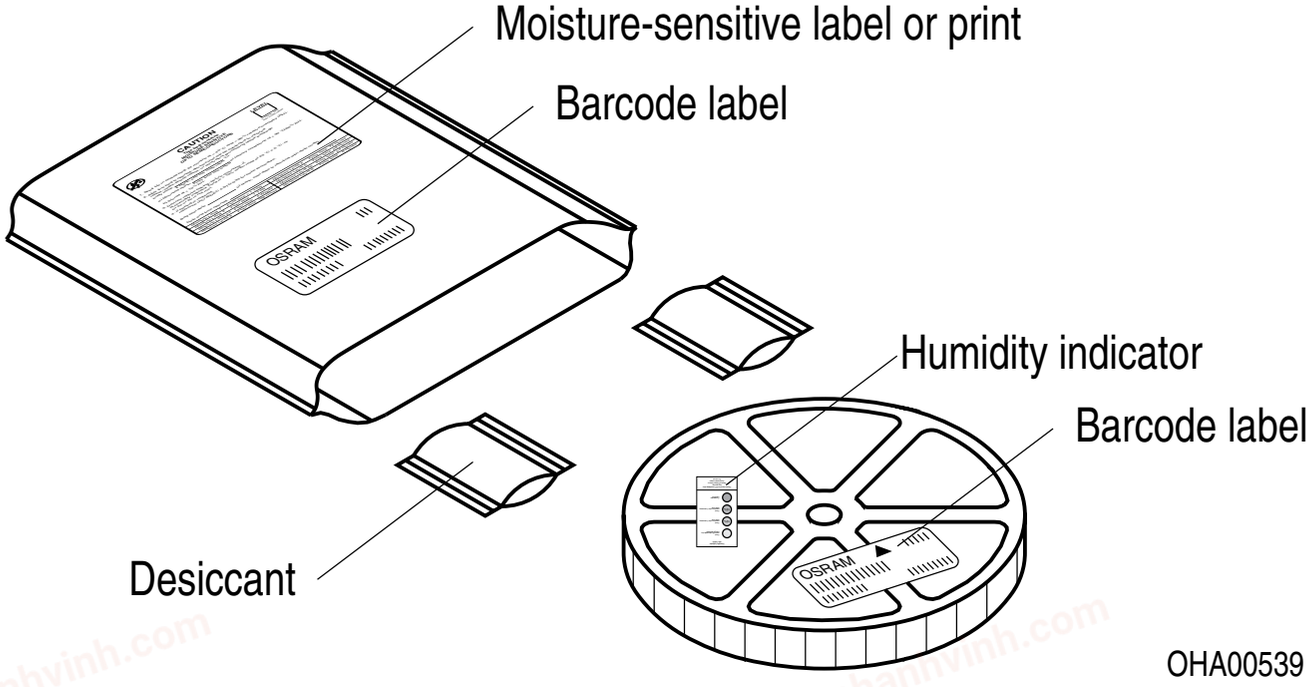
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Barcode-Product-Label (BPL)



OHA04563

Dry Packing Process and Materials [8)]



OHA00539

Moisture-sensitive product is packed in a dry bag containing desiccant and a humidity card according JEDEC-STD-033.

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Notes

The evaluation of eye safety occurs according to the standard IEC 62471:2006 (photo biological safety of lamps and lamp systems). Within the risk grouping system of this IEC standard, the device specified in this data sheet fall into the class **exempt group (exposure time 10000 s)**. Under real circumstances (for exposure time, conditions of the eye pupils, observation distance), it is assumed that no endangerment to the eye exists from these devices. As a matter of principle, however, it should be mentioned that intense light sources have a high secondary exposure potential due to their blinding effect. When looking at bright light sources (e.g. headlights), temporary reduction in visual acuity and afterimages can occur, leading to irritation, annoyance, visual impairment, and even accidents, depending on the situation.

Subcomponents of this device contain, in addition to other substances, metal filled materials including silver. Metal filled materials can be affected by environments that contain traces of aggressive substances. Therefore, we recommend that customers minimize device exposure to aggressive substances during storage, production, and use. Devices that showed visible discoloration when tested using the described tests above did show no performance deviations within failure limits during the stated test duration. Respective failure limits are described in the IEC60810.

For further application related information please visit https://ams-osram.com/support/application-notes

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Disclaimer

Attention please!

The information describes the type of component and shall not be considered as assured characteristics.
Terms of delivery and rights to change design reserved. Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances.
For information on the types in question please contact our Sales Organization.
If printed or downloaded, please find the latest version on our website.

Packing

Please use the recycling operators known to you. We can also help you – get in touch with your nearest sales office. By agreement we will take packing material back, if it is sorted. You must bear the costs of transport. For packing material that is returned to us unsorted or which we are not obliged to accept, we shall have to invoice you for any costs incurred.

Product and functional safety devices/applications or medical devices/applications

Our components are not developed, constructed or tested for the application as safety relevant component or for the application in medical devices.
Our products are not qualified at module and system level for such application.

In case buyer – or customer supplied by buyer – considers using our components in product safety devices/ applications or medical devices/applications, buyer and/or customer has to inform our local sales partner immediately and we and buyer and /or customer will analyze and coordinate the customer-specific request between us and buyer and/or customer.

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Glossary

1) **Reverse Operation:** This product is intended to be operated applying a forward current within the specified range. Applying any continuous reverse bias or forward bias below the voltage range of light emission shall be avoided because it may cause migration which can change the electro-optical characteristics or damage the LED.

2) **Wavelength:** Wavelengths are tested at a current pulse duration of 25 ms and a tolerance of ±1 nm.

3) **Forward Voltage:** Forward voltages are tested at a current pulse duration of 1 ms and a tolerance of ±0.1 V.

4) **Thermal Resistance:** Rth max is based on statistic values (6σ) used for Derating.

5) **Brightness:** Brightness groups are tested at a current pulse duration of 25 ms and a tolerance of ±11 %.

6) **Typical Values:** Due to the special conditions of the manufacturing processes of semiconductor devices, the typical data or calculated correlations of technical parameters can only reflect statistical figures. These do not necessarily correspond to the actual parameters of each single product, which could differ from the typical data and calculated correlations or the typical characteristic line. If requested, e.g. because of technical improvements, these typ. data will be changed without any further notice.

7) **Characteristic curve:** In the range where the line of the graph is broken, you must expect higher differences between single devices within one packing unit.

8) **Tolerance of Measure:** Unless otherwise noted in drawing, tolerances are specified with ±0.1 and dimensions are specified in mm.

9) **Tape and Reel:** All dimensions and tolerances are specified acc. IEC 60286-3 and specified in mm.

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Revision History

Version	Date	Change
1.0	2024-07-25	Initial Version
1.1	2025-02-03	Derating (Diagrams)

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EU RoHS and China RoHS compliant product
此产品符合欧盟 RoHS 指令的要求；
按照中国的相关法规和标准，
不含有毒有害物质或元素。

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